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(54) Title: SEMAPHORIN RECEPTORS (57) Abstract The invention provides methods and compositions relating to two classes of semaphorin receptors, SR1 and SR2. The polypeptides may be produced recombinantly from transformed host cells from the disclosed SR encoding nucleic acids or purified from human cells. The invention provides isolated SR hybridization probes and primers capable of specifically hybridizing with the disclosed SR genes, SR-specific binding agents such as specific antibodies, and methods of making and using the subject compositions in diagnosis, therapy and in the biopharmaceutical industry.		

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Semaphorin Receptors

This Application is a continuing application under 35USC120 of USSN
5 08/889,458 filed July 8, 1997 by Marc Tessier-Lavigne, Zhigang He and Hang Chen and
entitled *Semaphorin Receptors*.

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from the National Institutes of Health. The government may have rights in any patent
issuing on this application.

INTRODUCTION

Field of the Invention

The field of this invention is proteins involved in nerve cell guidance.

Background

15 During nervous system development, axons migrate along prescribed pathways in
the embryo to reach their appropriate synaptic targets (reviewed in Tessier-Lavigne and
Goodman, 1996). One mechanism that contributes to accurate pathfinding is
chemorepulsion, the guidance of axons away from non-target regions by diffusible
20 chemorepellent factors secreted by non-target cells. Experiments in which axons are
confronted with non-target tissues in tissue culture and are repelled by these tissues at a
distance have demonstrated the existence of diffusible chemorepellent activities for
numerous axonal classes (Pini, 1993; Fitzgerald et al., 1993; Colamarino and Tessier-
Lavigne, 1995; Tamada et al., 1995; Guthrie and Pini, 1995; Shirasaki et al., 1996) as
25 well as for migrating neuronal cells (Hu and Rutishauser, 1996). At the molecular level,
two families of guidance cues, the netrin and semaphorin families, have been shown to
comprise members that can function as chemorepellents. In *Caenorhaditis elegans*, the
netrin UNC-6 is thought to repel axons that migrate away from the netrin source since
these axons are misrouted at a certain frequency in *unc-6* mutants; this presumed
30 repulsion appears to be mediated by the candidate receptors UNC-5 and UNC-40, which
are members of the immunoglobulin superfamily (Hedgecock et al., 1990; Leung-

Hagesteijn et al., 1992; Hamelin et al., 1993; Wadsworth et al., 1996; Chan et al., 1996). Similarly, in vertebrates netrin-1 can repel subsets of motor axons that migrate away from a source of netrin-1 (Colamarino and Tessier-Lavigne, 1994; Varela-Echavarria et al., 1997), a process which might involve vertebrate homologues of UNC-5 and UNC-40, which have been shown to be netrin-binding proteins (Leonardo et al., 1997; Ackermann et al., 1997; Keino-Masu et al., 1996).

The semaphorins are a large family of structurally diverse secreted and transmembrane proteins characterized by the presence of a conserved ~500 amino acid semaphorin domain at their amino termini (reviewed in Kolodkin, 1996). The family was first described and implicated in axon guidance through antibody perturbation studies in insects (Kolodkin et al., 1992; Kolodkin et al., 1993). The connection of this family to chemorepulsion was made with the purification of chicken collapsin-1 as a factor that can cause collapse of sensory growth cones when added acutely in cell culture (Luo et al., 1993). Collapsin-1 and its mammalian homologues (Semaphorin III, also known as Semaphorin D) are secreted semaphorins that possess in addition to the semaphorin domain an immunoglobulin domain and a highly basic carboxy-terminal domain (Luo et al., 1993; Kolodkin et al., 1993; Messersmith et al., 1995; Püschel et al., 1995). When presented chronically from a point source, collapsin-1/SemaIII/D (hereafter referred to as SemaIII) can repel sensory and sympathetic axons and has been implicated in patterning sensory axon projections into the ventral spinal cord (Messersmith et al., 1995; Püschel et al., 1995, 1996; Behar et al., 1996; Shepherd et al., 1997). Sema E, which is structurally-related to SemaIII, has also been reported to repel sympathetic axons in culture (cited in Varela-Echavarria and Guthrie, 1997). In *Drosophila*, the secreted semaphorin SemaII has been implicated as an inhibitor of axon terminal branch formation (Matthes et al., 1995). However, the mechanisms through which semaphorins produce their repellent or inhibitory actions have not been determined.

To elucidate the mechanisms through which semaphorin proteins produce their repulsive actions on axons, we have sought to identify binding proteins for semaphorins on the surfaces of sensory axons. Here we identify two classes of semaphorin receptors, SR1 and SR2, expressed by axons whose function is required for the collapse-inducing and repulsive actions of semaphorins.

SUMMARY OF THE INVENTION

The invention provides methods and compositions relating to isolated semaphorin receptor class 1 and 2 (SR1 and SR2, collectively SR) polypeptides, related nucleic acids, polypeptide domains thereof having SR-specific structure and activity, and modulators of SR function, particularly semaphorin-binding activity. SR polypeptides can regulate cell, especially nerve cell, function and morphology. The polypeptides may be produced recombinantly from transformed host cells from the subject SR polypeptide encoding nucleic acids or purified from mammalian cells. The invention provides isolated SR hybridization probes and primers capable of specifically hybridizing with the disclosed SR genes, SR-specific binding agents such as specific antibodies, and methods of making and using the subject compositions in diagnosis (e.g. genetic hybridization screens for SR transcripts), therapy (e.g. SR inhibitors to promote nerve cell growth) and in the biopharmaceutical industry (e.g. as immunogens, reagents for isolating other Srs, reagents for screening chemical libraries for lead pharmacological agents, etc.).

BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF THE FIGURES

Figure 1A-1B. Structure of rat and human SR1.

(A) Alignment of the amino acid sequences of mouse, rat and human SR1s.

(B) Diagram displaying the modular structure of SR1s conserved among different species, and the five SR1 domains (a1, a2, b1, b2, c). S: signal peptide; C1r/s,

complement C1r/s homology domain (CUB domain); FV/VIII, regions of homology to coagulation factors V and VIII, the DDR tyrosine kinase, and MFGPs; MAM, MAM domain; TM, transmembrane domain.

Figure 2. Equilibrium Binding of Fusion Proteins of AP and different portions of SemaIII to SR1-Expressing cells.

Figure 3. Alignment of the amino acid sequences of neuropilin-1 (SR1) and neuropilin-2 (SR2). Alignment of the mouse neuropilin-1 (m-npn-1), mouse neuropilin-2 (m-npn-2) and human neuropilin-2 (h-npn-2) sequences was performed using the Clustal V program. Different domains of the molecules, named according to Kawakami et al. (1996) (see Figure 2A), are indicated. The a0 isoform of neuropilin-2 (see Figure 2) was used to

create the alignment.

Figure 4A-4C. Domain structure and isoforms of neuropilin-2.

(A) Diagram illustrating the domain structures of mouse neuropilin-1 (Kawakami, et al., 1996) and the full length mouse neuropilin-2(a0) and neuropilin-2(b0) isoforms. s: signal peptide; a1 and a2 domains are CUB domains (Busby and Ingham, 1990; Bork and Beckmann, 1993); b1 and b2 domains show homology to the C1 and C2 domains of coagulation factors V and VIII and of milk fat globular membrane protein; c domain contains a MAM domain, which is found in the metalloendopeptidase meprin and receptor tyrosine phosphatases μ , λ , and κ ; TM: transmembrane domain; Cy: cytoplasmic domain. The numbers with arrows indicate percent amino acid identity in the indicated domains. The dashed line and arrow indicate the site in neuropilin-2 where the neuropilin-2a and -2b isoforms diverge; this is also the site of the 5-, 17- and 22- amino acid insertions (see also Figure 2B).

(B) Isoforms of neuropilin-2(a) with 0, 5, 17 and 22 amino acid insertions after amino acid 809 (isoforms 2(a0), 2(a5), 2(a17) and 2(a22), respectively), and of neuropilin-2(b) without and with the 5 amino acid insertion (isoforms 2(b0) and 2(b5), respectively). Shown are the sequences of the insertions, flanked by 3 amino acids N terminal to the insertion (AFA) and 4 amino acids C terminal to the insertions (DEYE in neuropilin-2a, GGTL in neuropilin-2b).

(C) Sequence of neuropilin-2(b0) and partial sequence of human neuropilin-2(b0) from EST (AA25804) in the region where the sequence of neuropilin-2(b0) diverges from that of neuropilin-2(a0). Three amino acids N terminal to the site of divergence (AFA) are shown.

Figure 5A-5B. Equilibrium binding of semaphorin-AP fusion proteins to neuropilin-expressing cells. Transfected or control COS cells were incubated with concentrated media containing the indicated concentrations of semaphorin-AP fusion proteins. AP activity derived from bound fusion proteins was measured colorimetrically at 405 nm; specific binding was obtained after subtraction of background from control cells. Specific binding curves to cells expressing neuropilin-1 (closed circles) or neuropilin-1 (closed squares) are shown for Sema III-AP (A), Sema E-AP (B), and Sema IV-AP (C).

Dissociation constants for interaction with neuropilin-2-expressing cells were 0.29 for Sema E-AP and 0.09 nM for Sema IV-AP.

DETAILED DESCRIPTION OF THE INVENTION

The nucleotide sequences of exemplary natural cDNAs encoding human, rat and mouse SR1 polypeptides are shown as SEQ ID NOS:1, 3 and 5, respectively, and the full conceptual translates are shown as SEQ ID NOS:2, 4 and 6. Natural SR2 cDNAs are found in (a) and (b) forms deriving from two distinct genes, with transcripts of each found in four alternatively spliced forms designated 0, 5, 17 and 22, depending on the size of an insert (below). For example, the nucleotide sequences of exemplary natural cDNAs encoding mouse SR2(a)0, 5, 17 and 22 polypeptides are shown as SEQ ID NOS:9, 11, 13 and 15, respectively, and the full conceptual translates are shown as SEQ ID NOS:10, 12, 14 and 16. Other sequences recited in the Sequence Listing include the nucleotide sequences of exemplary natural cDNAs encoding mouse SR2(b)0 and 5 polypeptides (SEQ ID NOS:21 and 23) and their full conceptual translates (SEQ ID NOS:22 and 24); rat SR2(a)0 polypeptide (SEQ ID NO:7) and its full conceptual translate (SEQ ID NO:8); human SR2(a)0 and 17 polypeptides (SEQ ID NOS:17 and 19) and their full conceptual translates (SEQ ID NOS:18 and 20); and human SR2(b)0 polypeptide (SEQ ID NO:25) and its full conceptual translate (SEQ ID NO:26). The SR polypeptides of the invention include incomplete translates of SEQ ID NOS:1, 3, 7, 9, 11, 13, 15, 17, 19, 21, 23 and 25 and deletion mutants of SEQ ID NOS:2, 4, 8, 10, 12, 14, 16, 18, 20, 22, 24 and 26, which translates and deletion mutants have SR-specific amino acid sequence, binding specificity or function. Preferred translates/deletion mutants comprise at least a 6, preferably at least an 8, more preferably at least a 10, most preferably at least a 12 residue domain of the translates not found in mouse, drosophila or chick neuropilin-1. Other preferred mutants comprise a domain comprising at least one SR2 and/or human specific residue. Such domains are readily discernable from alignments of the disclosed SR1 and SR2 polypeptides, e.g. Figures 1 and 3. For example, human SR1 specific residues include V11, V15, P18, A19, N24, E26, D29, S35, D62, M68, F90, N96, H98, F99, R100, T153, S155, S170, V177, P196, D219, I242, V269, S298, A303, R323, K360, I361, V363, T372, I373, P379, V380, L381, V393, A394, P399, A40, T411, S449, G453, S469, A476, S479, I481, I487, E491, I498, G518, M528, T553, P555, A556, G572, A587, L599,

D601, V634, N667, V669, K672, S674, N717, R737, A755, I756, S805, A813, P820, G835, E838, E855, T916, Q917 and T919.

The subject domains provide SR domain specific activity or function, such as SR-specific cell, especially neuron modulating or modulating inhibitory activity, semaphorin-binding or binding inhibitory activity. SR-specific activity or function may be determined by convenient *in vitro*, cell-based, or *in vivo* assays: e.g. *in vitro* binding assays, cell culture assays, in animals (e.g. gene therapy, transgenics, etc.), etc. Binding assays encompass any assay where the molecular interaction of an SR polypeptide with a binding target is evaluated. The binding target may be a natural intracellular binding target such as a semaphorin, a SR regulating protein or other regulator that directly modulates SR activity or its localization; or non-natural binding target such a specific immune protein such as an antibody, or an SR specific agent such as those identified in screening assays such as described below. SR-binding specificity may assayed by binding equilibrium constants (usually at least about 10^7 M^{-1} , preferably at least about 10^8 M^{-1} , more preferably at least about 10^9 M^{-1}), by the ability of the subject polypeptide to function as negative mutants in SR-expressing cells, to elicit SR specific antibody in a heterologous host (e.g a rodent or rabbit), etc. In any event, the SR binding specificity of the subject SR polypeptides necessarily distinguishes mouse, chick and drosophila neuropilin-1.

For example, the a1, a2, b1, b2, c, TM and Cy domains (Fig.4A) and the polypeptides comprising the inserts shown in Fig. 4B and 4C are all shown to exhibit SR specific binding. Similarly, high throughput screens (e.g. see below) using SR-specific binding agents such as semaIII and anti-SR antibodies are used to readily demonstrate SR-specific binding agents in a wide variety of deletion mutants of the disclosed SR polypeptides. For example, human SR1 peptides with assay demonstrable SR-specific activity include: SEQ ID NO:2, residues 24-34; SEQ ID NO:2, residues 57-68; SEQ ID NO:2, residues 85-111; SEQ ID NO:2, residues 147-155; SEQ ID NO:2, residues 166-178; SEQ ID NO:2, residues 288-299; SEQ ID NO:2, residues 354-366; SEQ ID NO:2, residues 368-690; SEQ ID NO:2, residues 697-415; SEQ ID NO:2, residues 595-615; SEQ ID NO:2, residues 671-689; SEQ ID NO:2, residues 911-919. Human SR2 peptides with assay demonstrable SR-specific activity include: SEQ ID NO:20, residues 14-35; SEQ ID NO:20, residues 261-

278; SEQ ID NO:20, residues 285-301; SEQ ID NO:20, residues 471-485; SEQ ID NO:20, residues 616-628; SEQ ID NO:20, residues 651-685; SEQ ID NO:20, residues 682-696; SEQ ID NO:20, residues 719-745; SEQ ID NO:20, residues 802-825; SEQ ID NO:20, residues 815-830; SEQ ID NO:20, residues 827-839; and SEQ ID NO:20, residues 898-929.

5 The claimed SR polypeptides are isolated or pure: an "isolated" polypeptide is unaccompanied by at least some of the material with which it is associated in its natural state, preferably constituting at least about 0.5%, and more preferably at least about 5% by weight of the total polypeptide in a given sample and a pure polypeptide constitutes at least about 90%, and preferably at least about 99% by weight of the total polypeptide in a
10 given sample. A polypeptide, as used herein, is an polymer of amino acids, generally at least 6 residues, preferably at least about 10 residues, more preferably at least about 25 residues, most preferably at least about 50 residues in length. The SR polypeptides and polypeptide domains may be synthesized, produced by recombinant technology, or purified from mammalian, preferably human cells. A wide variety of molecular and
15 biochemical methods are available for biochemical synthesis, molecular expression and purification of the subject compositions, see e.g. *Molecular Cloning, A Laboratory Manual* (Sambrook, *et al.* Cold Spring Harbor Laboratory), *Current Protocols in Molecular Biology* (Eds. Ausubel, *et al.*, Greene Publ. Assoc., Wiley-Interscience, NY) or that are otherwise known in the art.

20 The invention provides binding agents specific to the claimed SR polypeptides, including natural intracellular binding targets, etc., methods of identifying and making such agents, and their use in diagnosis, therapy and pharmaceutical development. For example, specific binding agents are useful in a variety of diagnostic and therapeutic applications, especially where disease or disease prognosis is associated with improper or
25 undesirable axon outgrowth or orientation. Novel SR-specific binding agents include SR-specific receptors, such as somatically recombined polypeptide receptors like specific antibodies or T-cell antigen receptors (see, e.g. Harlow and Lane (1988) *Antibodies, A Laboratory Manual*, Cold Spring Harbor Laboratory), semaphorins and other natural intracellular binding agents identified with assays such as one-, two- and three-hybrid
30 screens, non-natural intracellular binding agents identified in screens of chemical libraries such as described below, etc. Agents of particular interest modulate SR function, e.g.

semaphorin-mediated cell modulation. For example, a wide variety of inhibitors of SR activity may be used to cell function involving SR, especially SR-semaphorin interactions. Exemplary SR activity inhibitors include SR-derived peptide inhibitors, esp. dominant negative deletion mutants, etc., see Experimental, below.

Accordingly, the invention provides methods for modulating cell function comprising the step of modulating SR activity, e.g. by contacting the cell with an SR inhibitor. The cell may reside in culture or in situ, i.e. within the natural host. Preferred inhibitors are orally active in mammalian hosts. For diagnostic uses, the inhibitors or other SR binding agents are frequently labeled, such as with fluorescent, radioactive, chemiluminescent, or other easily detectable molecules, either conjugated directly to the binding agent or conjugated to a probe specific for the binding agent.

The amino acid sequences of the disclosed SR polypeptides are used to back-translate SR polypeptide-encoding nucleic acids optimized for selected expression systems (Holler et al. (1993) Gene 136, 323-328; Martin et al. (1995) Gene 154, 150-166) or used to generate degenerate oligonucleotide primers and probes for use in the isolation of natural SR-encoding nucleic acid sequences ("GCG" software, Genetics Computer Group, Inc, Madison WI). SR-encoding nucleic acids used in SR-expression vectors and incorporated into recombinant host cells, e.g. for expression and screening, transgenic animals, e.g. for functional studies such as the efficacy of candidate drugs for disease associated with SR-modulated cell function, etc.

The invention also provides nucleic acid hybridization probes and replication / amplification primers having a SR cDNA specific sequence comprising SEQ ID NO:1, 3, 7, 9, 11, 13, 15, 17, 19, 21, 23, or 25, and sufficient to effect specific hybridization thereto (i.e. specifically hybridize with SEQ ID NO:1, 3, 7, 9, 11, 13, 15, 17, 19, 21, 23, or 25, respectively, in the presence of mouse, drosophila and chick neuropilin cDNA. Such primers or probes are at least 12, preferably at least 24, more preferably at least 36 and most preferably at least 96 bases in length. Demonstrating specific hybridization generally requires stringent conditions, for example, hybridizing in a buffer comprising 30% formamide in 5 x SSPE (0.18 M NaCl, 0.01 M NaPO₄, pH7.7, 0.001 M EDTA) buffer at a temperature of 42°C and remaining bound when subject to washing at 42°C with 0.2 x SSPE; preferably hybridizing in a buffer comprising 50% formamide in 5 x SSPE buffer at a temperature of 42°C and remaining bound when subject to washing at

42°C with 0.2 x SSPE buffer at 42°C. SR nucleic acids can also be distinguished using alignment algorithms, such as BLASTX (Altschul *et al.* (1990) Basic Local Alignment Search Tool, J Mol Biol 215, 403-410).

The subject nucleic acids are of synthetic/non-natural sequences and/or are isolated, i.e. unaccompanied by at least some of the material with which it is associated in its natural state, preferably constituting at least about 0.5%, preferably at least about 5% by weight of total nucleic acid present in a given fraction, and usually recombinant, meaning they comprise a non-natural sequence or a natural sequence joined to nucleotide(s) other than that which it is joined to on a natural chromosome. The subject recombinant nucleic acids comprising the nucleotide sequence of SEQ ID NO:1, 3, 7, 9, 11, 13, 15, 17, 19, 21, 23, or 25, or fragments thereof, contain such sequence or fragment at a terminus, immediately flanked by (i.e. contiguous with) a sequence other than that which it is joined to on a natural chromosome, or flanked by a native flanking region fewer than 10 kb, preferably fewer than 2 kb, which is at a terminus or is immediately flanked by a sequence other than that which it is joined to on a natural chromosome. While the nucleic acids are usually RNA or DNA, it is often advantageous to use nucleic acids comprising other bases or nucleotide analogs to provide modified stability, etc.

The subject nucleic acids find a wide variety of applications including use as translatable transcripts, hybridization probes, PCR primers, diagnostic nucleic acids, etc.; use in detecting the presence of SR genes and gene transcripts and in detecting or amplifying nucleic acids encoding additional SR homologs and structural analogs. In diagnosis, SR hybridization probes find use in identifying wild-type and mutant SR alleles in clinical and laboratory samples. Mutant alleles are used to generate allele-specific oligonucleotide (ASO) probes for high-throughput clinical diagnoses. In therapy, therapeutic SR nucleic acids are used to modulate cellular expression or intracellular concentration or availability of active SR.

The invention provides efficient methods of identifying agents, compounds or lead compounds for agents active at the level of a SR modulatable cellular function. Generally, these screening methods involve assaying for compounds which modulate SR interaction with a natural SR binding target such as a semaphorin. A wide variety of assays for binding agents are provided including labeled *in vitro* protein-protein binding assays, immunoassays, cell based assays, etc. The methods are amenable to automated,

cost-effective high throughput screening of chemical libraries for lead compounds. Identified reagents find use in the pharmaceutical industries for animal and human trials; for example, the reagents may be derivatized and rescreened in *in vitro* and *in vivo* assays to optimize activity and minimize toxicity for pharmaceutical development.

In vitro binding assays employ a mixture of components including an SR polypeptide, which may be part of a fusion product with another peptide or polypeptide, e.g. a tag for detection or anchoring, etc. The assay mixtures comprise a natural intracellular SR binding target. In a particular embodiment, the binding target is a semaphorin polypeptide. While native full-length binding targets may be used, it is frequently preferred to use portions (e.g. peptides) thereof so long as the portion provides binding affinity and avidity to the subject SR polypeptide conveniently measurable in the assay. The assay mixture also comprises a candidate pharmacological agent. Candidate agents encompass numerous chemical classes, though typically they are organic compounds; preferably small organic compounds and are obtained from a wide variety of sources including libraries of synthetic or natural compounds. A variety of other reagents may also be included in the mixture. These include reagents like salts, buffers, neutral proteins, e.g. albumin, detergents, protease inhibitors, nuclease inhibitors, antimicrobial agents, etc. may be used.

The resultant mixture is incubated under conditions whereby, but for the presence of the candidate pharmacological agent, the SR polypeptide specifically binds the cellular binding target, portion or analog with a reference binding affinity. The mixture components can be added in any order that provides for the requisite bindings and incubations may be performed at any temperature which facilitates optimal binding. Incubation periods are likewise selected for optimal binding but also minimized to facilitate rapid, high-throughput screening.

After incubation, the agent-biased binding between the SR polypeptide and one or more binding targets is detected by any convenient way. Where at least one of the SR or binding target polypeptide comprises a label, the label may provide for direct detection as radioactivity, luminescence, optical or electron density, etc. or indirect detection such as an epitope tag, etc. A variety of methods may be used to detect the label depending on the nature of the label and other assay components, e.g. through optical or electron density, radiative emissions, nonradiative energy transfers, etc. or indirectly detected with

antibody conjugates, etc.

A difference in the binding affinity of the SR polypeptide to the target in the absence of the agent as compared with the binding affinity in the presence of the agent indicates that the agent modulates the binding of the SR polypeptide to the SR binding target. For example, in the cell-based assay also described below, a difference in SR-dependent modulation of axon outgrowth or orientation in the presence and absence of an agent indicates the agent modulates SR function. A difference, as used herein, is statistically significant and preferably represents at least a 50%, more preferably at least a 90% difference.

The following experimental section and examples are offered by way of illustration and not by way of limitation.

EXPERIMENTAL

Expression cloning of a cDNA encoding a SemaIII-binding protein

To facilitate isolation of SemaIII-binding proteins through expression cloning, we fused the coding region of SemaIII to that of alkaline phosphatase (AP), a readily detectable histochemical reporter, and expressed the resulting chimeric protein in human embryonic kidney 293 cells. This protein could be detected by Western blotting in conditioned medium from these cells as a major band of ~180 kDa, consistent with the combined sizes of SemaIII and AP; a few smaller products, apparently degradation products, were also detected in this medium. When this medium was applied to dissociated sensory neurons from dorsal root ganglia (DRG), AP-reactivity could be detected on the axons and cell bodies of neurons from E14 DRG but not E18 DRG. AP alone, also expressed in 293 cells, did not bind cells at either age. The binding of Sema-AP to E14 but not E18 DRG cells is not unexpected since at E14 DRG axons are beginning to project into the spinal cord and can be repelled by a factor, likely Sema III, secreted by the ventral spinal cord (Fitzgerald et al., 1993; Messersmith et al., 1995; Shepherd et al., 1997), whereas by E18 they are no longer repelled by ventral spinal cord tissue (Fitzgerald et al., 1993), perhaps reflecting a downregulation of their responsiveness to SemaIII.

To identify SemaIII-binding proteins on E14 rat DRG neurons, a cDNA expression library was constructed in a COS cell expression vector using cDNA derived

from E14 DRG tissue (see Experimental Procedures). Pools of ~1000-2000 cDNA clones from the library were transfected into COS cells and screened for the presence of cells that bound SemaIII-AP. A positive pool was identified after screening 70 pools. After three rounds of screening subpools from this pool, a single cDNA encoding a SemaIII-AP binding activity was identified. COS-7 cells transfected with this cDNA specifically
5 bound SemaIII-AP but not AP or a netrin-Fc fusion protein (Keino-Masu et al., 1996).

Nucleotide sequencing of the entire 5 kB cDNA insert revealed a single long open reading frame predicted to encode a protein (rat semaphorin receptor 1, rSR1) of 921 amino acids with sequence similarity with mouse, chicken and *Xenopus* neuropilin (Takagi et al., 1991, 1995; Kawakami et al., 1996). We further isolated a cDNA encoding
10 a human homolog of our semaphorin binding protein (hSR1) from a fetal human brain library (see Experimental Procedures), and Figure 1A shows an alignment of the full conceptual translated amino acid sequences of our rat and human proteins with mouse neuropilin. The rat and human proteins share a high degree of sequence homology with the mouse protein (97% and 93% identity at the amino acid level, respectively), and are
15 predicted to have the domain structure previously described for neuropilins from other species, including a short but highly conserved cytoplasmic domain (Figure 1B).

We next performed coimmunoprecipitation experiments to test whether the binding of SemaIII-AP to COS-7 cells expressing rSR1 reflected a direct interaction between SemaIII and rSR1 or required cellular factors made by the COS-7 cells. For this
20 purpose we constructed a soluble version of the ectodomain of rSR1 fused to AP. A myc-tagged SemaIII protein could be precipitated by beads conjugated with this SR-AP fusion, but not with beads conjugated with a control fusion protein, c-kit-AP (Flanagan and Leder, 1990), indicating a direct interaction between the SR1 ectodomain and SemaIII.

SR1 binds both the semaphorin and the C-terminal domains of SemaIII

SemaIII consists of a signature semaphorin domain, a single immunoglobulin (Ig) domain, and a carboxy terminal (C) domain that is rich in basic residues (Luo et al., 1993; Kolodkin et al., 1993; Messersmith et al., 1995; Püschel et al., 1995). The conservation of semaphorin domains among different semaphorin family members (reviewed in Tessi-Lavigne and Goodman, 1996; Kolodkin, 1996) suggests the potential importance of this
25 domain for function. The functions of the other two domains are unknown, although the
30 basic nature of the C domain has suggested a role for this domain in mediating

interactions with cell surfaces or the extracellular matrix (Luo et al., 1993). To determine which domain of SemaIII mediates the interaction between SemaIII and SR1, constructs encoding various fusions of AP to different portions of SemaIII were expressed in COS cells. Media conditioned by these cells were applied to COS-7 cells expressing SR1 to test for binding of AP fusion proteins; in positive control experiments, binding was observed with medium containing full length SemaIII-AP but not AP alone. Binding was also observed with an AP fusion protein comprising the semaphorin and Ig domains (AP-SI) and a fusion protein comprising just the semaphorin domain (AP-S), but not with a fusion protein comprising a truncated semaphorin domain, suggesting that the integrity of the semaphorin domain is required for binding. Surprisingly, binding was also observed with AP fusion proteins comprising only the C domain (AP-C) and a fusion protein comprising the Ig and C domains. These results provide evidence that both the semaphorin and the C domains of SemaIII can bind SR1. The binding of the C domain does not appear to reflect a non-specific interaction arising from the basic nature of the C domain since we found that the C terminal domain of netrin-1 (Serafini et al., 1994), which is also highly basic but does not share any sequence homology with the SemaIII C domain, did not bind SR1.

We next measured the binding affinity of the full-length and two of the truncated fusion ligands (AP-S and AP-C) to cells expressing SR1 in equilibrium binding experiments, based on the relative amounts of AP activity in the supernatant and bound to cells (Figure 2). One limitation of these experiments is that we used partially purified conditioned media (see Experimental Procedures) which in the case of SemaIII-AP and AP-C contain both the full length fusion proteins as well as truncated forms that are presumed to arise by proteolysis. For each of these fusions, the estimated dissociation constant would be accurate only if all the degradation products that possess AP activity bind with the same affinity as the intact fusion protein; this is unlikely to be the case since the media contain protein species that appear to correspond to AP or fragments of AP; which do not bind SR1. This limitation does not apply to AP-S since in this case only the full length species is found in the supernatant; the estimated dissociation constant should therefore accurately reflect the affinity of AP-S for the SR1-expressing cells. With these caveats, we found that the specific binding curves of SemaIII-AP, AP-S and AP-C to cells expressing SR1 showed saturation and could be fitted with the Hill equation (Figures 2A-

C). Predicted values for the dissociation constants (K_d) for SemaIII-AP, AP-S and AP-C binding to SR1-expressing cells were 0.325 nM, 1.45 nM, and 0.84 nM, respectively. For comparison, in the collapse assay, a half maximal collapse response is observed with conditioned medium containing 0.44 nM SemaIII-AP. This value is comparable to the estimated K_d for the interaction of SemaIII-AP with SR1. These results support the role of an interaction of SemaIII with SR1 on DRG axons in causally mediating collapse.

For these experiments, control 293-EBNA cells or 293-EBNA cells stably expressing rat SR1 were treated for 90 min with concentrated conditioned media containing the indicated concentrations of SemaIII-AP (A), AP-S (B), or AP-C (C). After washing six times in HBHA buffer, the cells were lysed and endogenous AP activity was heat-inactivated. AP activity derived from the bound recombinant AP fusion proteins was measured colorimetrically (optical density at 405 nm). Specific binding was determined by subtraction of values obtained from binding to SR1-expressing cells and to control cells; values obtained in this way were fitted to the Hill equation. Insets in Fig. 2 show raw data (circles, total binding to SR1-expressing cells; triangles, total binding to control cells). K_d values for the interactions of SemaIII-AP, AP-S and AP-C with SR1 were 55.3 ± 6.5 ng/ml, 218.6 ± 11.0 ng/ml, and 67.2 ± 3.0 ng/ml, respectively (1 nM corresponds to 170 ng/ml, 150 ng/ml, and 80 ng/ml for SemaIII-AP, AP-S and AP-C, respectively). Bars indicated s.e.m. for triplicates. Hill coefficients for SemaIII-AP, AP-S and AP-C were 1.51 ± 0.24 , 1.70 ± 0.10 , and 1.44 ± 0.07 , respectively.

SR1 function is required for the repulsive action of SemaIII

We next raised antibodies to a portion of the SR1 ectodomain for use in tests of the functional role of SR1 in mediating responses to SemaIII (see Experimental Procedures). To verify the potential usefulness of the antiserum, we first examined whether it could detect SR1 protein on axons. The spatial and temporal pattern of expression of SR1 detected with this antiserum in transverse sections of rat embryos at spinal levels corresponded to the sites of *SR1* gene expression detected by in situ hybridization, and matched the pattern previously observed in mouse and chick embryos (Kawakami et al., 1995; Takagi et al., 1995). At E14, when afferent fibers of DRG neurons start to penetrate the dorsal spinal cord (Windle and Baxter, 1936; Smith, 1983; Altman and Bayer, 1994; Snider et al., 1992; Zhang et al., 1994), *SR1* transcripts were found in the DRG as well as in the ventral and dorsal spinal cord, and corresponding

immunoreactivity for SR1 protein was detected on sensory and motor axons, as well as in the dorsal spinal cord. SR1 immunoreactivity could also be detected with this antiserum on the axons and growth cones of E14 rat DRG neurons in culture, as previously shown for neuropilin with chick DRG axons (Takagi et al., 1995). At E18, much lower levels of SR1 transcripts were detected in DRG and the ventral horn (see also Kawakami et al., 1995; Takagi et al., 1995 for similar results with neuropilin in mice and chickens). The timing of expression in DRG is consistent with the pattern of SemaIII-AP binding to E14 and E18 DRG cells in culture and with what might be expected of a SemaIII receptor (see Fitzgerald et al., 1993; Messersmith et al., 1995; and discussions therein)

Protein A-purified anti-SR1 antiserum was used to test the involvement of SR1 in mediating the function of SemaIII. Inclusion of the antiserum in the culture medium inhibited the repulsive effect of SemaIII-AP and SemaIII on E14 rat DRG axons in collagen gel cultures in a dose-dependent manner, whereas preimmune IgG, also purified on protein A, did not inhibit the repulsion. To verify that this neutralizing effect was due to antibodies directed against SR1 in the antiserum, aliquots of the antiserum were subjected to immunodepletion by incubation with beads conjugated with the portion of the SR1 ectodomain used to make the antiserum (depleted antiserum) or with control beads (mock-depleted antiserum). The mock-depleted antiserum still detected the SR1 ectodomain-AP fusion protein by Western blotting and was still capable of blocking the inhibitory effect of SemaIII-AP. In contrast, the depleted antiserum did not detect the SR1 ectodomain-AP fusion protein by Western blotting and did not block the inhibitory activity of SemaIII-AP, consistent with the hypothesis that the starting antiserum blocks SemaIII-AP activity by interfering with SR1 function. To rule out the possibility that the antiserum to SR1 affected a general mechanism required for axonal repulsion, the same protein A-purified antiserum was tested for its effect on netrin-mediated repulsion of trochlear motor axons (Colamarino and Tessier-Lavigne, 1995), a group of axons that can also be repelled by SemaIII (Serafini et al., 1996; Varela-Echavaria et al., 1997). The anti-SR1 antiserum stained these axons but did not block the repulsive effect of netrin-1 on these axons, consistent with a specific involvement of SR1 in SemaIII-mediated repulsion.

SR1 function is also required for the collapse-inducing effect of SemaIII

In addition to steering DRG axons away when presented chronically from a point

source, SemaIII can also induce collapse of DRG growth cones when added acutely and uniformly to growth cones in culture (Luo et al., 1993). We therefore examined whether the anti-SR1 antiserum could affect the activity of SemaIII in the collapse assay. The anti-SR1 antiserum inhibited collapse of E14 rat DRG growth cones elicited by SemaIII-AP or SemaIII-myc; the blocking effect showed a dose-dependence that was similar to that observed for the block of repulsion (Table 1). As expected, the mock-depleted antiserum also blocked the collapse, whereas the depleted antiserum did not. To test the specificity of this blockade, we took advantage of the fact that lysophosphatidic acid (LPA) can also cause collapse of DRG growth cones (Jalink et al., 1994). Neither the preimmune serum nor the anti-SR1 antiserum inhibited the collapse of DRG growth cones induced by LPA, consistent with the hypothesis that the antiserum blocks SemaIII-induced collapse by specifically inhibiting SR1 function.

Cloning of a cDNA encoding SR2

To identify additional members of the SR family, we designed PCR primers which would selectively amplify rat cDNA molecules containing both the CUB the MAM motifs of SR1. A single cDNA (SEQ ID NO:7) encoding an 936 amino acid SR1 homolog, designated SR2 (SEQ ID NO:8) was identified. With these data, we were able to identify and composite ESTs in public databases to generate a cDNA sequence encoding hSR2. CDNA's comprising this clone are also isolated from a fetal human brain library (see Experimental Procedures). SR-specific function, including semaphorin binding and neuron axon outgrowth and/or orientation modulating activity are demonstrated as described herein for SR1 polypeptides.

SR1 is a SemaIII receptor

Neuropilin is a transmembrane protein initially identified by Fujisawa and colleagues as an epitope recognized by a monoclonal antibody (A5) that labels specific subsets of axons in the developing *Xenopus* nervous system (Takagi et al., 1987; Fujisawa et al., 1989; Takagi et al., 1991). Neuropilin comprises in its extracellular domain two so-called CUB motifs, which are found in the noncatalytic regions of the complement components C1r and C1s and several metalloproteinases (for review see Bork and Beckmann, 1993). These domains are followed in neuropilin by two domains with significant similarity to many proteins, including the C1 and C2 domains of coagulation factors V and VIII (Toole et al., 1984; Jenny et al., 1987), the milk fat globule

membrane proteins (MFGPs) (Stubbs et al., 1990), and the discoidin domain receptor (DDR) (Johnson et al., 1993; Sanchez et al., 1994). More proximal to the transmembrane region is a MAM domain, a type of motif implicated in protein-protein interactions (Beckmann and Bork, 1993). The cytoplasmic domain of neuropilin is short (40 amino acids) and does not possess obvious motifs, but is highly conserved among *Xenopus*, mouse and chick (Takagi et al., 1995; Kawakami et al., 1996). In the developing nervous systems of these three species, neuropilin is expressed in dynamic fashion by a variety of different classes of axons (including motor and sensory axons) as they project to their targets (e.g., Takagi et al., 1987, 1991, 1995; Kawakami et al., 1996). Neuropilin can promote neurite outgrowth in vitro (Hirata et al., 1993) and forced expression of neuropilin under control of the β -actin promoter in transgenic mice results in axonal defasciculation (Kitsukawa et al., 1995). The forced ectopic expression of neuropilin also leads to abnormalities in development of the heart and limbs, two of the non-neural regions where neuropilin is expressed, which has suggested a role for neuropilin in organogenesis outside the nervous system (Kitsukawa et al., 1995).

We have identified SR1 and SR2 semaphorin receptors with sequence similarity to the neuropilin proteins. The spatiotemporal expression pattern of SR1 is consistent with SR1's role as a SemaIII receptor. In the region of the developing spinal cord, SR1 is most prominently expressed by sensory neurons in the DRG, particularly on their axons in the spinal nerves, the dorsal roots, and the dorsal funiculus and SR1 can also be detected on the growth cones of axons derived from dissociated DRG neurons in culture. The period during which SR1 and neuropilin is expressed by DRG neurons (between E9 and E15.5 in the mouse, decreasing sharply thereafter (Kawakami et al., 1995)) corresponds to the timing of projection of SemaIII-responsive DRG axon projections into the spinal cord. During this period, Sema III is expressed at a high level in the ventral spinal cord and has been implicated as a diffusible chemorepellent that prevents inappropriate targeting of NGF-responsive axons that normally terminate in the dorsal spinal cord (Messersmith et al., 1995; Püschel et al., 1995, 1996; Shepherd et al., 1997). Our in situ hybridization studies suggest that SR1 may be expressed in only some populations of rat DRG cells at E14 – possibly the NGF-responsive neurons, which are SemaIII responsive. In addition to developing DRG axons, several other classes of developing axons are repelled by or collapse in response to SemaIII, including

sympathetic axons (Püschel et al., 1996), spinal motor axons (Shepherd et al., 1996; Varela-Echavarria et al., 1997), and many cranial motor axons such as trochlear, trigeminal motor, glossopharyngeal and vagal axons (Serafini et al., 1996; Varela-Echavarria et al., 1997). All of these axons express SR1.

SR1 also plays a role in mediating actions of SemaIII outside the nervous system. SR1, the neuropilins and SemaIII are expressed in a variety of non-neural tissues, including the developing cardiovascular system and limbs (Takagi et al., 1987, 1991, 1995; Kitsukawa et al., 1995; Püschel et al., 1995; Behar et al., 1996). Ectopic expression of m-neuropilin under control of the β -actin promoter in transgenic mice, in addition to causing sprouting and defasciculation of axons, leads to a variety of morphological abnormalities in non-neural tissues including the presence of excess capillaries and blood vessels, dilation of blood vessels, malformed hearts, and extra digits (Kitsukawa et al., 1995; see also, the defects in axonal, heart and skeletal development seen in SemaIII knock-out mice, Behar et al., 1996).

Our experiments have provided evidence that both the C domain and the semaphorin domain of SemaIII can independently bind SR1. The ability of both poles of the full length SemaIII molecule to bind SR1 could provide an explanation for the data suggesting that full length SemaIII has a higher affinity for SR1 than do either of the individual domains alone, since sequential binding of the two domains of each SemaIII molecule to neighboring SR1 molecules in the cell membrane would result in a higher apparent affinity. This observation indicates that signaling in response to SemaIII might be triggered by dimerization of SR1 molecules brought together by single SemaIII molecules; which is also supported by the observation that AP-S and AP-C, the fusions of AP to the semaphorin domain or the C domain, failed to induce repulsion or to cause collapse of DRG axons in vitro.

SR1 contains at its amino terminus two CUB domains, motifs implicated in protein-protein interactions whose structure is predicted to be an antiparallel β -barrel similar to those in two adhesive domains, immunoglobulin-like domains and fibronectin type III repeats (Bork et al., 1993; Bork and Beckmann, 1993). CUB domains in complement C1r/s appear to mediate calcium-dependent tetrameric complex formation between C1r/s dimers, as well as their association with C1q to form the mature C1 complex (Busby and Ingham, 1988, 1990), whereas a CUB domain in the

metalloproteinase Tolloid (a relative of BMP-1) is suggested from genetic evidence to mediate an interaction with the BMP family member decapentaplegic (Childs and O'Connor, 1994; Finelli et al., 1995). In the central portion of the SR1 molecule, the b1 and b2 domains show homology to protein binding domains of coagulation factors V and VIII (Toole et al., 1984; Jenny et al., 1987), MFGF (Larocca et al., 1991) and two
5 receptor protein-tyrosine kinases, DDR (Johnson et al., 1993) and Ptk-3 (Sanchez et al., 1994). Finally, SR1 also possesses a MAM domain, a ~170 amino acid module found in diverse transmembrane proteins (Beckmann and Bork, 1993), which has been suggested to mediate homophilic interactions (Zondag et al., 1995). We found that a truncated form of SR1 which lacks the amino terminal-most 264 amino acids retains the ability to bind
10 SemaIII-AP, indicating that at least one of the semaphorin and C domains of SemaIII may interact with domains b1 or b2 or the MAM domain of SR1. SemaIII may also modulate the interactions of SR1 with other SR1 binding partner. In the repulsion assay the most obvious effect of Sema III is the steering away of DRG axons from a local source of SemaIII, rather than a change in fasciculation patterns (Messersmith et al, 1995).
15 Furthermore, individual growth cones can be induced to collapse in vitro in response to SemaIII (Luo et al., 1993) in a SR1-dependent fashion, indicating a distinct signaling pathway involving SR1 that can be triggered by SemaIII.

The semaphorin family comprises over 20 proteins, secreted and transmembrane, which have been divided into five subfamilies based on sequence and structural similarity
20 (reviewed by Tessier-Lavigne and Goodman, 1996; Kolodkin, 1996). We have found that the secreted semaphorins SemaA, SemaE and SemaIV, which belong to the same subfamily as SemaIII, can all bind SR1, suggesting promiscuity in interactions between SR1 and members of this subfamily of the semaphorin family. The bewildering diversity of semaphorin proteins may mask an underlying simplicity in interactions of these
25 proteins and their receptors, much as the diversity of Eph receptors and ephrin ligands masks simpler binding relations, in which GPI-anchored ligands of the ephrin-A subclass interact primarily and promiscuously with EphA class receptors, and ligands of the ephrin-B subclass interact primarily and promiscuously with EphB class receptors (Gale et al.; 1996; Eph Nomenclature Committee, 1997).

30 Experimental procedures: Construction and expression of AP fusion proteins

To produce a Sema III-AP fusion protein, the cDNA encoding full-length Sema III

was amplified by PCR and subcloned into APTag-1 (Flanagan and Leder, 1990). From the resulting plasmid, the fragment encoding both Sema III and AP was then transferred to the expression vector pCEP4 (Invitrogen), and used to transfect 293-EBNA cells (Invitrogen). A cell line stably expressing Sema-AP was established after selection with geneticin and hygromycin. Cells were grown to confluence and then cultured in Optimen medium (BRL) for 3 days. The conditioned medium was collected and partially purified using a Centriprep-100 device (Amicon). A construct encoding the ectodomain of SR1 (amino acids 1 to 857) fused to AP was similarly made in pCEP4 and used to derived a stable cell line. Conditioned medium from this line was prepared in the same way.

For other AP fusion proteins, sequences encoding the Sema domain and Ig domain (amino acids 25 to 654), the Sema domain alone (amino acids 25 to 585), a truncated Sema domain (amino acids 25 to 526), the Ig domain and C-domain together (amino acids 586 to 755), or the C-domain alone (amino acids 655 to 755) were amplified by PCR, fused to the sequence encoding AP, and subcloned into cloning sites after the Ig_κ-chain signal sequence of the expression vector pSecTag B (Invitrogen). These resulting constructs were transiently transfected into Cos-1 or Cos-7 cells with Lipofectamine (GIBCO BRL). Conditioned media were collected as described above.

Expression library construction and screening

80 mg of DRG tissue was dissected from two litters of E14 rat embryos (with kind help of K. Wang) and frozen on dry ice. mRNA was isolated from these rat DRGs using a QuickPrep mRNA purification kit (Pharmacia), and used to generate cDNA using a Stratagene cDNA synthesis kit according to manufacturer's instructions, except that the cDNA was size-fractionated using a DNA Size Fractionation Column (GIBCO BRL). Fractions containing cDNA larger than 500 bp were collected and ligated to the EcoRI-XhoI sites of the COS cell expression vector pMT21 (Genetics Institute). Ligated DNA was ethanol precipitated, resuspended in water at 10 ng/μl, electroporated into SURE 2 supercompetent cells (Stratagene) (1 μl DNA to 40 μl bacteria), and the resulting transformants were divided into pools of ~ 1000 to 2000 colonies.

To screen the library, DNA was extracted from the bacteria in each pool using the SNAP miniprep kit (Invitrogen) and transiently transfected into COS-1 cells in six wells plates with lipofectamine (GIBCO BRL). After 48 hr, the cells were washed once with Hank's balanced salt solution (HBHA, Cheng and Flanagan, 1994), and then incubated in

HBHA containing 50-100 ng/ml SemaIII-AP fusion protein for 75 min at room temperature. Plates were washed in HBHA six times, fixed with acetone-formaldehyde, then washed twice in HBS as described by Cheng and Flanagan (1994). Plates were kept in a 65°C incubator for 2 hr to inactivate the endogenous alkaline phosphatase activity in COS cells. The cells in the plates were stained for 2-6 hr in AP buffer containing the AP substrate BCIP and NBT (GIBCO BRL) as described previously by Cheng and Flanagan (1994). Staining of the cells was monitored using a dissecting microscope.

After identification of a positive pool, 10 ng of DNA from the pool was transfected into DH5 α competent cells and the transformants were subdivided into subpools of 200-300 colonies. These subpools were rescreened as described above, and a positive subpool subdivided further through two more rounds until a single positive plasmid (p28) was isolated. The insert DNA in the p28 plasmid was sequenced from both strands using a Licor (L4000) automated sequencer as well as by ³³P cycle sequencing.

Human cDNA library screening

A search of the human expressed sequence tag (EST) databases with the sequence of rat SR1 (p28) revealed many short sequences with homology to its middle portion. An EST clone (Genbank accession number R61632) was obtained from Genome System Inc. and used as a probe to screen a human fetal brain cDNA library (Stratagene) at high stringency, leading to the isolation of four overlapping cDNAs covering the full-length coding region of human SR1.

In situ hybridization

Cryostat sections (10 μ m) were made from the brachial region of E14 rat embryos prefixed with 4% paraformaldehyde (PFA). In situ hybridization of these sections was performed as described by Schaeren-Wiemers and Gerfin-Moser (1993) and Kennedy et al (1994). A 1285 bp fragment including 490 bp of 5'-untranslated region and 795 bp of 5' SR1 coding region was released by Pst I digestion of the p28 plasmid and subcloned into pBluescript (Stratagene). Antisense and sense RNA probes were transcribed in the presence of digoxigenin-UTP (Boehringer Mannheim) using T7 and T3 polymerases as recommended by the manufacturer.

Cell surface binding and kinetic analysis

To examine the binding of SemaIII-AP to dissociated DRG cells, DRGs dissected from E14 or E18 rat embryos were digested with 0.25% of trypsin for 10 min at 37°C and

further dissociated by trituration with a fire-polished pipette. After removing the undissociated tissue clumps by precipitation, dissociated cells were collected by spinning at 430 x g for 5 min, then cultured in eight-well chamber slides at 37°C in 5% CO₂ for 20 hr in F12/N3 medium (Tessier-Lavigne et al., 1988) containing 0.5% fetal calf serum (FCS) and 25 ng/ml 2.5S NGF ((Bioproducts for Science Inc.). To examine binding activity, cells were incubated with HBHA buffer containing the indicated recombinant protein for 90 min, followed by washing, fixing, heating, and staining as described above.

293-EBNA cells stably expressing the full-length rat SR1 protein were established by transfection of a pCEP4-SR1 plasmid and selection with geneticin and hygromycin. The equilibrium-binding experiments were performed essentially as described (Flanagan and Leder, 1990; Cheng and Flanagan, 1994) using control 293-EBNA cells or SR1-expressing 293-EBNA cells cultured on six-well plates precoated with poly-D-lysine.

Generation of antibodies to SemaIII and SR1

For Western blotting studies on SemaIII, purified AP-S, a fusion of AP to the Sema domain of SemaIII, was used to raise a rabbit anti-serum. For function-blocking studies on SR1, a 1775 bp DNA fragment encoding amino acids 265 to 857 of SR1 was PCR amplified and subcloned into a bacterial expression vector pQE-9 (Qiagen) for the generation in E. Coli of a fusion protein comprising six histidine residues at its amino terminus. The His-tagged SR1 was expressed in XL1-Blue cells and purified according to manufacturer's instructions, and used to raise a rabbit anti-SR1 antiserum.

Immunoglobulins in the anti-SR1 or preimmune sera were purified on protein A-Agarose (GIBCO BRL) columns. After application of the sera to the columns, the columns were washed first with 15 bed-volumes of 100 mM Tris (pH 8.0) and then with another 20 bed-volumes of 10 mM Tris (pH 8.0), then eluted with 5 bed volumes of 50 mM glycine (pH 3.0). The eluates from the columns were immediately neutralized by addition of 1/10 volume of 1 M Tris (pH 8.0), followed by concentration on a Centricon-10 device (Amicon). To deplete anti-SR1 antibodies from the antiserum, an equal volume of nickle-agarose beads was incubated with (or, for control, without) purified His-SR1 protein (1 mg/ml) at 4°C for 4 hr. After washing three times with F12 medium, the beads were incubated at 4°C for 3 hr with an equal volume of anti-SR1 serum. The supernatants were collected and then subjected to protein A-agarose affinity purification as described above.

Immunoprecipitation and Western analysis

To detect AP or AP fusion proteins by Western blotting, aliquots of the concentrated conditioned media were resolved by SDS-PAGE (8% gel). After transfer to nitrocellulose (Amersham), the proteins were probed with rabbit anti-AP antibody (DAKO). The blot was developed with BCIP and NBT as the substrate.

5 To detect an interaction between SR1 and SemaIII, 100 μ l protein A-agarose beads (GIBCO BRL) were first incubated with 5 μ g of anti-AP monoclonal antibody (Medix Biotech) in IP buffer (20 mM Hepes, pH 7.0, 100 mM NaCl, 1 mM EDTA, 1 mM DTT, and 0.02% NP-40) at 4°C for 2 hr. After washing three times with 1 ml of IP buffer, half of the beads (50 μ l) were incubated with 2 μ g of Kit-AP (Flanagan and Leder, 10 1990) or SR1-AP protein (containing the entire SR1 ectodomain) at 4°C for another 2 hr. Beads conjugated with recombinant proteins were then washed three times with IP buffer, and resuspended into 40 μ l IP buffer containing 2 μ g of myc-tagged Sema III protein. After the mixtures were incubated at 4°C for 3 hr, the beads were washed six times with 1 ml IP buffer. The bound proteins were released by boiling the beads in 50 μ l SDS-
15 containing sample buffer and analyzed by SDS-PAGE (8% gel) and Western blotting with a monoclonal antibody (9E10) against a C-terminal Myc-epitope tag.

Immunohistochemistry

For immunostaining to detect the expression of SR1 in E14 rat spinal cord, cryostat sections (10 μ m) from unfixed frozen embryos were collected and fixed with acetone for 5 min. The staining was performed with preimmune serum (1:500), or anti-SR1 serum (1:500) as the primary antibody and biotinylated goat anti-rabbit Ig (5 ng/ml, Biorad) as the secondary antibody. Diaminobenzidine (Sigma) was used as a chromogen, with signal enhancement by a Vectastain Elite ABC kit (Vector). For staining of cultured cells, E14 rat DRG were cultured as above for 20 hr, incubated with the anti-SR1
25 antiserum or preimmune serum (1/500 dilution) for 1 hr at room temperature, washed 3 times, fixed with methanol, and the bound antibody was visualized using a Cy3-conjugated secondary antibody (Jackson Immunological Laboratories).

Collapse assay

The collapse assay was performed essentially as described by Raper and
30 Kapfhammer (1990) and Luo et al. (1993), with minor modifications. In brief, DRG explants were dissected from E14 rat embryos, and cultured at 37°C in 5% CO₂ for 16-

20 hr on six-well plates precoated with poly-D-lysine (Sigma) and laminin (Becton Dickinson Labware) in F12/N3 medium containing 0.5% FCS and 25 ng/ml 2.5 S NGF. Small volumes of concentrated conditioned medium containing AP, SemaIII-AP, or SemaIII-myc were gently added into the culture medium, and the cultures were kept at 37°C for 1 hr. The explants were fixed with 4% PFA in PBS containing 10% sucrose for 15 min, then incubated with PHTX (PBS / 1% heat-inactivated goat serum / 1% Triton X-100) for 15 min. The explants were then stained with 2 µg/ml Rhodamine-Phalloidin (Molecular Probes) for 30 min, washed, and mounted with Fluoromount G (Fisher). As a control, aliquots of L-α-lysophosphatidic acid (LPA, Sigma) were added into the cultures at a final concentration of 1 µM (Jalink et al., 1994) and the cultures were incubated at 37°C for 3 min prior to fixation and staining. To examine the effect of preimmune or anti-SR1 antisera, aliquots of each antiserum were added into the explant cultures, which were kept at 37°C for 30 min prior to the addition of SemaIII protein or LPA.

Repulsion assay

The repulsion assay was essentially as previously described (Messersmith et al., 1995). In brief, E14 rat DRG explants were dissected and embedded in collagen gels with control 293 EBNA cells or 293 EBNA cells expressing SemaIII-AP. The indicated amount of antibodies were included into the culture medium (F12/N3 medium containing 0.5% FCS and 25 ng/ml 2.5 S NGF). After incubation at 37°C for 40 hr, the explants were fixed with 4% PFA in PBS for 2 hr, and followed by immunostaining with a neurofilament-specific antibody (NF-M, 1:1500; Lee et al., 1987) and a horseradish peroxidase-conjugated secondary antibody (Boehringer-Mannheim; 1:250) as described (Kennedy et al., 1994; Messersmith et al., 1995). The quantification of neurite outgrowth was performed as described (Messersmith et al., 1995).

Identification of Neuropilin-2

The extracellular domain of neuropilin-1 is comprised of several predicted structural domains: two CUB motifs (domains a1 and a2), two domains of homology to coagulation factors V and VIII (domains b1 and b2) and a MAM domain (domain c) (Takagi et al., 1991; Kawakami et al., 1996) (Figure 1 and 2a). To determine whether neuropilin-1 is a member of a family of related molecules, we searched for relatives by reverse transcription-PCR (RT-PCR) using three sets of degenerate forward primers (5.1, 5.2 and 5.3) and three sets of degenerate reverse primers (3.1, 3.2, and 3.3). The primers

were designed based on the sequences conserved among domain a2 and other CUB domain proteins (primer set 5.1), domains b1 and/or b2 and coagulation factors V and VIII (primer sets 5.2, 5.3 and 3.1), domain c and other MAM domain proteins (primer set 3.2), or a sequence in the cytoplasmic domain that is highly conserved among neuropilin homologues from different species (primer set 3.3) (see Experimental Procedures).

5 Sequences were amplified from whole E11 mouse embryo mRNA and adult mouse brain mRNA using all pairwise combinations of 5' and 3' primer sets (except 5.3 and 3.1). In all cases, products of the size expected for neuropilin-1 were amplified and subcloned. More than a dozen cDNAs for each pair of primer sets were sequenced, and in all cases mouse *neuropilin-1* sequences were recovered. In addition, several of the cDNAs
10 obtained by RT-PCR using primer sets 5.2 (b1 domain, KEWQVD) and 3.3 (cytoplasmic domain, ENYNFE) encoded overlapping sequences that were related but not identical to a portion of the *neuropilin-1* sequence. These sequences were extended in both the 5' and 3' directions using a combination of cDNA library screening and RACE (rapid amplification of cDNA ends) (see Experimental Procedures).

15 From these experiments, the full length sequence of a new neuropilin-1-related molecule was assembled (Figure 3), which has been named neuropilin-2. By screening the expressed sequence tag (EST) data bases, we were also able to assemble the sequences of several human ESTs to predict the sequence of human neuropilin-2, which shares high homology (90% identity) with that of mouse neuropilin-2. The overall
20 structure predicted for neuropilin-2 is identical to that of neuropilin-1, with all the same functional domains (Figure 4A). At the amino acid level, the sequence of neuropilin-2 is 44% identical to that of neuropilin-1, in both mouse and human. The homology is distributed over the entire length of the proteins, with highest homology in the transmembrane domain.

25 In the course of these experiments (see Experimental Procedures), we also discovered evidence for the existence of alternative forms of neuropilin-2 which may arise by alternative splicing. First, an alternate form with a divergent carboxy terminus was identified, which we have named neuropilin-2(b0) (we will use the names neuropilin-2 and neuropilin-2(a0) interchangeably to refer to the original isoform). The sequence of
30 neuropilin-2(b0) diverges from that of neuropilin-2(a0) at amino acid 809, between the MAM domain and the transmembrane domain of neuropilin-2(a0) (Figure 4C).

Neuropilin-2(b0) is predicted from hydrophobicity analysis to have a transmembrane domain, followed by a cytoplasmic domain of similar length to that in neuropilin-2(a0), but these two domains are highly divergent from those of neuropilin-2(a0), sharing only 10% identity. An expressed sequence tag (EST) encoding human sequences (346bp fragment) corresponding to a portion of this diverged sequence was also found in the dbEST database (AA25840) (Figure 4C). To test the prediction that neuropilin-2(b0) is a transmembrane protein, we tagged this protein at its carboxyl terminus with a myc-epitope, expressed the tagged construct by transient transfection into COS 7 cells, and examined expression of the tagged protein using monoclonal antibody 9E10 directed against the epitope tag (Evan et al., 1985). Detection of the myc-tag at the carboxyl terminus of neuropilin-2(b0) by immunostaining required detergent permeabilization of the transfected cells, indicating that neuropilin-2 is indeed a transmembrane protein.

In addition, we found other isoforms of neuropilin-2(a0), including isoforms with insertions of 5, 17, or 22 (5+17) amino acids at amino acid 809 in neuropilin-2(a0), i.e. at the site of divergence of the a and b isoforms of neuropilin-2 (Figure 4B). The 22 amino acid insertion is the sum of the 5 and the 17 amino acid insertions (Figure 4B). We term these isoforms neuropilin-2(a5), neuropilin-2(a17) and neuropilin-2(a22). The isoform reported by Kolodkin et al. (1997) appears to be the rat neuropilin-2(a17) isoform. Similarly, we have found an isoform of neuropilin-2(b0) with the very same 5 amino acid insertion at amino acid 809, and which we name neuropilin-2(b5) (Figure 4B). The pattern of combinations of the 5 and 17 amino acid inserts that we have observed in different neuropilin-2 isoforms indicates that these different isoforms arise from splicing in of separate exons encoding the 5 and 17 amino acid stretches.

To determine whether the a and b isoforms of neuropilin-2 show different temporal patterns of expression, we performed RT-PCR using a 5' primer designed to a sequence shared between all neuropilin-2 isoforms, and two 3' primers unique to the sequences in the cytoplasmic domains of neuropilin-2(a) and of neuropilin-2(b) (see Experimental Procedures). Using E11 whole mouse embryo mRNA as a template we found that at E11 only an amplification product corresponding to neuropilin-2(a) could be detected. However, using adult mouse brain mRNA as a template, we detected amplification products corresponding to both neuropilin-2(a) and neuropilin-2(b). Taken together, these results indicate that different isoforms of neuropilin-2 might arise by

alternative splicing and that this splicing are regulated in a time-dependent or a cell type-dependent fashion.

Neuropilin-2 is expressed by specific classes of developing neurons. To determine whether neuropilin-2, like neuropilin, is a candidate for a receptor involved in axonal growth or guidance, we examined by in situ hybridization whether *neuropilin-2* mRNA is expressed by embryonic neurons during the period of axonal extension. Given the large number of isoforms of neuropilin-2 that appear to exist, we decided in this first survey to use a probe corresponding to sequences that extend from domain b2 through the cytoplasmic domain of neuropilin-2(a0) (see Experimental Procedures). Most of this probe corresponds to sequences that are shared between all isoforms.

Spinal cord. We first examined the pattern of expression of *neuropilin-2* in the region of the developing mouse spinal cord during the period of initial extension of axons of motor and sensory neurons (from E9.5), at the level of the forelimbs. This pattern was highly dynamic. *Neuropilin-2* mRNA was detected in the ventral spinal cord of E9.5 embryos, including the region of developing motoneurons. Expression was also strong in the floor plate and in tissue adjacent to the neural tube, including the somites and prospective dorsal root ganglia (DRGs) but not the notochord. Between E10.5 and E13.5 we compared the expression of *neuropilin-2* to that of *neuropilin-1*, which has already been described (Kawakami et al., 1996). By E10.5, the level of neuropilin-2 expression had increased in the spinal cord. The whole ventral half of the spinal cord including the floor plate was heavily labeled, but expression was also strong in cells localized in the lateral margin of the dorsal aspect of the spinal cord, which may include commissural neuron cell bodies. *Neuropilin-1* expression was also detected in the ventral spinal cord but only in motoneurons, and was very weak or absent from the floor and roof plates. *Neuropilin-2* and *neuropilin-1* mRNAs were also coexpressed in prospective DRGs, although *neuropilin-2* expression was in addition high in non-neural tissues surrounding the spinal cord. A similar pattern of *neuropilin-2* expression was observed at E11.5. At E13.5, *neuropilin-2* expression had decreased and was now restricted to the ventral portion of the spinal cord. Both *neuropilins* were still expressed in motoneurons, but *neuropilin-2*-expressing cells were found throughout in the entire ventral spinal cord whereas the expression pattern of *neuropilin-1* was more restricted. In addition, *neuropilin-1* was now strongly expressed in the dorsal spinal cord and in the DRGs,

whereas *neuropilin-2* expression in the DRGs was very weak, and only just above background level. Weak expression of *neuropilin-1* was also detected in the floor plate at this stage, but contrary to *neuropilin-2*, it was absent from the roof plate. Expression of *neuropilin-2* at E15.5 was unchanged in the spinal cord, though no expression was detectable in DRGs at this stage.

5 Sympathetic ganglia. As early as E11.5, *neuropilin-2* was detected in the ganglia of the sympathetic chain. This expression was more intense by E13.5, and had slightly decreased by E15.5. At this stage *neuropilin-2* mRNA could also be detected in neurons of the superior cervical ganglion. Expression was also observed in the region of the enteric nervous system.

10 Olfactory system. High level *neuropilin-2* expression was detected in all components of the olfactory system. Intense staining was observed at E13.5 and E15.5 in the vomeronasal organ, as well as in the accessory olfactory bulb, its target territory in the forebrain. *Neuropilin-1* is not expressed in the accessory olfactory system (Kawakami et al., 1996).

15 By E15.5, the olfactory epithelium strongly expressed *neuropilin-2*, but this expression was not homogenous, being higher rostrally. A high level of *neuropilin-2* mRNA was observed in the anterior olfactory nucleus and in the telencephalic regions interconnected to the olfactory bulb, such as the amygdala, the piriform cortex and the entorhinal cortex.

20 Neocortex. *Neuropilin-2* expression in the cortex was first detected around E13.5, and was restricted to the intermediate zone of the ventral and lateral regions of the cortex. The mesenchymal cells covering the cortex also showed high level expression of *neuropilin-2*. By E15.5 the staining was still confined to the intermediate zone, and was stronger in its lower portion. At birth, *neuropilin-2* expression was no longer detected in
25 the cortex, with the exception of the cingulate cortex.

 Hippocampal formation. The pattern of expression of *neuropilin-2* was particularly interesting in the components of the hippocampal formation. *Neuropilin-2* could be detected as early as E13.5 in the hippocampus, and by E15.5 expression was evident in both the dentate gyrus and in cells of CA3 and CA1 fields. The hybridization
30 signal was uninterrupted and formed a continuum with *neuropilin-2* expressing cells in the intermediate zone of the neocortex. By P0, expression of *neuropilin-2* was still very

high in granule cells of the dentate gyrus, the hilus, and in the pyramidal cell layer, intermediate zone, and in the interneurons of the CA3-CA1 fields. Expression was also observed in the subiculum but not the presubiculum or the parasubiculum. At this stage, *neuropilin-2* expression was also very intense in most of the brain regions that project to the hippocampus. The neurons of the entorhinal cortex which project massively through the so-called perforant pathway to the dentate gyrus, the hippocampus and the subiculum, expressed *neuropilin-2*. Cells in the septal region (medial septum, diagonal band of Broca), another major source of afferent fibers to the hippocampal formation, also strongly expressed *neuropilin-2* at E15.5 and at birth.

Visual system. At E11.5, *neuropilin-2* was very highly expressed in the mesenchyme surrounding the eye-cup and the optic nerve, but was absent from the retina. At E15.5, low expression of *neuropilin-2* mRNA was detected in the ganglion cell layer, and diffuse expression was observed in the superior colliculus, one of the targets of retinal axons. By P0, *neuropilin-2* was very highly expressed in the most superficial layers of the superior colliculus, and at a lower level in the other layers. Expression stopped abruptly at the boundary between superior and inferior colliculus. Expression was not observed in the lateral geniculate nucleus of the thalamus at birth.

Thalamus. *Neuropilin-2* was also expressed at birth in several thalamic nuclei such as the medial habenula.

Cerebellum. *Neuropilin-2* expression was detected as early as E13.5 in the cerebellar primordium, and increased in level by E15.5. At P0, *neuropilin-2* was expressed in subsets of deep nuclei neurons as well as in stripes of Purkinje cells. *Neuropilin-1*, in contrast, is not expressed in the cerebellum (Kawakami et al., 1996).

Hindbrain nuclei. *Neuropilin-2* was detected at E15.5 and at birth (P0), in several branchiomotor nuclei, such as the trigeminal, facial and hypoglossal motor nuclei, but not in the dorsal motor nucleus of the vagus. We have not determined when expression in these nuclei starts. Lower levels of expression were observed in the regions of the inferior olive and vestibular nuclei. Expression was not detected in the pons, a region known to express *neuropilin-1* at high level (Kawakami et al., 1996).

Expression of *neuropilin-2* in non-neural tissues. In addition to its expression in the CNS, *neuropilin-2* was also detected in many non-neural tissues. At E10.5 it was expressed in the limb bud in restricted areas in the regions of the dorsal and ventral

muscle masses. Later on, expression was also observed in the developing bones, in particular in the vertebrae, ribs and digits. Expression of *neuropilin-2* was also observed in several muscles such as the back muscles and the tongue, and the strongest expression was observed in the region of the smooth muscles of the gut. Expression was also observed in the intestinal epithelium, as well as in cells in the kidney, the submandibular gland, the lung, the whisker follicles of the snout, and in the inner ear. In contrast to *neuropilin-1* (Kawakami et al., 1996), *neuropilin-2* expression was not detected in the heart or in capillaries, but was found in the dorsal aorta.

Different binding patterns of neuropilin-1 and neuropilin-2 to different semaphorin family members. To test whether neuropilin-2, like neuropilin-1, is also a receptor for *Sema III*, we transiently expressed neuropilin-1, neuropilin-2(a0), -2(a5), -2(a22) and -2(b5) in COS-7 cells, for use in binding experiments. We were able to detect expression of neuropilin-1 and the different isoforms of neuropilin-2 in COS cells by immunostaining using either a polyclonal antibody against neuropilin-1 (He and Tessier-Lavigne, 1997) or monoclonal antibody 9E10 against the myc-tag at the carboxy terminus of all the neuropilin-2 isoforms. Western blot analysis showed that neuropilin-2 isoforms expressed in COS cells had the expected size of ~120kDa. To test for interactions with *Sema III*, we used a chimeric molecule in which *Sema III* was fused at its carboxy terminus to the histochemical reporter alkaline phosphatase (*Sema III*-AP: He and Tessier-Lavigne, 1997). Partially purified conditioned medium containing *Sema III*-AP was incubated with COS cells expressing neuropilins, and bound protein was detected by alkaline phosphatase histochemistry. As expected, *Sema III*-AP bound cells expressing neuropilin-1 (He and Tessier-Lavigne, 1997), and the alkaline phosphatase protein (AP) itself did not bind mock-transfected cells, cells expressing neuropilin-1, or any of the neuropilin-2 isoforms. Surprisingly, none of the isoforms of neuropilin-2 tested showed any detectable binding of *Sema III*-AP. We considered the possibility that neuropilin-2 binds the C terminal domain of *Sema III* and that the absence of binding was an artifact resulting from fusion of AP to the carboxy terminal portion of *Sema III*, masking the binding site. To address this possibility, we made use of a chimeric molecule in which AP is fused to the amino terminus of C domain of *Sema III* (AP-C: He and Tessier-Lavigne, 1997). The AP-C protein bound cells expressing neuropilin-1 but not cells expressing any of the neuropilin-2 isoforms. Thus, the absence of binding of full length

Sema III-AP to cells expressing the different neuropilin-2 isoforms reflects a bona fide absence of binding of Sema III to neuropilin-2.

Since Sema III itself does not appear to bind neuropilin-2, we wondered whether neuropilin-2 might be a receptor for other members of the semaphorin family. Sema III is a member of a subfamily of structurally-related molecules within the semaphorin family that includes the members Sema E/Collapsin-3 (Luo et al., 1995; Püschel et al., 1995), Sema IV/Sema 3F (Sekido et al., 1996; Roche et al., 1996; Xiang et al., 1996), Sema A/Sema V (Sekido et al., 1996), and Sema H. Like Sema III, all of these proteins are secreted proteins possessing a semaphorin domain, an immunoglobulin domain and a basic carboxy terminal domain (Püschel et al., 1995; Luo et al., 1995). We therefore examined whether two of these molecules, Sema E and Sema IV, are ligands for neuropilin-1 and/or neuropilin-2. In addition, we tested another secreted semaphorin, *Drosophila* Sema II (Kolodkin et al., 1993), which is more distantly related in sequence, as well as a more divergent semaphorin, the transmembrane Sema VIa (Zhou, et al 1997). As for Sema III, we tested the ability of COS cells expressing neuropilin-1 or neuropilin-2 to bind chimeric molecules in which alkaline phosphatase was fused to Sema E, Sema IV, *Drosophila* D-Sema II or the ectodomain of Sema VIa (see Experimental Procedures). These AP fusion proteins were presented to the cells in the form of partially purified conditioned media from cells expressing each of the proteins; media were matched for AP activity. We found that both neuropilin and different isoforms of neuropilin-2 expressing cells bound Sema E-AP and Sema IV-AP. In contrast, neither neuropilin-1 nor any of the neuropilin-2 isoforms expressed in COS cells showed detectable binding to the AP fusions with D-Sema II or the Sema VIa ectodomain. In control experiments, we found that Sema E-AP and Sema IV-AP did not bind mock-transfected COS cells or COS cells expressing the netrin-1 receptor DCC.

We estimated the binding affinity of the AP fusions of Sema III, Sema E and Sema IV to cells expressing neuropilin-1 or neuropilin-2 in equilibrium binding experiments. For these experiments, we used the $\alpha 5$ isoform of neuropilin-2. Specific binding curves of these molecules showed saturation and could be fitted with the Hill equation (Fig. 5A-5C). The estimated dissociation constants (K_d) for Sema E binding to neuropilin-1 and neuropilin-2 were 5 nM and 18 nM, respectively. Those for Sema IV binding to neuropilin-1 and neuropilin-2 were 30 nM and 5 nM, respectively. No

detectable binding of Sema III to neuropilin-2 expressing cells was detected, while the estimated Kd for Sema III binding to neuropilin-1 was 0.325 nM (see also He and Tessier-Lavigne, 1997). Similar Kd values were obtained using the b5 isoform of neuropilin-2 and the degree of binding of different semaphorins to cells all isoforms tested appeared similar.

5 Dynamic expression of *neuropilin-2* complementary to that of *neuropilin-1*. The specific pattern of expression of *neuropilin-2* indicates the involvement of members of the Sema III subfamily other than Sema III itself in the guidance of a variety of different axonal classes, in particular in the spinal cord, olfactory system, and hippocampus.

10 In the spinal cord, commissural axons are guided along a dorso-ventral trajectory at least partly in response to the diffusible chemoattractant netrin-1 (Serafini et al., 1996). *Neuropilin-2* transcripts are detected in the region of commissural neuron cell bodies, indicating that commissural neurons express *neuropilin-2*. Since *Sema E* is expressed in the ventral spinal cord (Püschel et al., 1995), this semaphorin might contribute to the guidance of commissural axons. Our in situ hybridization studies also indicate that
15 different motoneuron populations express different complements of neuropilins, and therefore might respond differentially to different secreted semaphorins expressed in the periphery (Püschel et al., 1995; Wright et al., 1995; Giger et al., 1996). Thus, different semaphorins can contribute to patterning the projections of motor axons to distinct peripheral targets (Tsushida et al., 1994). The olfactory system is another site of
20 significant *neuropilin-2* expression, suggesting a role for secreted semaphorins distinct from Sema III in guidance in this system. Axons from the olfactory bulb are known to be repelled by an unidentified septum-derived chemorepellent (Pini, 1993). *Neuropilin-2* transcripts are expressed in the region of the cell bodies of origin of these axons in the bulb, indicating that a secreted semaphorin can function as a septal-derived
25 chemorepellent. Another interesting finding is that *neuropilin-2* expression in the olfactory epithelium (presumably by primary olfactory neurons) is not uniform, indicating that secreted semaphorins can play a role in differential guidance of different complements of primary olfactory axons, contributing to the creation of an olfactory map.

30 *Neuropilins* are also expressed in the sites of origin of afferent projections to the hippocampus. Afferents to the hippocampus are known to be topographically organized,

with septal, hippocampal, and entorhinal axons projecting to distinct dendritic locations on granule and pyramidal neurons (Paxinos 1995). *Neuropilin-1* and *-2* are expressed by the septal and hippocampal neurons, whereas only *neuropilin-2* is expressed by entorhinal neurons. *Sema E* and *Sema IV* are highly expressed in the hippocampus (Püschel et al., 1995; Sekido et al., 1996), and these semaphorins can therefore contribute to the

5 patterning of hippocampal afferent projections as well.

Finally, the observation that *neuropilin-2* is expressed in many non-neuronal tissues also indicates the involvement of semaphorins other than Sema III in organogenesis outside the nervous system. A role for secreted semaphorins in tumor suppression is indicated by the fact that *neuropilin-2* is expressed in the lung, since *Sema IV* and *Sema A/V* map to a region of chromosome 3p that is frequently deleted in small cell lung cancer, and which is thought to contain a tumor suppressor gene for lung cancer (Roche et al., 1996; Sekido et al., 1996; Xiang et al., 1996).

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Experimental Procedures: Isolation of neuropilin-2 and its splice variants

Six sets of fully degenerate oligonucleotides were used to perform RT-PCR using pfu polymerase (Stratagene) on mRNA isolated from E11 whole mouse embryo and adult mouse brain. Primers were designed to conserved amino acid sequences in the $\alpha 2$ domain of neuropilin, the $\beta 1$ domain, the $\beta 2$ domain, the MAM domain and the cytoplasmic domain. For each of the reactions, DNA bands of the size expected for neuropilin-1 were excised, and the gel purified DNA was subjected to secondary PCR amplification using the same primers but with an EcoR I site at the 5' terminus of forward primers and an Xba I site in the reverse primers. The PCR products were cloned into pBluescript KS(-) and sequenced. From one of these reactions, a novel sequence corresponding to neuropilin-2 was isolated (see Results). A 1.2kb fragment of *neuropilin-2* was used as a probe to screen an adult mouse brain gt11 lambda phage library (Clontech). Partial cDNA fragments isolated in this way corresponded to two presumptive differential splicing isoforms, the a and b forms, with or without the 5, 17 and 22 amino acid insertions (Figure 4). In order to obtain a full length cDNA, 5' RACE was performed on cDNA isolated from E11 mouse whole embryo and adult mouse brain. The 5'-RACE products were cloned into pBluescript KS(-) with 5' Not I and 3' Xho I sites, and sequenced.

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cDNAs containing the entire coding regions of the a and b isoforms of neuropilin-2 were assembled, with and without various combinations of the 5, 17 and 22 amino acid

insertions (see Results).

In situ hybridization. A 1200 nucleotide fragment of neuropilin-2 was used to generate digoxigenin (DIG)-labeled and ³⁵S-labeled antisense and sense RNA probes. In situ hybridization was performed on vibratome sections of P0 mouse brain with the DIG-labeled probe, and using the radioactive probe on cryosections taken at various stages
5 between E9.5 and P0. The in situ hybridization procedures using digoxigenin-labeled probes were as described previously (Chédotal et al., 1996), and procedure using radioactive probes was as described by Messersmith et al. (1995).

Plasmid construction. The coding regions of neuropilin-2 of alternative splicing forms, deleted of their signal sequences, were subcloned into the expression vector
10 pSecTag-A (Invitrogen) in the Hind III (5'-end) and Xba I (3'-end) sites and transiently transfected into COS 7 cells using Lipofectamine (GIBCO BRL). Expression of neuropilin-2 isoforms was detected by immunocytochemistry and Western analysis using monoclonal antibody 9E10 (to the myc tag at the C terminus of the neuropilin-2 isoforms).

The semaphorin III-AP fusion protein was described previously (He and Tessier-Lavigne, 1997). The mouse Sema E clone was obtained by PCR from P0 mouse brain cDNAs, using the PCR primers. The amplified band was subcloned into the expression
15 vector, APTag-4 vector which a sequence coding for secreted alkaline phosphatase. The human Sema IV clone was subcloned in pSecTag-A (Invitrogen), which also contains the secreted alkaline phosphatase.
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Semaphorin-AP fusion protein binding assay. The semaphorin-AP fusion protein binding experiments was as described by Cheng and Flanagan (1994), with the exception that in order to reduce background binding, 2 µg/ml of heparin was included in the binding mixture. Briefly, neuropilin-1 and neuropilin-2 expression constructs were
25 transiently expressed in COS 7 cells as described above. After 48 hours of transfection, expressing cells were rinsed with HBHA buffer (Hank's balanced salt solution with 20 mM HEPES pH 7.0, 0.05% sodium azide) (Cheng and Flanagan, 1994). Concentrated supernatant containing semaphorin-AP fusion proteins in the presence of 20 mM HEPES and 0.05 % of sodium azide was incubated with expressing COS cells at room
30 temperature for 75 minutes, followed by heat inactivation of endogenous alkaline phosphatase, washing, and color development as described by Cheng and Flanagan

(1994).

Protocol for high throughput SR-SemaIII binding assay.

A. Reagents:

- Neutralite Avidin: 20 µg/ml in PBS.
- Blocking buffer: 5% BSA, 0.5% Tween 20 in PBS; 1 hour at room temperature.
- Assay Buffer: 100 mM KCl, 20 mM HEPES pH 7.6, 1 mM MgCl₂, 1% glycerol, 0.5% NP-40, 50 mM β-mercaptoethanol, 1 mg/ml BSA, cocktail of protease inhibitors.
- ³²P SR polypeptide 10x stock: 10⁻⁸ - 10⁻⁶ M "cold" SR polypeptide specific SR domain supplemented with 200,000-250,000 cpm of labeled SR (Beckman counter). Place in the 4°C microfridge during screening.

- Protease inhibitor cocktail (1000X): 10 mg Trypsin Inhibitor (BMB # 109894), 10 mg Aprotinin (BMB # 236624), 25 mg Benzamidine (Sigma # B-6506), 25 mg Leupeptin (BMB # 1017128), 10 mg APMSF (BMB # 917575), and 2mM NaVO₃ (Sigma # S-6508) in 10 ml of PBS.

- SemaIII: 10⁻⁷ - 10⁻⁵ M biotinylated SemaIII in PBS.

B. Preparation of assay plates:

- Coat with 120 µl of stock N-Avidin per well overnight at 4°C.
- Wash 2 times with 200 µl PBS.
- Block with 150 µl of blocking buffer.
- Wash 2 times with 200 µl PBS.

C. Assay:

- Add 40 µl assay buffer/well.
- Add 10 µl compound or extract.
- Add 10 µl ³³P-SR (20-25,000 cpm/0.1-10 pmoles/well = 10⁻⁹ - 10⁻⁷ M final conc).
- Shake at 25°C for 15 minutes.
- Incubate additional 45 minutes at 25°C.
- Add 40 µM biotinylated SemaIII (0.1-10 pmoles/40 ul in assay buffer)
- Incubate 1 hour at room temperature.
- Stop the reaction by washing 4 times with 200 µM PBS.
- Add 150 µM scintillation cocktail.
- Count in Topcount.

D. Controls for all assays (located on each plate):

- a. Non-specific binding
- b. Soluble (non-biotinylated SemaIII) at 80% inhibition.

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25 All publications and patent applications cited in this specification are herein incorporated by reference as if each individual publication or patent application were specifically and individually indicated to be incorporated by reference. Although the foregoing invention has been described in some detail by way of illustration and example for purposes of clarity of understanding, it will be readily apparent to those of ordinary skill in the art in light of the teachings of this invention that certain changes and

30 modifications may be made thereto without departing from the spirit or scope of the appended claims.

SEQUENCE LISTING

(1) GENERAL INFORMATION:

(i) APPLICANT: Tessier-Lavigne, Marc
He, Zhigang
Chen, Hang

(ii) TITLE OF INVENTION: Semaphorin Receptors

(iii) NUMBER OF SEQUENCES: 26

(iv) CORRESPONDENCE ADDRESS:

(A) ADDRESSEE: SCIENCE & TECHNOLOGY LAW GROUP
(B) STREET: 75 DENISE DRIVE
(C) CITY: HILLSBOROUGH
(D) STATE: CALIFORNIA
(E) COUNTRY: USA
(F) ZIP: 94010

(v) COMPUTER READABLE FORM:

(A) MEDIUM TYPE: Floppy disk
(B) COMPUTER: IBM PC compatible
(C) OPERATING SYSTEM: PC-DOS/MS-DOS
(D) SOFTWARE: PatentIn Release #1.0, Version #1.30

(vi) CURRENT APPLICATION DATA:

(A) APPLICATION NUMBER:
(B) FILING DATE:
(C) CLASSIFICATION:

(viii) ATTORNEY/AGENT INFORMATION:

(A) NAME: OSMAN, RICHARD A
(B) REGISTRATION NUMBER: 36,627
(C) REFERENCE/DOCKET NUMBER: UC97-288-2

(ix) TELECOMMUNICATION INFORMATION:

(A) TELEPHONE: (650) 343-4341
(B) TELEFAX: (650) 343-4342

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:1:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

(A) LENGTH: 2772 base pairs
(B) TYPE: nucleic acid
(C) STRANDEDNESS: double
(D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: cDNA

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:1:

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TCTCCTGGTT ATCCTCATTG TTATCACCCA AGTGAAAAAT GCGAATGGCT GATTCAGGCT 180
CCGGACCCAT ACCAGAGAAT TATGATCAAC TTCAACCCTC ACTTCGATTG GGAGGACAGA 240
GACTGCAAGT ATGACTACGT GGAAGTCTTC GATGGAGAAA ATGAAAATGG ACATTTTAGG 300
GGAAAGTTCT GTGGAAAGAT AGCCCCTCCT CCTGTTGTGT CTTCAGGGCC ATTTCTTTT 360
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TTCAAGAGAG GTCCTGAATG TTCCAGAAC TACACAACAC CTAGTGGAGT GATAAAGTCC 480
CCCGGATTCC CTGAAAAATA TCCCAACAGC CTTGAATGCA CTTATATTGT CTTTGCGCCA 540
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CCAGGGGGGA TGTTCGTGCG CTACGACCGG CTAGAAATCT GGGATGGATT CCTGATGTT 660
GGCCCTCACA TTGGGCGTTA CTGTGGACAG AAAACACCAG GTCGAATCCG ATCCTCATCG 720
GGCATTCTCT CCATGGTTTT TTACACCGAC AGCGCGATAG CAAAAGAAGG TTTCTCAGCA 780
AACTACAGTG TCTTGACAG CAGTGTCTCA GAAGATTCA AATGTATGGA AGCTCTGGGC 840
ATGGAATCAG GAGAAATTCA TTCTGACCAG ATCAGAGCTT CTTCCAGTA TAGCACCAC 900
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TCCTACCGAG AGTGGATACA GGTAGACTTG GGCCTTCTGC GCTTTGTAC GGCTGTCCGG 1020
ACACAGGGCG CCATTTCAAA AGAAACCAAG AAGAAATATT ATGTCAAGAC TTACAAGATC 1080

human SP1

	GACGTTAGCT	CCAACGGGGA	AGACTGGATC	ACCATAAAAG	AAGGAAACAA	ACCTGTTCTC	1140
	TTTCAGGGAA	ACACCAACCC	CACAGATGTT	GTGGTTGCAG	TATTCCTCCAA	ACCACTGATA	1200
	ACTCGATTG	TCCGAATCAA	GCCTGCAACT	TGGGAACTG	GCATATCTAT	GAGATTGAA	1260
	GTATACGGT	GCAAGATAAC	AGATTATCCT	TGCTCTGGAA	TGTTGGGTAT	GGTGTCTGGA	1320
5	CTTATTTCTG	ACTCCCAGAT	CACATCATCC	AACCAAGGAG	ACAGAACTG	GATGCCTGAA	1380
	AACATCCGCC	TGTAACCAG	TCGCTCTGGC	TGGGCACTTC	CACCCGCACC	TCATTCTCTAC	1440
	ATCAATGAGT	GGCTCCAAAT	AGACCTGGGG	GAGGAGAAGA	TCGTGAGGGG	CATCATCATT	1500
	CAGGGTGGGA	AGCACCAGAG	GAACAAGGTG	TTCATGAGGA	AGTTCAAGAT	CGGGTACAGC	1560
	AACAACGGCT	CGGACTGGAA	GATGATCAG	GATGACAGCA	AACGCAAGGC	GAAGTCTTTT	1620
10	GAGGGCAACA	ACAACATATGA	TACACCTGAG	CTGCGGACTT	TTCCAGCTCT	CTCCACGCGA	1680
	TTCATCAGGA	TCTACCCCGA	GAGAGCCACT	CATGGCGGAC	TGGGGCTCAG	AATGGAGCTG	1740
	CTGGGCTGTG	AAGTGAAGC	CCCTACAGCT	GGACCGACCA	CTCCCAACGG	GAACCTTGGTG	1800
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15	TCAGAGTTTC	CAACATATGG	TTTAACTGT	GAATTTGGCT	GGGGCTCTCA	CAAGACCTTC	1980
	TGCCACTGGG	AACATGACAA	TCACGTGCAG	CTCAAGTGGG	GTGTGTTGAC	CAGCAAGACG	2040
	GGACCCATTC	AGGATCACAC	AGGAGATGGC	AACTTCATCT	ATTCCCAAGC	TGACGAAAAT	2100
	CAGAAGGGCA	AAGTGGCTCG	CCTGGTGAGC	CCTGTGGTTT	ATTCCAGAA	CTCTGCCCAC	2160
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20	CGCTACCAGA	AGCCAGAGGA	GTACGATCAG	CTGCTCTGGA	TGGCCATTGG	ACACCAAGGT	2280
	GACCACTGGA	AGGAAGGGCG	TGTCTTGCTC	CACAAGTCTC	TGAACTTTA	TCAGGTGATT	2340
	TTCCAGGGCG	AAATCGGAAA	AGGAAACCTT	GGTGGGATTG	CTGTGGATGA	CATTAGTATT	2400
	AATAACCACA	TTTCACAAGA	AGATTGTGCA	AAACCAGCAG	ACCTGGATAA	AAAGAACCCA	2460
	GAAATTAATA	TTGATGAAAC	AGGGAGCAGC	CCAGGATACG	AAGGTGAAGG	AGAAGGTGAC	2520
25	AAGAACATCT	CCAGGAAGCC	AGGCAATGTG	TTGAAGACCT	TAGAACCCAT	CCTCATCACC	2580
	ATCATAGCCA	TGAGCGCCCT	GGGGGTCTCT	CTGGGGGCTG	TCTGTGGGGT	CGTGCTGTAC	2640
	TGTGCCTGTT	GGCATAATGG	GATGTGAGAA	AGAAACTTGT	CTGCCCTGGA	GAATATAAC	2700
	TTTGAACCTG	TGGATGGTGT	GAAGTTGAAA	AAAGACAAAC	TGAATACACA	GAGTACTTAT	2760
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30

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:2:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

(A) LENGTH: 2588 amino acids

(B) TYPE: amino acid

(C) STRANDEDNESS: single

35

(D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: peptide

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:2:

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40	Glu	Leu	Glu	Cys	Tyr	Ser	Ala	Leu	Ala	Val	Ala	Leu	Leu	Glu	Ala	Leu
					20					25					30	
	Ala	Leu	Glu	Val	Ala	Leu	Leu	Glu	Ala	Leu	Ala	Pro	Arg	Ala	Leu	Ala
					35					40					45	
45	Gly	Leu	Tyr	Ala	Leu	Ala	Pro	His	Glu	Ala	Arg	Gly	Ala	Ser	Asn	Ala
					50					55					60	
	Ser	Pro	Gly	Leu	Cys	Tyr	Ser	Gly	Leu	Tyr	Ala	Ser	Pro	Thr	His	Arg
					65					70					75	
	Ile	Leu	Glu	Leu	Tyr	Ser	Ile	Leu	Glu	Gly	Leu	Ser	Glu	Arg	Pro	Arg
					85					90					95	
50	Gly	Leu	Tyr	Thr	Tyr	Arg	Leu	Glu	Thr	His	Arg	Ser	Glu	Arg	Pro	Arg
					100					105					110	
	Gly	Leu	Tyr	Thr	Tyr	Arg	Pro	Arg	His	Ile	Ser	Ser	Glu	Arg	Thr	Tyr
					115					120					125	
55	Arg	His	Ile	Ser	Pro	Arg	Ser	Glu	Arg	Gly	Leu	Leu	Tyr	Ser	Cys	Tyr
					130					135					140	
	Ser	Gly	Leu	Thr	Arg	Pro	Leu	Glu	Ile	Leu	Glu	Gly	Leu	Asn	Ala	Leu

41

Arg His Ile Ser Ile Leu Glu Gly Leu Tyr Ala Arg Gly Thr Tyr Arg
 610 615 620
 Cys Tyr Ser Gly Leu Tyr Gly Leu Asn Leu Tyr Ser Thr His Arg Pro
 625 630 635 640
 Arg Gly Leu Tyr Ala Arg Gly Ile Leu Glu Ala Arg Gly Ser Glu Arg
 645 650 655
 Ser Glu Arg Ser Glu Arg Gly Leu Tyr Ile Leu Glu Leu Glu Ser Glu
 660 665 670
 Arg Met Glu Thr Val Ala Leu Pro His Glu Thr Tyr Arg Thr His Arg
 675 680 685
 Ala Ser Pro Ser Glu Arg Ala Leu Ala Ile Leu Glu Ala Leu Ala Leu
 690 695 700
 Tyr Ser Gly Leu Gly Leu Tyr Pro His Glu Ser Glu Arg Ala Leu Ala
 705 710 715 720
 Ala Ser Asn Thr Tyr Arg Ser Glu Arg Val Ala Leu Leu Glu Gly Leu
 725 730 735
 Asn Ser Glu Arg Ser Glu Arg Val Ala Leu Ser Glu Arg Gly Leu Ala
 740 745 750
 Ser Pro Pro His Glu Leu Tyr Ser Cys Tyr Ser Met Glu Thr Gly Leu
 755 760 765
 Ala Leu Ala Leu Glu Gly Leu Tyr Met Glu Thr Gly Leu Ser Glu Arg
 770 775 780
 Gly Leu Tyr Gly Leu Ile Leu Glu His Ile Ser Ser Glu Arg Ala Ser
 785 790 795 800
 Pro Gly Leu Asn Ile Leu Glu Thr His Arg Ala Leu Ala Ser Glu Arg
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 Ser Glu Arg Gly Leu Asn Thr Tyr Arg Ser Glu Arg Thr His Arg Ala
 820 825 830
 Ser Asn Thr Arg Pro Ser Glu Arg Ala Leu Ala Gly Leu Ala Arg Gly
 835 840 845
 Ser Glu Arg Ala Arg Gly Leu Glu Ala Ser Asn Thr Tyr Arg Pro Arg
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 Gly Leu Ala Ser Asn Gly Leu Tyr Thr Arg Pro Thr His Arg Pro Arg
 865 870 875 880
 Gly Leu Tyr Gly Leu Ala Ser Pro Ser Glu Arg Thr Tyr Arg Ala Arg
 885 890 895
 Gly Gly Leu Thr Arg Pro Ile Leu Glu Gly Leu Asn Val Ala Leu Ala
 900 905 910
 Ser Pro Leu Glu Gly Leu Tyr Leu Glu Leu Glu Ala Arg Gly Pro His
 915 920 925
 Glu Val Ala Leu Thr His Arg Ala Leu Ala Val Ala Leu Gly Leu Tyr
 930 935 940
 Thr His Arg Gly Leu Asn Gly Leu Tyr Ala Leu Ala Ile Leu Glu Ser
 945 950 955 960
 Glu Arg Leu Tyr Ser Gly Leu Thr His Arg Leu Tyr Ser Leu Tyr Ser
 965 970 975
 Leu Tyr Ser Thr Tyr Arg Thr Tyr Arg Val Ala Leu Leu Tyr Ser Thr
 980 985 990
 His Arg Thr Tyr Arg Leu Tyr Ser Ile Leu Glu Ala Ser Pro Val Ala
 995 1000 1005
 Leu Ser Glu Arg Ser Glu Arg Ala Ser Asn Gly Leu Tyr Gly Leu Ala
 1010 1015 1020
 Ser Pro Thr Arg Pro Ile Leu Glu Thr His Arg Ile Leu Glu Leu Tyr
 1025 1030 1035 1040
 Ser Gly Leu Gly Leu Tyr Ala Ser Asn Leu Tyr Ser Pro Arg Val Ala
 1045 1050 1055
 Leu Leu Glu Pro His Glu Gly Leu Asn Gly Leu Tyr Ala Ser Asn Thr

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	1075	1080	1085
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	1090	1095	1100
5	Arg Leu Tyr Ser Pro Arg Leu Glu Ile Leu Glu Thr His Arg Ala Arg		
	1105	1110	1115
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	1125	1130	1135
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10	1140	1145	1150
	Gly Leu Tyr Ile Leu Glu Ser Glu Arg Met Glu Thr Ala Arg Gly Pro		
	1155	1160	1165
	His Glu Gly Leu Val Ala Leu Thr Tyr Arg Gly Leu Tyr Cys Tyr Ser		
	1170	1175	1180
15	Leu Tyr Ser Ile Leu Glu Thr His Arg Ala Ser Pro Thr Tyr Arg Pro		
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	1205	1210	1215
	Leu Tyr Met Glu Thr Val Ala Leu Ser Glu Arg Gly Leu Tyr Leu Glu		
20	1220	1225	1230
	Ile Leu Glu Ser Glu Arg Ala Ser Pro Ser Glu Arg Gly Leu Asn Ile		
	1235	1240	1245
	Leu Glu Thr His Arg Ser Glu Arg Ser Glu Arg Ala Ser Asn Gly Leu		
	1250	1255	1260
25	Asn Gly Leu Tyr Ala Ser Pro Ala Arg Gly Ala Ser Asn Thr Arg Pro		
	1265	1270	1275
	Met Glu Thr Pro Arg Gly Leu Ala Ser Asn Ile Leu Glu Ala Arg Gly		
	1285	1290	1295
	Leu Glu Val Ala Leu Thr His Arg Ser Glu Arg Ala Arg Gly Ser Glu		
30	1300	1305	1310
	Arg Gly Leu Tyr Thr Arg Pro Ala Leu Ala Leu Glu Pro Arg Pro Arg		
	1315	1320	1325
	Ala Leu Ala Pro Arg His Ile Ser Ser Glu Arg Thr Tyr Arg Ile Leu		
	1330	1335	1340
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	Glu Ala Ser Pro Leu Glu Gly Leu Tyr Gly Leu Gly Leu Leu Tyr Ser		1360
	1365	1370	1375
	Ile Leu Glu Val Ala Leu Ala Arg Gly Gly Leu Tyr Ile Leu Glu Ile		
40	1380	1385	1390
	Leu Glu Ile Leu Glu Gly Leu Asn Gly Leu Tyr Gly Leu Tyr Leu Tyr		
	1395	1400	1405
	Ser His Ile Ser Ala Arg Gly Gly Leu Ala Ser Asn Leu Tyr Ser Val		
	1410	1415	1420
45	Ala Leu Pro His Glu Met Glu Thr Ala Arg Gly Leu Tyr Ser Pro His		
	1425	1430	1435
	Glu Leu Tyr Ser Ile Leu Glu Gly Leu Tyr Thr Tyr Arg Ser Glu Arg		1440
	1445	1450	1455
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50	1460	1465	1470
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	1475	1480	1485
	Pro Ala Ser Pro Ser Glu Arg Leu Tyr Ser Ala Arg Gly Leu Tyr Ser		
	1490	1495	1500
55	Ala Leu Ala Leu Tyr Ser Ser Glu Arg Pro His Glu Gly Leu Gly Leu		
	1505	1510	1515
			1520

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 1585 1590 1595 1600
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 1665 1670 1675 1680
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 1685 1690 1695
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 1700 1705 1710
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 1730 1735 1740
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 1745 1750 1755 1760
 Arg Gly Leu Leu Tyr Ser Pro Arg Thr His Arg Val Ala Leu Ile Leu
 1765 1770 1775
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 1780 1785 1790
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 1795 1800 1805
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 1810 1815 1820
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 1825 1830 1835 1840
 Leu Tyr Ser Thr His Arg Pro His Glu Cys Tyr Ser His Ile Ser Thr
 1845 1850 1855
 Arg Pro Gly Leu His Ile Ser Ala Ser Pro Ala Ser Asn His Ile Ser
 1860 1865 1870
 Val Ala Leu Gly Leu Asn Leu Glu Leu Tyr Ser Thr Arg Pro Ser Glu
 1875 1880 1885
 Arg Val Ala Leu Leu Glu Thr His Arg Ser Glu Arg Leu Tyr Ser Thr
 1890 1895 1900
 His Arg Gly Leu Tyr Pro Arg Ile Leu Glu Gly Leu Asn Ala Ser Pro
 1905 1910 1915 1920
 His Ile Ser Thr His Arg Gly Leu Tyr Ala Ser Pro Gly Leu Tyr Ala
 1925 1930 1935
 Ser Asn Pro His Glu Ile Leu Glu Thr Tyr Arg Ser Glu Arg Gly Leu
 1940 1945 1950
 Asn Ala Leu Ala Ala Ser Pro Gly Leu Ala Ser Asn Gly Leu Asn Leu
 1955 1960 1965
 Tyr Ser Gly Leu Tyr Leu Tyr Ser Val Ala Leu Ala Leu Ala Arg

	1970	1975	1980
	Gly Leu Glu Val Ala Leu Ser Glu Arg Pro Arg Val Ala Leu Val Ala		
	1985	1990	1995
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	2005	2010	2015
5	Ala Leu Ala His Ile Ser Cys Tyr Ser Met Glu Thr Thr His Arg Pro		
	2020	2025	2030
	His Glu Thr Arg Pro Thr Tyr Arg His Ile Ser Met Glu Thr Ser Glu		
	2035	2040	2045
10	Arg Gly Leu Tyr Ser Glu Arg His Ile Ser Val Ala Leu Gly Leu Tyr		
	2050	2055	2060
	Thr His Arg Leu Glu Ala Arg Gly Val Ala Leu Leu Tyr Ser Leu Glu		
	2065	2070	2075
	Ala Arg Gly Thr Tyr Arg Gly Leu Asn Leu Tyr Ser Pro Arg Gly Leu		
	2085	2090	2095
15	Gly Leu Thr Tyr Arg Ala Ser Pro Gly Leu Asn Leu Glu Val Ala Leu		
	2100	2105	2110
	Thr Arg Pro Met Glu Thr Ala Leu Ala Ile Leu Glu Gly Leu Tyr His		
	2115	2120	2125
20	Ile Ser Gly Leu Asn Gly Leu Tyr Ala Ser Pro His Ile Ser Thr Arg		
	2130	2135	2140
	Pro Leu Tyr Ser Gly Leu Gly Leu Tyr Ala Arg Gly Val Ala Leu Leu		
	2145	2150	2155
	Glu Leu Glu His Ile Ser Leu Tyr Ser Ser Glu Arg Leu Glu Leu Tyr		
	2165	2170	2175
25	Ser Leu Glu Thr Tyr Arg Gly Leu Asn Val Ala Leu Ile Leu Glu Pro		
	2180	2185	2190
	His Glu Gly Leu Gly Leu Tyr Gly Leu Ile Leu Glu Gly Leu Tyr Leu		
	2195	2200	2205
30	Tyr Ser Gly Leu Tyr Ala Ser Asn Leu Glu Gly Leu Tyr Gly Leu Tyr		
	2210	2215	2220
	Ile Leu Glu Ala Leu Ala Val Ala Leu Ala Ser Pro Ala Ser Pro Ile		
	2225	2230	2235
	Leu Glu Ser Glu Arg Ile Leu Glu Ala Ser Asn Ala Ser Asn His Ile		
	2245	2250	2255
35	Ser Ile Leu Glu Ser Glu Arg Gly Leu Asn Gly Leu Ala Ser Pro Cys		
	2260	2265	2270
	Tyr Ser Ala Leu Ala Leu Tyr Ser Pro Arg Ala Leu Ala Ala Ser Pro		
	2275	2280	2285
40	Leu Glu Ala Ser Pro Leu Tyr Ser Leu Tyr Ser Ala Ser Asn Pro Arg		
	2290	2295	2300
	Gly Leu Ile Leu Glu Leu Tyr Ser Ile Leu Glu Ala Ser Pro Gly Leu		
	2305	2310	2315
	Thr His Arg Gly Leu Tyr Ser Glu Arg Thr His Arg Pro Arg Gly Leu		
	2325	2330	2335
45	Tyr Thr Tyr Arg Gly Leu Gly Leu Tyr Gly Leu Gly Leu Tyr Gly Leu		
	2340	2345	2350
	Gly Leu Tyr Ala Ser Pro Leu Tyr Ser Ala Ser Asn Ile Leu Glu Ser		
	2355	2360	2365
50	Glu Arg Ala Arg Gly Leu Tyr Ser Pro Arg Gly Leu Tyr Ala Ser Asn		
	2370	2375	2380
	Val Ala Leu Leu Glu Leu Tyr Ser Thr His Arg Leu Glu Gly Leu Pro		
	2385	2390	2395
	Arg Ile Leu Glu Leu Glu Ile Leu Glu Thr His Arg Ile Leu Glu Ile		
	2405	2410	2415
55	Leu Glu Ala Leu Ala Met Glu Thr Ser Glu Arg Ala Leu Ala Leu Glu		
	2420	2425	2430

Gly Leu Tyr Val Ala Leu Leu Glu Leu Glu Gly Leu Tyr Ala Leu Ala
 2435 2440 2445
 Val Ala Leu Cys Tyr Ser Gly Leu Tyr Val Ala Leu Val Ala Leu Leu
 2450 2455 2460
 Glu Thr Tyr Arg Cys Tyr Ser Ala Leu Ala Cys Tyr Ser Thr Arg Pro
 2465 2470 2475 2480
 His Ile Ser Ala Ser Asn Gly Leu Tyr Met Glu Thr Ser Glu Arg Gly
 2485 2490 2495
 Leu Ala Arg Gly Ala Ser Asn Leu Glu Ser Glu Arg Ala Leu Ala Leu
 2500 2505 2510
 Glu Gly Leu Ala Ser Asn Thr Tyr Arg Ala Ser Asn Pro His Glu Gly
 2515 2520 2525
 Leu Leu Glu Val Ala Leu Ala Ser Pro Gly Leu Tyr Val Ala Leu Leu
 2530 2535 2540
 Tyr Ser Leu Glu Leu Tyr Ser Leu Tyr Ser Ala Ser Pro Leu Tyr Ser
 2545 2550 2555 2560
 Leu Glu Ala Ser Asn Thr His Arg Gly Leu Asn Ser Glu Arg Thr His
 2565 2570 2575
 Arg Thr Tyr Arg Ser Glu Arg Gly Leu Ala Leu Ala
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(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:3:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 2766 base pairs
 (B) TYPE: nucleic acid
 (C) STRANDEDNESS: double
 (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: cDNA

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:3:

ATGGAGAGGG GGCTGCCGTT GCTGTGCGCC ACGCTCGCCC TTGCCCTCGC CCTGGGGGCT 60
 TTCCGCAGCG ATAAATGTGG CGGGACTATA AAAATTGAAA ACCCGGGGTA CCTTACATCT 120
 CCCGGCTACC CTCATTCTTA CCATCCAAGT GAGAAATGTG AATGGCTAAT CCAAGCTCCG 180
 GAGCCCTACC AGAGAATCAT GATCAACTTC AACCACATT TCGATTGGA GGACAGAGAC 240
 TGCAAGTATG ACTATGTGGA AGTGATCGAT GGAGAGAATG AAGGTGGCCG CCTGTGGGGG 300
 AAGTTCTGTG GGAAGATCGC ACCTTCACCT GTGGTGTCTT CAGGGCCATT TCTCTTCATC 360
 AAATTGTCT CTGACTATGA GACCCACGGG GCAGGATTTT CCATCCGCTA TGAAATCTTC 420
 AAGAGAGGGC CCGAATGTTT TCAGAACTAT ACAGCACCTA CTGGAGTGAT AAAGTCCCCT 480
 GGGTTCCCTG AAAAATACCC CAACAGCTTG GAGTGCACCT ACATCATCTT TGCACCAAAG 540
 ATGTCTGAGA TAATCCTAGA GTTTGAAAGT TTTGACCTGG AGCAAGACTC AAATCCTCCC 600
 GGAGGAATGT TCTGTGCTA TGACCGGCTG GAGATCTGGG ATGGATTCCC TGAAGTTGGC 660
 CCTCACATTG GGCCTTACTG TGGGCAGAAA ACTCCTGGCC GGATCCGCTC CTCTTCAGGC 720
 ATTCTATCCA TGGTCTTCTA CACTGACAGC GCAATAGCAA AGGAAGGTTT CTCAGCCAAC 780
 TACAGCGTGC TGCAGAGCAG CATCTCTGAA GATTTCAAGT GTATGGAGGC TCTGGGCATG 840
 GAATCTGGAG AGATCCATTC TGACCAGATC ACTGCATCTT CCCAGTATGG TACCAACTGG 900
 TCTGTTGAGC GCTCCCGCCT GAATACCCCT GAAAACGGGT GGACACCAGG AGAGGACTCC 960
 TACAGGGAGT GGATCCAGGT GGAATTTGGG CTCTGCGAT TCGTTACTGC TGTGGGGACA 1020
 CAGGGTGCCA TTTCCAAGGA AACCAAGAAG AAATATTATG TCAAGACTTA CAGAGTAGAC 1080
 ATCAGCTCCA ACGGAGAGGA CTGGATCACC CTGAAGGAGG GAAATAAAGC CATTATCTTT 1140
 CAGGGAAACA CCAATCCAC GGATGTTGTC TTTGGAGTTT TCCCAAACC ACTGATAACT 1200
 CGATTGTGCC GAATCAAACC TGCATCTTGG GAAACTGGAA TATCTATGAG ATTTGAAGTT 1260
 TATGGCTGCA AGATAACAGA TTACCCTTGC TCTGGAATGT TGGGCATGGT GTCTGGACTT 1320
 ATTCAGATC CCAAGATTAC AGCATCCAAC CAAGGAGACA GGAAGTGGAT GCCAGAAAAC 1380
 ATCCGCTGG TGACCAAGTC AACCGGCTGG GCCCTGCCAC CCTCACCCA CCCATACATC 1440
 AATGAATGGC TCCAAGTGA CTTGGGAGAT GAGAAGATAG TAAGAGGTGT CATCATTCAA 1500
 GGTGGGAAGC ACCGAGAAA CAAAGTGTTC ATGAGGAAGT TCAAGATCGC CTACAGTAAC 1560
 AATGGTTCTG ACTGAAAAAT GATCATGGAT GACAGCAAGC GCAAGGCTAA GTCTTTTGAA 1620
 GGCAACAACA ACTATGACAC ACCTGAGCTC CGGGCCTTTA CACCTCTCTC CACAAGATTCT 1680

5 ATCAGGATCT ACCCCGAGAG AGCCACACAT AGTGGGCTCG GACTGAGGAT GGAGCTACTG 1740
 GGCTGTGAAG TAGAAGTGCC TACAGCTGGA CCCACGACAC CCAATGGGAA CCCCGTGGAC 1800
 GAGTGTGACG ATGACCAGGC CAACTGCCAC AGTGGCACAG GTGATGACTT CCAGCTCACA 1860
 GGAGGCACCA CTGTCCTGGC CACAGAGAAG CCCACCATTA TAGACAGCAC CATCCAATCA 1920
 GAGTTCCCGA CATACGGTTT TAACTGCGAG TTGGGCTGGG GCTCTCACA GACATTCTGC 1980
 CACTGGGAAC ATGACAGCCA CGCGCAGCTC AGGTGGAGGG TGCTGACCAG CAAGACGGGG 2040
 CCCATTCAGG ACCACACAGG AGATGGCAAC TTCATCTATT CCCAAGCTGA TGAAAATCAG 2100
 AAAGGCAAAG TAGCCCGCCT GGTGAGCCCT GTGGTCTATT CCCAGAGTTC TGCCCACTGC 2160
 ATGACCTTCT GGTATCACAT GTCCGGCTCT CATGTGGGTA CACTGAGGGT CAAACTGCAC 2220
 TACCAGAAGC CAGAGGAATA TGATCAACTG GTCTGGATGG TGTCGGGCA CCAAGGAGAC 2280
 10 CACTGGAAGG AAGGGCGTGT CTTGCTGCAC AAATCTCTGA AACTGTATCA GGTATTATTT 2340
 GAAGGTGAAA TCGGAAAAGG AAACCTCGGT GGGATTGCTG TGGATGATAT CAGTATTAAC 2400
 AACCACATTC CTCAGGAGGA CTGTGCAAAA CCAACAGACC TAGATAAAAA GAACACAGAA 2460
 ATTTAAATAG ATGAAACAGG GAGCACCCCA GGATATGAAG AAGGGAAAAG CGACAAGAAC 2520
 ATCTCCAGGA AGCCAGGCAA TGTGCTTAAG ACCCTGGACC CCATCCTGAT CACCATCATA 2580
 15 GCCATGAGTG CCCTGGGGGT GCTCCTGGGT CAGTCTGTG GAGTTGTGCT GTACTGTGCC 2640
 TGTGTGCACA ATGGGATGTC GGAAAGGAAC CTATCTGCCC TGGAGAACTA TAACTTTGAA 2700
 CTTGTGGATG GTGTAAAGTT GAAAAAGAT AAATGAACC CACACAGTAA TTAATCAGAG 2760
 CCGTGA

20 (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:4:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 2584 amino acids
 (B) TYPE: amino acid
 (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
 (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

25 (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: peptide

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:4:

30 Met Glu Thr Gly Leu Ala Arg Gly Gly Leu Tyr Leu Glu Pro Arg Leu
 1 5 10 15
 Glu Leu Glu Cys Tyr Ser Ala Leu Ala Thr His Arg Leu Glu Ala Leu
 20 25 30
 Ala Leu Glu Ala Leu Ala Leu Glu Ala Leu Ala Leu Glu Gly Leu Tyr
 35 40 45
 Ala Leu Ala Pro His Glu Ala Arg Gly Ser Glu Arg Ala Ser Pro Leu
 50 55 60
 35 Tyr Ser Cys Tyr Ser Gly Leu Tyr Gly Leu Tyr Thr His Arg Ile Leu
 65 70 75 80
 Glu Leu Tyr Ser Ile Leu Glu Gly Leu Ala Ser Asn Pro Arg Gly Leu
 85 90 95
 40 Tyr Thr Tyr Arg Leu Glu Thr His Arg Ser Glu Arg Pro Arg Gly Leu
 100 105 110
 Tyr Thr Tyr Arg Pro Arg His Ile Ser Ser Glu Arg Thr Tyr Arg His
 115 120 125
 Ile Ser Pro Arg Ser Glu Arg Gly Leu Leu Tyr Ser Cys Tyr Ser Gly
 130 135 140
 45 Leu Thr Arg Pro Leu Glu Ile Leu Glu Gly Leu Asn Ala Leu Ala Pro
 145 150 155 160
 Arg Gly Leu Pro Arg Thr Tyr Arg Gly Leu Asn Ala Arg Gly Ile Leu
 165 170 175
 50 Glu Met Glu Thr Ile Leu Glu Ala Ser Asn Pro His Glu Ala Ser Asn
 180 185 190
 Pro Arg His Ile Ser Pro His Glu Ala Ser Pro Leu Glu Gly Leu Ala
 195 200 205
 Ser Pro Ala Arg Gly Ala Ser Pro Cys Tyr Ser Leu Tyr Ser Thr Tyr
 210 215 220
 55 Arg Ala Ser Pro Thr Tyr Arg Val Ala Leu Gly Leu Val Ala Leu Ile

	225	Leu	Glu	Ala	Ser	Pro	Gly	Leu	Tyr	Gly	Leu	Ala	Ser	Asn	Gly	Leu	Gly	240
						245					250							255
		Leu	Tyr	Gly	Leu	Tyr	Ala	Arg	Gly	Leu	Glu	Thr	Arg	Pro	Gly	Leu	Tyr	
					260					265								270
5		Leu	Tyr	Ser	Pro	His	Glu	Cys	Tyr	Ser	Gly	Leu	Tyr	Leu	Tyr	Ser	Ile	
					275					280					285			
		Leu	Glu	Ala	Leu	Ala	Pro	Arg	Ser	Glu	Arg	Pro	Arg	Val	Ala	Leu	Val	
					290					295				300				
10		Ala	Leu	Ser	Glu	Arg	Ser	Glu	Arg	Gly	Leu	Tyr	Pro	Arg	Pro	His	Glu	
		305					310						315				320	
		Leu	Glu	Pro	His	Glu	Ile	Leu	Glu	Leu	Tyr	Ser	Pro	His	Glu	Val	Ala	
						325						330					335	
		Leu	Ser	Glu	Arg	Ala	Ser	Pro	Thr	Tyr	Arg	Gly	Leu	Thr	His	Arg	His	
					340					345					350			
15		Ile	Ser	Gly	Leu	Tyr	Ala	Leu	Ala	Gly	Leu	Tyr	Pro	His	Glu	Ser	Glu	
				355					360					365				
		Arg	Ile	Leu	Glu	Ala	Arg	Gly	Thr	Tyr	Arg	Gly	Leu	Ile	Leu	Glu	Pro	
				370				375					380					
20		His	Glu	Leu	Tyr	Ser	Ala	Arg	Gly	Gly	Leu	Tyr	Pro	Arg	Gly	Leu	Cys	
		385					390						395				400	
		Tyr	Ser	Ser	Glu	Arg	Gly	Leu	Asn	Ala	Ser	Asn	Thr	Tyr	Arg	Thr	His	
						405					410					415		
		Arg	Ala	Leu	Ala	Pro	Arg	Thr	His	Arg	Gly	Leu	Tyr	Val	Ala	Leu	Ile	
					420					425					430			
25		Leu	Glu	Leu	Tyr	Ser	Ser	Glu	Arg	Pro	Arg	Gly	Leu	Tyr	Pro	His	Glu	
				435					440					445				
		Pro	Arg	Gly	Leu	Leu	Tyr	Ser	Thr	Tyr	Arg	Pro	Arg	Ala	Ser	Asn	Ser	
				450				455					460					
30		Glu	Arg	Leu	Glu	Gly	Leu	Cys	Tyr	Ser	Thr	His	Arg	Thr	Tyr	Arg	Ile	
		465					470					475					480	
		Leu	Glu	Ile	Leu	Glu	Pro	His	Glu	Ala	Leu	Ala	Pro	Arg	Leu	Tyr	Ser	
					485						490					495		
		Met	Glu	Thr	Ser	Glu	Arg	Gly	Leu	Ile	Leu	Glu	Ile	Leu	Glu	Leu	Glu	
					500					505						510		
35		Gly	Leu	Pro	His	Glu	Gly	Leu	Ser	Glu	Arg	Pro	His	Glu	Ala	Ser	Pro	
				515					520					525				
		Leu	Glu	Gly	Leu	Gly	Leu	Asn	Ala	Ser	Pro	Ser	Glu	Arg	Ala	Ser	Asn	
				530				535					540					
40	</																	

Ser Glu Arg Ala Leu Ala Ile Leu Glu Ala Leu Ala Leu Tyr Ser Gly
 690 695 700
 Leu Gly Leu Tyr Pro His Glu Ser Glu Arg Ala Leu Ala Ala Ser Asn
 705 710 715 720
 Thr Tyr Arg Ser Glu Arg Val Ala Leu Leu Glu Gly Leu Asn Ser Glu
 725 730 735
 Arg Ser Glu Arg Ile Leu Glu Ser Glu Arg Gly Leu Ala Ser Pro Pro
 740 745 750
 His Glu Leu Tyr Ser Cys Tyr Ser Met Glu Thr Gly Leu Ala Leu Ala
 755 760 765
 Leu Glu Gly Leu Tyr Met Glu Thr Gly Leu Ser Glu Arg Gly Leu Tyr
 770 775 780
 Gly Leu Ile Leu Glu His Ile Ser Ser Glu Arg Ala Ser Pro Gly Leu
 785 790 795 800
 Asn Ile Leu Glu Thr His Arg Ala Leu Ala Ser Glu Arg Ser Glu Arg
 805 810 815
 Gly Leu Asn Thr Tyr Arg Gly Leu Tyr Thr His Arg Ala Ser Asn Thr
 820 825 830
 Arg Pro Ser Glu Arg Val Ala Leu Gly Leu Ala Arg Gly Ser Glu Arg
 835 840 845
 Ala Arg Gly Leu Glu Ala Ser Asn Thr Tyr Arg Pro Arg Gly Leu Ala
 850 855 860
 Ser Asn Gly Leu Tyr Thr Arg Pro Thr His Arg Pro Arg Gly Leu Tyr
 865 870 875 880
 Gly Leu Ala Ser Pro Ser Glu Arg Thr Tyr Arg Ala Arg Gly Gly Leu
 885 890 895
 Thr Arg Pro Ile Leu Glu Gly Leu Asn Val Ala Leu Ala Ser Pro Leu
 900 905 910
 Glu Gly Leu Tyr Leu Glu Leu Glu Ala Arg Gly Pro His Glu Val Ala
 915 920 925
 Leu Thr His Arg Ala Leu Ala Val Ala Leu Gly Leu Tyr Thr His Arg
 930 935 940
 Gly Leu Asn Gly Leu Tyr Ala Leu Ala Ile Leu Glu Ser Glu Arg Leu
 945 950 955 960
 Tyr Ser Gly Leu Thr His Arg Leu Tyr Ser Leu Tyr Ser Leu Tyr Ser
 965 970 975
 Thr Tyr Arg Thr Tyr Arg Val Ala Leu Leu Tyr Ser Thr His Arg Thr
 980 985 990
 Tyr Arg Ala Arg Gly Val Ala Leu Ala Ser Pro Ile Leu Glu Ser Glu
 995 1000 1005
 Arg Ser Glu Arg Ala Ser Asn Gly Leu Tyr Gly Leu Ala Ser Pro Thr
 1010 1015 1020
 Arg Pro Ile Leu Glu Thr His Arg Leu Glu Leu Tyr Ser Gly Leu Gly
 1025 1030 1035 1040
 Leu Tyr Ala Ser Asn Leu Tyr Ser Ala Leu Ala Ile Leu Glu Ile Leu
 1045 1050 1055
 Glu Pro His Glu Gly Leu Asn Gly Leu Tyr Ala Ser Asn Thr His Arg
 1060 1065 1070
 Ala Ser Asn Pro Arg Thr His Arg Ala Ser Pro Val Ala Leu Val Ala
 1075 1080 1085
 Leu Pro His Glu Gly Leu Tyr Val Ala Leu Pro His Glu Pro Arg Leu
 1090 1095 1100
 Tyr Ser Pro Arg Leu Glu Ile Leu Glu Thr His Arg Ala Arg Gly Pro
 1105 1110 1115 1120
 His Glu Val Ala Leu Ala Arg Gly Ile Leu Glu Leu Tyr Ser Pro Arg
 1125 1130 1135
 Ala Leu Ala Ser Glu Arg Thr Arg Pro Gly Leu Thr His Arg Gly Leu

1140 1145 1150
 Tyr Ile Leu Glu Ser Glu Arg Met Glu Thr Ala Arg Gly Pro His Glu
 1155 1160 1165
 Gly Leu Val Ala Leu Thr Tyr Arg Gly Leu Tyr Cys Tyr Ser Leu Tyr
 1170 1175 1180
 5 Ser Ile Leu Glu Thr His Arg Ala Ser Pro Thr Tyr Arg Pro Arg Cys
 1185 1190 1195 1200
 Tyr Ser Ser Glu Arg Gly Leu Tyr Met Glu Thr Leu Glu Gly Leu Tyr
 1205 1210 1215
 10 Met Glu Thr Val Ala Leu Ser Glu Arg Gly Leu Tyr Leu Glu Ile Leu
 1220 1225 1230
 Glu Ser Glu Arg Ala Ser Pro Ser Glu Arg Gly Leu Asn Ile Leu Glu
 1235 1240 1245
 Thr His Arg Ala Leu Ala Ser Glu Arg Ala Ser Asn Gly Leu Asn Gly
 1250 1255 1260
 15 Leu Tyr Ala Ser Pro Ala Arg Gly Ala Ser Asn Thr Arg Pro Met Glu
 1265 1270 1275 1280
 Thr Pro Arg Gly Leu Ala Ser Asn Ile Leu Glu Ala Arg Gly Leu Glu
 1285 1290 1295
 20 Val Ala Leu Thr His Arg Ser Glu Arg Ala Arg Gly Thr His Arg Gly
 1300 1305 1310
 Leu Tyr Thr Arg Pro Ala Leu Ala Leu Glu Pro Arg Pro Arg Ser Glu
 1315 1320 1325
 Arg Pro Arg His Ile Ser Pro Arg Thr Tyr Arg Ile Leu Glu Ala Ser
 1330 1335 1340
 25 Asn Gly Leu Thr Arg Pro Leu Glu Gly Leu Asn Val Ala Leu Ala Ser
 1345 1350 1355 1360
 Pro Leu Glu Gly Leu Tyr Ala Ser Pro Gly Leu Leu Tyr Ser Ile Leu
 1365 1370 1375
 30 Glu Val Ala Leu Ala Arg Gly Gly Leu Tyr Val Ala Leu Ile Leu Glu
 1380 1385 1390
 Ile Leu Glu Gly Leu Asn Gly Leu Tyr Gly Leu Tyr Leu Tyr Ser His
 1395 1400 1405
 Ile Ser Ala Arg Gly Gly Leu Ala Ser Asn Leu Tyr Ser Val Ala Leu
 1410 1415 1420
 35 Pro His Glu Met Glu Thr Ala Arg Gly Leu Tyr Ser Pro His Glu Leu
 1425 1430 1435 1440
 Tyr Ser Ile Leu Glu Ala Leu Ala Thr Tyr Arg Ser Glu Arg Ala Ser
 1445 1450 1455
 40 Asn Ala Ser Asn Gly Leu Tyr Ser Glu Arg Ala Ser Pro Thr Arg Pro
 1460 1465 1470
 Leu Tyr Ser Met Glu Thr Ile Leu Glu Met Glu Thr Ala Ser Pro Ala
 1475 1480 1485
 Ser Pro Ser Glu Arg Leu Tyr Ser Ala Arg Gly Leu Tyr Ser Ala Leu
 1490 1495 1500
 45 Ala Leu Tyr Ser Ser Glu Arg Pro His Glu Gly Leu Gly Leu Tyr Ala
 1505 1510 1515 1520
 Ser Asn Ala Ser Asn Ala Ser Asn Thr Tyr Arg Ala Ser Pro Thr His
 1525 1530 1535
 Arg Pro Arg Gly Leu Leu Glu Ala Arg Gly Ala Leu Ala Pro His Glu
 1540 1545 1550
 50 Thr His Arg Pro Arg Leu Glu Ser Glu Arg Thr His Arg Ala Arg Gly
 1555 1560 1565
 Pro His Glu Ile Leu Glu Ala Arg Gly Ile Leu Glu Thr Tyr Arg Pro
 1570 1575 1580
 55 Arg Gly Leu Ala Arg Gly Ala Leu Ala Thr His Arg His Ile Ser Ser
 1585 1590 1595 1600

Glu Arg Gly Leu Tyr Leu Glu Gly Leu Tyr Leu Glu Ala Arg Gly Met
 1605 1610 1615
 Glu Thr Gly Leu Leu Glu Leu Glu Gly Leu Tyr Cys Tyr Ser Gly Leu
 1620 1625 1630
 Val Ala Leu Gly Leu Val Ala Leu Pro Arg Thr His Arg Ala Leu Ala
 1635 1640 1645
 Gly Leu Tyr Pro Arg Thr His Arg Thr His Arg Pro Arg Ala Ser Asn
 1650 1655 1660
 Gly Leu Tyr Ala Ser Asn Pro Arg Val Ala Leu Ala Ser Pro Gly Leu
 1665 1670 1675 1680
 Cys Tyr Ser Ala Ser Pro Ala Ser Pro Ala Ser Pro Gly Leu Asn Ala
 1685 1690 1695
 Leu Ala Ala Ser Asn Cys Tyr Ser His Ile Ser Ser Glu Arg Gly Leu
 1700 1705 1710
 Tyr Thr His Arg Gly Leu Tyr Ala Ser Pro Ala Ser Pro His Glu
 1715 1720 1725
 Gly Leu Asn Leu Glu Thr His Arg Gly Leu Tyr Gly Leu Tyr Thr His
 1730 1735 1740
 Arg Thr His Arg Val Ala Leu Leu Glu Ala Leu Ala Thr His Arg Gly
 1745 1750 1755 1760
 Leu Leu Tyr Ser Pro Arg Thr His Arg Ile Leu Glu Ile Leu Glu Ala
 1765 1770 1775
 Ser Pro Ser Glu Arg Thr His Arg Ile Leu Glu Gly Leu Asn Ser Glu
 1780 1785 1790
 Arg Gly Leu Pro His Glu Pro Arg Thr His Arg Thr Tyr Arg Gly Leu
 1795 1800 1805
 Tyr Pro His Glu Ala Ser Asn Cys Tyr Ser Gly Leu Pro His Glu Gly
 1810 1815 1820
 Leu Tyr Thr Arg Pro Gly Leu Tyr Ser Glu Arg His Ile Ser Leu Tyr
 1825 1830 1835 1840
 Ser Thr His Arg Pro His Glu Cys Tyr Ser His Ile Ser Thr Arg Pro
 1845 1850 1855
 Gly Leu His Ile Ser Ala Ser Pro Ser Glu Arg His Ile Ser Ala Leu
 1860 1865 1870
 Ala Gly Leu Asn Leu Glu Ala Arg Gly Thr Arg Pro Ala Arg Gly Val
 1875 1880 1885
 Ala Leu Leu Glu Thr His Arg Ser Glu Arg Leu Tyr Ser Thr His Arg
 1890 1895 1900
 Gly Leu Tyr Pro Arg Ile Leu Glu Gly Leu Asn Ala Ser Pro His Ile
 1905 1910 1915 1920
 Ser Thr His Arg Gly Leu Tyr Ala Ser Pro Gly Leu Tyr Ala Ser Asn
 1925 1930 1935
 Pro His Glu Ile Leu Glu Thr Tyr Arg Ser Glu Arg Gly Leu Asn Ala
 1940 1945 1950
 Leu Ala Ala Ser Pro Gly Leu Ala Ser Asn Gly Leu Asn Leu Tyr Ser
 1955 1960 1965
 Gly Leu Tyr Leu Tyr Ser Val Ala Leu Ala Leu Ala Arg Gly Leu
 1970 1975 1980
 Glu Val Ala Leu Ser Glu Arg Pro Arg Val Ala Leu Val Ala Leu Thr
 1985 1990 1995 2000
 Tyr Arg Ser Glu Arg Gly Leu Asn Ser Glu Arg Ser Glu Arg Ala Leu
 2005 2010 2015
 Ala His Ile Ser Cys Tyr Ser Met Glu Thr Thr His Arg Pro His Glu
 2020 2025 2030
 Thr Arg Pro Thr Tyr Arg His Ile Ser Met Glu Thr Ser Glu Arg Gly
 2035 2040 2045
 Leu Tyr Ser Glu Arg His Ile Ser Val Ala Leu Gly Leu Tyr Thr His

	2050	2055	2060
	Arg Leu Glu Ala Arg Gly Val Ala Leu Leu Tyr Ser Leu Glu His Ile		
	2065	2070	2075 2080
	Ser Thr Tyr Arg Gly Leu Asn Leu Tyr Ser Pro Arg Gly Leu Gly Leu		
	2085	2090	2095
5	Thr Tyr Arg Ala Ser Pro Gly Leu Asn Leu Glu Val Ala Leu Thr Arg		
	2100	2105	2110
	Pro Met Glu Thr Val Ala Leu Val Ala Leu Gly Leu Tyr His Ile Ser		
	2115	2120	2125
10	Gly Leu Asn Gly Leu Tyr Ala Ser Pro His Ile Ser Thr Arg Pro Leu		
	2130	2135	2140
	Tyr Ser Gly Leu Gly Leu Tyr Ala Arg Gly Val Ala Leu Leu Glu Leu		
	2145	2150	2155 2160
	Glu His Ile Ser Leu Tyr Ser Ser Glu Arg Leu Glu Leu Tyr Ser Leu		
	2165	2170	2175
15	Glu Thr Tyr Arg Gly Leu Asn Val Ala Leu Ile Leu Glu Pro His Glu		
	2180	2185	2190
	Gly Leu Gly Leu Tyr Gly Leu Ile Leu Glu Gly Leu Tyr Leu Tyr Ser		
	2195	2200	2205
	Gly Leu Tyr Ala Ser Asn Leu Glu Gly Leu Tyr Gly Leu Tyr Ile Leu		
20	2210	2215	2220
	Glu Ala Leu Ala Val Ala Leu Ala Ser Pro Ala Ser Pro Ile Leu Glu		
	2225	2230	2235 2240
	Ser Glu Arg Ile Leu Glu Ala Ser Asn Ala Ser Asn His Ile Ser Ile		
	2245	2250	2255
25	Leu Glu Pro Arg Gly Leu Asn Gly Leu Ala Ser Pro Cys Tyr Ser Ala		
	2260	2265	2270
	Leu Ala Leu Tyr Ser Pro Arg Thr His Arg Ala Ser Pro Leu Glu Ala		
	2275	2280	2285
	Ser Pro Leu Tyr Ser Leu Tyr Ser Ala Ser Asn Thr His Arg Gly Leu		
30	2290	2295	2300
	Ile Leu Glu Leu Tyr Ser Ile Leu Glu Ala Ser Pro Gly Leu Thr His		
	2305	2310	2315 2320
	Arg Gly Leu Tyr Ser Glu Arg Thr His Arg Pro Arg Gly Leu Tyr Thr		
	2325	2330	2335
35	Tyr Arg Gly Leu Gly Leu Gly Leu Tyr Ser Gly Leu Tyr Ala		
	2340	2345	2350
	Ser Pro Leu Tyr Ser Ala Ser Asn Ile Leu Glu Ser Glu Arg Ala Arg		
	2355	2360	2365
	Gly Leu Tyr Ser Pro Arg Gly Leu Tyr Ala Ser Asn Val Ala Leu Leu		
40	2370	2375	2380
	Glu Leu Tyr Ser Thr His Arg Leu Glu Ala Ser Pro Pro Arg Ile Leu		
	2385	2390	2395 2400
	Glu Leu Glu Ile Leu Glu Thr His Arg Ile Leu Glu Ile Leu Glu Ala		
	2405	2410	2415
45	Leu Ala Met Glu Thr Ser Glu Arg Ala Leu Ala Leu Glu Gly Leu Tyr		
	2420	2425	2430
	Val Ala Leu Leu Glu Leu Glu Gly Leu Tyr Ala Leu Ala Val Ala Leu		
	2435	2440	2445
	Cys Tyr Ser Gly Leu Tyr Val Ala Leu Val Ala Leu Leu Glu Thr Tyr		
50	2450	2455	2460
	Arg Cys Tyr Ser Ala Leu Ala Cys Tyr Ser Thr Arg Pro His Ile Ser		
	2465	2470	2475 2480
	Ala Ser Asn Gly Leu Tyr Met Glu Thr Ser Glu Arg Gly Leu Ala Arg		
	2485	2490	2495
55	Gly Ala Ser Asn Leu Glu Ser Glu Arg Ala Leu Ala Leu Glu Gly Leu		
	2500	2505	2510

Ala Ser Asn Thr Tyr Arg Ala Ser Asn Pro His Glu Gly Leu Leu Glu
 2515 2520 2525
 Val Ala Leu Ala Ser Pro Gly Leu Tyr Val Ala Leu Leu Tyr Ser Leu
 2530 2535 2540
 Glu Leu Tyr Ser Leu Tyr Ser Ala Ser Pro Leu Tyr Ser Leu Glu Ala
 2545 2550 2555 2560
 Ser Asn Pro Arg His Ile Ser Ser Glu Arg Ala Ser Asn Thr Tyr Arg
 2565 2570 2575
 Ser Glu Arg Gly Leu Ala Leu Ala
 2580

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:5:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

(A) LENGTH: 3652 base pairs

(B) TYPE: nucleic acid

(C) STRANDEDNESS: double

(D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: cDNA

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:5:

TTTTTTTTTT TTTTTTTTTT TTTTTTTTTT TTTTCTCTCC TTCTTCTTCT TCCTGAGACA 60
 TGGCCCGGGC AGTGGCTCCT GGAAGAGGAA CAAGTGTGGG AAAAGGGAGA GGAAATCGGA 120
 GCTAAATGAC AGGATGCAGG CGACTTGAGA CACAAAAAGA GAAGCGCTTC TCGCGAATTC 180
 AGGCATTGCC TCGCCGCTAG CCTTCCCGGC CAAGACCCGC TGAGGATTTT ATGGTTCTTA 240
 GCGCGACTTA AGAGCGTTTC GGATTGTTAA GATTATCGTT TGCTGGTTTT TCGTCCGCGC 300
 AATCGTGTTC TCCTGCGGCT GCCTGGGGAC TGGCTTGGCG AAGGAGGATG GAGAGGGGGC 360
 TGCCGTTGCT GTGCGCCACG CTCGCCCTTG CCCTCGCCCT GGCGGGCGCT TTCCGACGCG 420
 ACAAATGTGG CGGGACCATA AAAATCGAAA ACCCAGGGTA CCTCACATCT CCCGGTTACC 480
 CTCATTCTTA CCATCCAAGT GAGAAGTGTG AATGGCTAAT CCAAGCTCCG GAACCCTACC 540
 AGAGAAATCAT AATCAACTTC AACCACATT TCGATTGGA GGACAGAGAC TGCAAGTATG 600
 ACTACGTGGA AGTAATTGAT GGGGAGAAATG AAGGCGGCCG CCTGTGGGGG AAGTTCTGTG 660
 GGAAGATTGC ACCTTCTCCT GTGGTGTCTT CAGGGCCCTT TCTCTTCATC AAATTTGTCT 720
 CTGACTATGA GACACATGGG GCAGGGTTTT CCATCCGCTA TGAATCTTC AAGAGAGGGC 780
 CCGAATGTTT TCAGAACTAT ACAGCACCTA CTGGAGTGAT AAAGTCCCTT GGGTTCCTTG 840
 AAAAATACCC CAACTGCTTG GAGTGACCT ACATCATCTT TGCACCAAAG ATGTCTGAGA 900
 TAATCCTGGA GTTTGAAAGT TTTGACCTGG AGCAAGACTC GAATCCTCCC GGAGGAATGT 960
 TCTGTCTGTA TGACCGGCTG GAGATCTGGG ATGGATTCCC TGAAGTTGGC CCTCACATTG 1020
 GCGGTTATTG TGGGCAGAAA ACTCCTGGCC GGATCCGCTC CTCTTCAGGC GTTCTATCCA 1080
 TGGTCTTTTA CACTGACAGC GCAATAGCAA AAGAAGGTTT CTCAGCCAAC TACAGTGTGC 1140
 TACAGAGCAG CATCTCTGAA GATTTTAAGT GTATGGAGGC TCTGGGCATG GAATCTGGAG 1200
 AGATCCATTC TGATCAGATC ACTGCATCTT CACAGTATGG TACCAACTGG TCTGTAGAGC 1260
 GCTCCCGCCT GAACTACCCCT GAAATGGGT GGACTCCAGG AGAAGACTCC TACAAGGAGT 1320
 GGATCCAGGT GGAATGGGC CTCCTGCGAT TCGTTACTGC TGTAGGGACA CAGGGTGCCA 1380
 TTTCCAAGGA AACCAAGAAG AAATATTATG TCAAGACTTA CAGAGTAGAC ATCAGCTCCA 1440
 ACGGAGAGGA CTGGATCTCC CTGAAAGAGG GAAATAAAGC CATTATCTTT CAGGGAAACA 1500
 CCAACCCAC AGATGTTGTC TTAGGAGTTT TCTCCAAACC ACTGATAACT CGATTTGTCC 1560
 GAATCAAACC TGATCCTGG GAAACTGGTA TATCTATGAG ATTTGAAGTT TATGGCTGCA 1620
 AGATAACAGA TTATCCTTGC TCTGGAATGT TGGGCATGGT GTCTGGAGTT ATTTGAGACT 1680
 CCCAGATTAC AGCATCCAAT CAAGCCGACA GGAATTGGAT GCCAGAAAAC ATCCGCTGCG 1740
 TGACCACTCG TACCGGCTGG GCACTGCCAC CCTCACCCCA CCCATACACC AATGAATGGC 1800
 TCCAAGTGGG CCTGGGAGAT GAGAAGATAG TAAGAGGTGT CATCATTCAG GGTGGGAAGC 1860
 ACCGAGAAAA CAAGGTGTTT ATGAGGAAGT TCAAGATCGC CTATAGTAAC AATGGCTCTG 1920
 ACTGGAAGAAC TATCATGGAT GACAGCAAGC GCAAGGCTAA GTCGTTGCGA GGCAACAACA 1980
 ACTATGACAC ACCTGAGCTT CGGACGTTTT CACCTCTCTC CACAAGGTTT ATCAGGATCT 2040
 ACCCTGAGAG AGCCACACAC AGTGGGCTTG GGCTGAGGAT GGAGCTACTG GGCTGTGAAG 2100
 TGGAAGCACC TACAGCTGGA CCAACCACAC CCAATGGGAA CCCAGTGCAAT GAGTGTGACG 2160
 ACGACCAAGC CAACTGCCAC AGTGGCACAG GTGATGACTT CCAGCTCACA GGAGGCACCA 2220
 CTGTCTTGCC CACAGAGAAG CCAACCATTG TAGACAGCAC CATCCAATCA GAGTTCCCGA 2280

	CATACGGTTT	TAAGTGCAG	TTTGGCTGGG	GCTCTCACAA	GACATTCTGC	CACTGGGAGC	2340
	ATGACAGCCA	TGCACAGCTC	AGGTGGAGTG	TGCTGACCAG	CAAGACAGGG	CCGATTTCAGG	2400
	ACCATACAGG	AGATGGCAAC	TTCATCTATT	CCCAAGCTGA	TGAAAATCAG	AAAGGCCAAG	2460
	TAGCCCGCCT	GGTGAGCCCT	GTGGTCTATT	CCCAGAGCTC	TGCCCCTGT	ATGACCTTCT	2520
	GGTATCACAT	GTCCGGCTCT	CATGTGGGTA	CACTGAGGGT	CAAACTACGC	TACCAGAAGC	2580
5	CAGAGGAATA	TGATCAACTG	GTCTGGATGG	TGGTTGGGCA	CCAAGGAGAC	CACTGGAAAG	2640
	AAGGACGTGT	CTTGCTGCAC	AAATCTCTGA	AACTATATCA	GGTTATTTT	GAAGGTGAAA	2700
	TCGGAAAAGG	AAACCTTGGT	GGAATTGCTG	TGGATGATAT	CAGTATTAAC	AACCATATTT	2760
	CTCAGGAAGA	CTGTGCAAAA	CCAACAGACC	TAGATAAAAA	GAACACAGAA	ATTAAAATTG	2820
	ATGAAACAGG	GAGCACTCCA	GGATATGAAG	GAGAAGGGGA	AGGTGACAAG	AACATCTCCA	2880
10	GGAAGCCAGG	CAATGTGCTT	AAGACCCTGG	ATCCCATCCT	GATCACCATC	ATAGCCATGA	2940
	GTGCCCTGGG	AGTACTCCTG	GGTGCACTCT	GTGGAGTTGT	GCTGTACTGT	GCCTGTTGGC	3000
	ACAATGGGAT	GTCAGAAAGG	AACCTATCTG	CCCTGGAGAA	CTATAACTTT	GAACCTGTGG	3060
	ATGGTGTAAG	GTTGAAAAAA	GATAAACTGA	ACCCACAGAG	TAATTACTCA	GAGGCGTGAA	3120
	GGCAGCGAGC	TGGAGGGAAC	AAGGGAGGAG	CACGGCAGGA	GAACAGGTGG	AGGCATGGGG	3180
15	ACTCTGTTAC	TCTGCTTTCA	CTGTAAGCTG	GGAAGGGCGG	GGAAGGGCGG	GGACTCTGTT	3240
	CAGTGTAAGC	TCGGAAGGGC	ATCCACGATG	CCATGCCAGG	CTTTTCTCAG	GAGCTTCAAT	3300
	GAGCGTCACC	TACAGACACA	AGCAGGTGAC	TGCGGTAACA	ACAGGAATCA	TGTACAAGCC	3360
	TGCTTTCTTC	TCTTGGTTTC	ATTTGGGTAA	TCAGAAGCCA	TTTGAGACCA	AGTGTGACTG	3420
	ACTTCATGGT	TCATCCTACT	AGCCCCCTTT	TTTCTCTCT	TTCTCCTTAC	CCTGTGGTGG	3480
20	ATTCTTCTCG	GAAACTGCAA	AATCCAAGAT	GCTGGCACTA	GGCGTTATT	AGTGGGCCCT	3540
	TTTGATGGAC	ATGTGACCTG	TAGCCAGTG	CCCAGAGCAT	ATTATCATAA	CCACATTTC	3600
	GGGACGCCA	ACGTCCATCC	ACCTTTGCAT	CGTACCTGC	AGCGAGCACA	GG	3652

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:6:

25	(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
	(A) LENGTH: 923 amino acids
	(B) TYPE: amino acid
	(C) STRANDEDNESS: single
	(D) TOPOLOGY: linear
30	(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: peptide
	(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:6:
	Met Glu Arg Gly Leu Pro Leu Leu Cys Ala Thr Leu Ala Leu Ala Leu
	1 5 10 15
35	Ala Leu Ala Gly Ala Phe Arg Ser Asp Lys Cys Gly Gly Thr Ile Lys
	20 25 30
	Ile Glu Asn Pro Gly Tyr Leu Thr Ser Pro Gly Tyr Pro His Ser Tyr
	35 40 45
	His Pro Ser Glu Lys Cys Glu Trp Leu Ile Gln Ala Pro Glu Pro Tyr
	50 55 60
40	Gln Arg Ile Ile Ile Asn Phe Asn Pro His Phe Asp Leu Glu Asp Arg
	65 70 75 80
	Asp Cys Lys Tyr Asp Tyr Val Glu Val Ile Asp Gly Glu Asn Glu Gly
	85 90 95
45	Gly Arg Leu Trp Gly Lys Phe Cys Gly Lys Ile Ala Pro Ser Pro Val
	100 105 110
	Val Ser Ser Gly Pro Phe Leu Phe Ile Lys Phe Val Ser Asp Tyr Glu
	115 120 125
	Thr His Gly Ala Gly Phe Ser Ile Arg Tyr Glu Ile Phe Lys Arg Gly
	130 135 140
50	Pro Glu Cys Ser Gln Asn Tyr Thr Ala Pro Thr Gly Val Ile Lys Ser
	145 150 155 160
	Pro Gly Phe Pro Glu Lys Tyr Pro Asn Cys Leu Glu Cys Thr Tyr Ile
	165 170 175
	Ile Phe Ala Pro Lys Met Ser Glu Ile Ile Leu Glu Phe Glu Ser Phe
55	180 185 190
	Asp Leu Glu Gln Asp Ser Asn Pro Pro Gly Gly Met Phe Cys Arg Tyr

		195		200		205			
	Asp	Arg	Leu	Glu	Ile	Trp	Asp	Gly	Phe
	210						215		
	Gly	Arg	Tyr	Cys	Gly	Gln	Lys	Thr	Pro
	225					230			235
5	Gly	Val	Leu	Ser	Met	Val	Phe	Tyr	Thr
					245				250
	Gly	Phe	Ser	Ala	Asn	Tyr	Ser	Val	Leu
					260				265
	Phe	Lys	Cys	Met	Glu	Ala	Leu	Gly	Met
10					275				280
	Asp	Gln	Ile	Thr	Ala	Ser	Ser	Gln	Tyr
	290								295
	Arg	Ser	Arg	Leu	Asn	Tyr	Pro	Glu	Asn
	305					310			315
15	Ser	Tyr	Lys	Glu	Trp	Ile	Gln	Val	Asp
					325				330
	Thr	Ala	Val	Gly	Thr	Gln	Gly	Ala	Ile
					340				345
	Tyr	Tyr	Val	Lys	Thr	Tyr	Arg	Val	Asp
20					355				360
	Trp	Ile	Ser	Leu	Lys	Glu	Gly	Asn	Lys
					370				375
	Thr	Asn	Pro	Thr	Asp	Val	Val	Leu	Gly
	385					390			395
25	Thr	Arg	Phe	Val	Arg	Ile	Lys	Pro	Val
					405				410
	Met	Arg	Phe	Glu	Val	Tyr	Gly	Cys	Lys
					420				425
	Gly	Met	Leu	Gly	Met	Val	Ser	Gly	Leu
30					435				440
	Ala	Ser	Asn	Gln	Ala	Asp	Arg	Asn	Trp
					450				455
	Val	Thr	Ser	Arg	Thr	Gly	Trp	Ala	Leu
	465					470			475
35	Thr	Asn	Glu	Trp	Leu	Gln	Val	Asp	Leu
					485				490
	Gly	Val	Ile	Ile	Gln	Gly	Gly	Lys	His
					500				505
	Arg	Lys	Phe	Lys	Ile	Ala	Tyr	Ser	Asn
40					515				520
	Ile	Met	Asp	Asp	Ser	Lys	Arg	Lys	Ala
					530				535
	Asn	Tyr	Asp	Thr	Pro	Glu	Leu	Arg	Thr
	545					550			555
45	Phe	Ile	Arg	Ile	Tyr	Pro	Glu	Arg	Ala
					565				570
	Arg	Met	Glu	Leu	Gly	Cys	Glu	Val	Glu
					580				585
	Thr	Thr	Pro	Asn	Gly	Asn	Pro	Val	His
50					595				600
	Asn	Cys	His	Ser	Gly	Thr	Gly	Asp	Asp
					610				615
	Thr	Val	Leu	Ala	Thr	Glu	Lys	Pro	Thr
	625					630			635
55	Ser	Glu	Phe	Pro	Thr	Tyr	Gly	Phe	Asn
					645				650
									655

His Lys Thr Phe Cys His Trp Glu His Asp Ser His Ala Gln Leu Arg
 660 665 670
 Trp Ser Val Leu Thr Ser Lys Thr Gly Pro Ile Gln Asp His Thr Gly
 675 680 685
 Asp Gly Asn Phe Ile Tyr Ser Gln Ala Asp Glu Asn Gln Lys Gly Lys
 690 695 700
 Val Ala Arg Leu Val Ser Pro Val Val Tyr Ser Gln Ser Ser Ala His
 705 710 715 720
 Cys Met Thr Phe Trp Tyr His Met Ser Gly Ser His Val Gly Thr Leu
 725 730 735
 Arg Val Lys Leu Arg Tyr Gln Lys Pro Glu Glu Tyr Asp Gln Leu Val
 740 745 750
 Trp Met Val Val Gly His Gln Gly Asp His Trp Lys Glu Gly Arg Val
 755 760 765
 Leu Leu His Lys Ser Leu Lys Leu Tyr Gln Val Ile Phe Glu Gly Glu
 770 775 780
 Ile Gly Lys Gly Asn Leu Gly Gly Ile Ala Val Asp Asp Ile Ser Ile
 785 790 795 800
 Asn Asn His Ile Ser Gln Glu Asp Cys Ala Lys Pro Thr Asp Leu Asp
 805 810 815
 Lys Lys Asn Thr Glu Ile Lys Ile Asp Glu Thr Gly Ser Thr Pro Gly
 820 825 830
 Tyr Glu Gly Glu Gly Glu Gly Asp Lys Asn Ile Ser Arg Lys Pro Gly
 835 840 845
 Asn Val Leu Lys Thr Leu Asp Pro Ile Leu Ile Thr Ile Ile Ala Met
 850 855 860
 Ser Ala Leu Gly Val Leu Leu Gly Ala Val Cys Gly Val Val Leu Tyr
 865 870 875 880
 Cys Ala Cys Trp His Asn Gly Met Ser Glu Arg Asn Leu Ser Ala Leu
 885 890 895
 Glu Asn Tyr Asn Phe Glu Leu Val Asp Gly Val Lys Leu Lys Lys Asp
 900 905 910
 Lys Leu Asn Pro Gln Ser Asn Tyr Ser Glu Ala
 915 920

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:7:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 3539 base pairs
 (B) TYPE: nucleic acid
 (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
 (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: cDNA

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:7:

AACTGGAGC TCCACCGCGG TGGCGGCCGC CCGGGCAGGT CTAGAATTCA GCGGCCGCTG 60
 AATTCTATCC AGCGGTCGGT GCCTCTGCCC GCGTGTGTGT CCCGGGTGCC GGGGGACCTG 120
 TGTCAGTTAG CGCTTCTGAG ATCACACAGC TGCTAGGGG CCGTGTGATG CCCAGGGCAA 180
 TTCTTGGCTT TGATTTTAT TATTATTACT ATTATTTTGC GTTCAGCTTT CGGGAAACCC 240
 TCGTGATGTT GTAGGATAAA GGAAATGACA CTTTGAGGAA CTGGAGAGAA CATAACGCG 300
 TTTGGGTTTG AAGAGGAAAC CGGTCTCCGC TTCCTTAGCT TGCTCCCTCT TTGCTGATTT 360
 CAAGAGCTAT CTCCTATGAG GTGGAGATAT TCCAGCAAGA ATAAAGGTGA AGACAGACTG 420
 ACTGCCAGGA CCCAGGAGGA AAACGTTGAT CGTTAGAGAC CTTTGCAGAA GACACCACCA 480
 GGAGGAAAAT TAGAGAGGAA AAACACAAAG ACATAATTAT ATGGAGATCC CACAACTTA 540
 GCCCGGGAGA GAGCTTCTCT GTCAAAAATG GATATGTTTC CTCTTACCTG GGTTTCTTTA 600
 GCTCTGTACT TTTCAGGACA CGAAGTGAGA AGCCAGCAAG ATCCACCTTG CGGAGGTCCG 660
 CCGAATTCCA AGGATGCTGG CTACATCACT TCCCAGGCT ACCCCAGGA CTATCCCTCC 720
 CACCAGAACT GTGAGTGGAT TGTCTACGCC CCGAACCCTA ACCAGAAGAT TGTTCTCAAC 780
 TTCAACCCTC ACTTTGAAAT CGAGAAACAC GACTGCRAAT ATGACTTCAT TGAGATTCCG 840

5 GATGGGGACA GTGAGTCAGC TGACCTCCTG GGCAAGCACT GTGGGAACAT CGCCCCGCCC 900
 ACCATCATCT CCTCAGGCTC CGTGTATAC ATCAAGTTCA CCTCAGACTA CGCCCGGCAG 960
 GGGGCAGGTT TCTCTCTACG CTATGAGATC TTCAAACAG GCTCTGAAGA TTGTTCCAAG 1020
 AACTTTACAA GCCCCAATGG GACCAATTGAA TCTCCAGGGT TTCCAGAGAA GTATCCACAC 1080
 AATCTGGACT GTACCTTCAC CATCCTGGCC AAACCCAGGA TGGAGATCAT CCTACAGTTC 1140
 CTGACCTTTG ACCTGGAGCA TGACCCTCTA CAAGTGGGGG AAGGAGACTG TAAATATGAC 1200
 TGGCTGGACA TCTGGGATGG CATTCCACAT GTTGGACCTC TGATTGGCAA GTACTGTGGG 1260
 ACGAAAACAC CCTCCAAACT CCGCTCGTCC ACGGGGATCC TCTCCTTGAC CTTTCACACG 1320
 GACATGGCAG TGGCCAAGGA TGGCTTCTCC GCACGTTACT ATTTGATCCA CCAGGAGCCA 1380
 CCTGAGAATT TTCAGTGCAA TGTCCTTTG GGAATGGAGT CTGGCCGGAT TGCTAATGAA 1440
 10 CAGATCAGTG CCTCCTCCAC CTTCTCTGAT GGGAGGTGGA CTCCTCAACA GAGCCGGCTC 1500
 CATGGTGTAG ACAATGGCTG GACACCCAAT TTGGATTCCA ACAAGGAGTA TCTCCAGGTG 1560
 GACCTGCGCT TCCTAACCAT GCTCACAGCC ATTGCAACAC AGGGAGCCAT TTCCAGGGAA 1620
 ACCCAGAAAG GCTACTACGT CAAATCGTAC AAGCTGGAAG TCAGCACAAA TGGTGAAGAT 1680
 TGGATGGTCT ACCGGCATGG CAAAAACCAC AAGATATTCC AAGCGAACAA TGATGCGACC 1740
 15 GAGGTGGTGC TAAACAAGCT CCACATGCCA CTGCTGACTC GGTTTCATCAG GATCCGCCCG 1800
 CAGACGTGGC ATTTGGGCAT TGCCCTTCGC CTGGAGCTCT TTGGCTGCCG GGTACAGAT 1860
 GCACCTTGCT CCAACATGCT GGGGATGCTC TCGGGCCTCA TTGCTGATAC CCAGATCTCT 1920
 GCCTCCTCCA CCCGAGAGTA CCTCTGGAGC CCCAGTGCTG CCCGCCTGGT TAGTAGCCGC 1980
 TCTGGCTGGT TTCCTCGGAA CCCTCAAGCC CAGCCAGGTG AAGAATGGCT TCAGGTTGAC 2040
 20 CTGGGGACAC CCAAGACAGT GAAAGGGGTC ATCATCCAGG GAGCCCGAGG AGGAGACAGC 2100
 ATCACTGCCG TGGAGGCCAG GGCCTTTGTA CGCAAGTTCA AAGTCTCCTA CAGCCTAAAT 2160
 GGCAAGGACT GGGAAATAT CCAGGACCCC AGGACTCAGC AGACAAAGCT GTTTGAAGGG 2220
 AACATGCACT ATGACACCCC TGACATCCGA AGGTTTCGATC CTGTTCCAGC GCAGTATGTG 2280
 CGGGTGTACC CAGAGAGGTG GTCGCCAGCA GGCATCGGGA TGAGGCTGGA GGTGCTGGGC 2340
 25 TGTGACTGGA CAGACTCAA CCCACAGTG GAGACGCTGG GACCCACCGT GAAGAGTGAA 2400
 GAGACTACCA CCCCATATCC CATGGATGAG GATGCCACCG AGTGTGGGGA AACTGCGAGC 2460
 TTTGAGGATG ACAAAGATTT GCAACTTCCT TCAGGATTCA ACTGCAACTT TGATTTTCCG 2520
 GAAGAGACCT GTGGTTGGGT GTACGACCAT GCCAAGTGGC TCCGGAGCAC GTGGATCAGC 2580
 AGCGCTAACC CCAATGACAG AACATTTCCA GATGACAAGA ACTTCTTGAA ACTGCAGAGT 2640
 30 GATGGCCGAC GAGAGGGCCA GTACGGGCGG CTCAATCAGC CACCGGTGCA CCTGCCCCGA 2700
 AGCCCTGTGT GCATGGAGTT CCAGTACCAA GCCATGGGCG GCCACGGGGT GGCACTGCAG 2760
 GTGGTTCGGG AAGCCAGCCA GGAAAGCAA CTCCTTTGGG TCATCCGTGA GGACCAGGGC 2820
 AGCGAGTGGA AGCACGGGCG CATTATCCTG CCCAGCTATG ACATGGAGTA TCAGATCGTG 2880
 TTCGAGGGAG TGATAGGGAA GGGACGATCG GGAGAGATT CCATCGATGA CATTCCGATA 2940
 35 AGCACTGATG TCCCAGTGA GAACCTGATG GAACCCATAT CAGCTTTTGC AGATGAATAT 3000
 GAAGGAGATT GCGCAACTC TTCTTCTCT ACCTCAGGG CTGGTGACCC CTCATCTGGC 3060
 AAAGAAAAGA GCTGGCTGTA CACCCTAGAT CCCATTCTGA TCACCATCAT CGCCATGAGC 3120
 TCGCTGGGGG TCCTGCTGGG GGCCACCTGT GCGGGCCTCC TCCTTTACTG CACCTGCTCC 3180
 TATTCGGGTC TGAGTTCGAG GAGCTGCACC AACTGGAGA ACTACAACCT TGAGCTCTAC 3240
 40 GATGGCCTCA AGCACAAGGT CAAGATCAAT CATCAGAAGT GCTGCTCGGA GGCATGACCG 3300
 ATTGTGTCTG GATCGCTTCT GCGCTTTCAT TCCAGTGAGA GGGGCTAGCG AAGATTACAG 3360
 TTTTGTTTTG TTTTGTTTTG TTTTCCCTTT GGAACTGAA TGCCATAATC TGGATCAAAG 3420
 TGTTCAGAA TACTGAAGGT ATGGACAGGA CAGACAGGCC AGTCTAGGGA GAAAGGGAGA 3480
 TGCAGCTGTG AAGGGGATCG TTGCCCACCA GGACTGTGGT GGCCAAGTGA ATGCAGGAA 3539

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:8:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

(A) LENGTH: 909 amino acids

(B) TYPE: amino acid

(C) STRANDEDNESS: single

(D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: peptide

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:8:

Met Asp Met Phe Pro Leu Thr Trp Val Phe Leu Ala Leu Tyr Phe Ser

1 5 10 15

Gly His Glu Val Arg Ser Gln Gln Asp Pro Pro Cys Gly Gly Arg Pro

20 25 30
 Asn Ser Lys Asp Ala Gly Tyr Ile Thr Ser Pro Gly Tyr Pro Gln Asp
 35 40 45
 Tyr Pro Ser His Gln Asn Cys Glu Trp Ile Val Tyr Ala Pro Glu Pro
 50 55 60
 5 Asn Gln Lys Ile Val Leu Asn Phe Asn Pro His Phe Glu Ile Glu Lys
 65 70 75 80
 His Asp Cys Lys Tyr Asp Phe Ile Glu Ile Arg Asp Gly Asp Ser Glu
 85 90 95
 10 Ser Ala Asp Leu Leu Gly Lys His Cys Gly Asn Ile Ala Pro Pro Thr
 100 105 110
 Ile Ile Ser Ser Gly Ser Val Leu Tyr Ile Lys Phe Thr Ser Asp Tyr
 115 120 125
 Ala Arg Gln Gly Ala Gly Phe Ser Leu Arg Tyr Glu Ile Phe Lys Thr
 130 135 140
 15 Gly Ser Glu Asp Cys Ser Lys Asn Phe Thr Ser Pro Asn Gly Thr Ile
 145 150 155 160
 Glu Ser Pro Gly Phe Pro Glu Lys Tyr Pro His Asn Leu Asp Cys Thr
 165 170 175
 20 Phe Thr Ile Leu Ala Lys Pro Arg Met Glu Ile Ile Leu Gln Phe Leu
 180 185 190
 Thr Phe Asp Leu Glu His Asp Pro Leu Gln Val Gly Glu Gly Asp Cys
 195 200 205
 Lys Tyr Asp Trp Leu Asp Ile Trp Asp Gly Ile Pro His Val Gly Pro
 210 215 220
 25 Leu Ile Gly Lys Tyr Cys Gly Thr Lys Thr Pro Ser Lys Leu Arg Ser
 225 230 235 240
 Ser Thr Gly Ile Leu Ser Leu Thr Phe His Thr Asp Met Ala Val Ala
 245 250 255
 30 Lys Asp Gly Phe Ser Ala Arg Tyr Tyr Leu Ile His Gln Glu Pro Pro
 260 265 270
 Glu Asn Phe Gln Cys Asn Val Pro Leu Gly Met Glu Ser Gly Arg Ile
 275 280 285
 Ala Asn Glu Gln Ile Ser Ala Ser Ser Thr Phe Ser Asp Gly Arg Trp
 290 295 300
 35 Thr Pro Gln Gln Ser Arg Leu His Gly Asp Asp Asn Gly Trp Thr Pro
 305 310 315 320
 Asn Leu Asp Ser Asn Lys Glu Tyr Leu Gln Val Asp Leu Arg Phe Leu
 325 330 335
 40 Thr Met Leu Thr Ala Ile Ala Thr Gln Gly Ala Ile Ser Arg Glu Thr
 340 345 350
 Gln Lys Gly Tyr Tyr Val Lys Ser Tyr Lys Leu Glu Val Ser Thr Asn
 355 360 365
 Gly Glu Asp Trp Met Val Tyr Arg His Gly Lys Asn His Lys Ile Phe
 370 375 380
 45 Gln Ala Asn Asn Asp Ala Thr Glu Val Val Leu Asn Lys Leu His Met
 385 390 395 400
 Pro Leu Leu Thr Arg Phe Ile Arg Ile Arg Pro Gln Thr Trp His Leu
 405 410 415
 50 Gly Ile Ala Leu Arg Leu Glu Leu Phe Gly Cys Arg Val Thr Asp Ala
 420 425 430
 Pro Cys Ser Asn Met Leu Gly Met Leu Ser Gly Leu Ile Ala Asp Thr
 435 440 445
 Gln Ile Ser Ala Ser Ser Thr Arg Glu Tyr Leu Trp Ser Pro Ser Ala
 450 455 460
 55 Ala Arg Leu Val Ser Ser Arg Ser Gly Trp Phe Pro Arg Asn Pro Gln
 465 470 475 480

Ala Gln Pro Gly Glu Glu Trp Leu Gln Val Asp Leu Gly Thr Pro Lys
 485 490 495
 Thr Val Lys Gly Val Ile Ile Gln Gly Ala Arg Gly Gly Asp Ser Ile
 500 505 510
 Thr Ala Val Glu Ala Arg Ala Phe Val Arg Lys Phe Lys Val Ser Tyr
 515 520 525
 Ser Leu Asn Gly Lys Asp Trp Glu Tyr Ile Gln Asp Pro Arg Thr Gln
 530 535 540
 Gln Thr Lys Leu Phe Glu Gly Asn Met His Tyr Asp Thr Pro Asp Ile
 545 550 555 560
 Arg Arg Phe Asp Pro Val Pro Ala Gln Tyr Val Arg Val Tyr Pro Glu
 565 570 575
 Arg Trp Ser Pro Ala Gly Ile Gly Met Arg Leu Glu Val Leu Gly Cys
 580 585 590
 Asp Trp Thr Asp Ser Lys Pro Thr Val Glu Thr Leu Gly Pro Thr Val
 595 600 605
 Lys Ser Glu Glu Thr Thr Thr Pro Tyr Pro Met Asp Glu Asp Ala Thr
 610 615 620
 Glu Cys Gly Glu Asn Cys Ser Phe Glu Asp Asp Lys Asp Leu Gln Leu
 625 630 635 640
 Pro Ser Gly Phe Asn Cys Asn Phe Asp Phe Pro Glu Glu Thr Cys Gly
 645 650 655
 Trp Val Tyr Asp His Ala Lys Trp Leu Arg Ser Thr Trp Ile Ser Ser
 660 665 670
 Ala Asn Pro Asn Asp Arg Thr Phe Pro Asp Asp Lys Asn Phe Leu Lys
 675 680 685
 Leu Gln Ser Asp Gly Arg Arg Glu Gly Gln Tyr Gly Arg Leu Ile Ser
 690 695 700
 Pro Pro Val His Leu Pro Arg Ser Pro Val Cys Met Glu Phe Gln Tyr
 705 710 715 720
 Gln Ala Met Gly Gly His Gly Val Ala Leu Gln Val Val Arg Glu Ala
 725 730 735
 Ser Gln Glu Ser Lys Leu Leu Trp Val Ile Arg Glu Asp Gln Gly Ser
 740 745 750
 Glu Trp Lys His Gly Arg Ile Ile Leu Pro Ser Tyr Asp Met Glu Tyr
 755 760 765
 Gln Ile Val Phe Glu Gly Val Ile Gly Lys Gly Arg Ser Gly Glu Ile
 770 775 780
 Ser Ile Asp Asp Ile Arg Ile Ser Thr Asp Val Pro Leu Glu Asn Cys
 785 790 795 800
 Met Glu Pro Ile Ser Ala Phe Ala Asp Glu Tyr Glu Gly Asp Trp Ser
 805 810 815
 Asn Ser Ser Ser Ser Thr Ser Gly Ala Gly Asp Pro Ser Ser Gly Lys
 820 825 830
 Glu Lys Ser Trp Leu Tyr Thr Leu Asp Pro Ile Leu Ile Thr Ile Ile
 835 840 845
 Ala Met Ser Ser Leu Gly Val Leu Leu Gly Ala Thr Cys Ala Gly Leu
 850 855 860
 Leu Leu Tyr Cys Thr Cys Ser Tyr Ser Gly Leu Ser Ser Arg Ser Cys
 865 870 875 880
 Thr Thr Leu Glu Asn Tyr Asn Phe Glu Leu Tyr Asp Gly Leu Lys His
 885 890 895
 Lys Val Lys Ile Asn His Gln Lys Cys Cys Ser Glu Ala
 900 905

55 (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:9:
 (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 4718 base pairs
 (B) TYPE: nucleic acid
 (C) STRANDEDNESS: double
 (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: cDNA

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:9:

5 AAACCTGGAGC TCCACCGCGG TGGCGGCCGC CCGGGCAGGT CTAGAATTCA GCGGCCGCTG 60
 AATTCTATCC AGCGGTCGGT GCCTCTGCCC GCGTGTGTGT CCCGGGTGCC GGGGGACCTG 120
 TGTCAGTTAG CGCTTCTGAG ATCACACAGC TGCCTAGGGG CCGTGTGATG CCCAGGGCAA 180
 TTCTTGCGTT TGATTTTAT TATTATTACT ATTATTTTGC GTTCAGCTTT CGGGAAACCC 240
 10 TCGTGATGTT GTAGGATAAA GGAAATGACA CTTTGAGGAA CTGGAGAGAA CATACACGCG 300
 TTTGGGTTTG AAGAGGAAAC CGGTCTCCGC TTCCTTAGCT TGCTCCCTCT TTGCTGATTT 360
 CAAGAGCTAT CTCCTATGAG GTGGAGATAT TCCAGCAAGA ATAAAGGTGA AGACAGACTG 420
 ACTGCCAGGA CCCAGGAGGA AAACGTTGAT CGTTAGAGAC CTTTGCAGAA GACACCACCA 480
 GGAGGAAAAT TAGAGAGGAA AAACACAAAG ACATAATTAT AGGAGATCCC ACAACCTAG 540
 15 CCCGGGAGAG AGCCTCTCTG TCAAAAATGG ATATGTTTCC TCTTACCTGG GTTTTCTTAG 600
 CTCTGTACTT TTCAGGACAC GAAGTGAGAA GCCAGCAAGA TCCACCCTGC GGAGGTCGGC 660
 CGAATTCCAA AGATGCTGGC TACATCACTT CCCCAGGCTA CCCCCAGGAC TATCCCTCCC 720
 ACCAGAACTG TGAGTGGATT GTCTACGCCC CCGAACCCTA CCAGAAGATT GTTCTCAACT 780
 TCAACCCTCA CTTTGAAATC GAGAAACACG ACTGCAAGTA TGACTTCATT GAGATTCGGG 840
 20 ATGGGGACAG TGAGTCAGCT GACCTCTGG GCAAGCACTG TGGGAACATC GCCCGGCCCA 900
 CCATCATCTC CTGAGGCTCC GTGTTATACA TCAAGTTCAC CTCAGACTAC GCCCGGCAGG 960
 GGGCAGGTTT CTCTCTACGC TATGAGATCT TCAAAACAGG CTCTGAAGAT TGTTCGAAGA 1020
 ACTTTACAAG CCCCAATGGG ACCATTGAAT CTCCAGGGT TCCAGAGAAG TATCCACACA 1080
 ATCTGGACTG TACCTTCACC ATCCTGGCCA AACCAGGAT GGAGATCATC CTACAGTTCC 1140
 25 TGACCTTTGA CCTGGAGCAT GACCTCTAC AAGTGGGGGA AGGAGACTGT AAATATGACT 1200
 GGCTGGACAT CTGGGATGGC ATTCCACATG TTGGACCTCT GATTGGCAAG TACTGTGGGA 1260
 CGAAAACACC CTCCAAATC CGCTCGTCCA CGGGGATCCT CTCCTTGACC TTTCACACGG 1320
 ACATGGCAGT GGCCAAGGAT GGCTTCTCCG CACGTTACTA TTGATCCAC CAGGAGCCAC 1380
 CTGAGAATTT TCAGTGCAAT GTCCCTTTGG GAATGGAGTC TGGCCGGATT GCTAATGAAC 1440
 30 AGTCACTGT CTCTCCACC TTCTCTGATG GGAGGTGGAC TCCTCAACAG AGCCGGCTCC 1500
 ATGGTGATGA CAATGGCTGG ACACCCAATT TGGATTCCAA CAAGGAGTAT CTCCAGGTGG 1560
 ACCTGCGCTT CTAACCATG CTCACAGCCA TTGCAACACA GGGAGCCATT TCCAGGGAAA 1620
 CCCAGAAAGG CTACTACGTC AAATCGTACA AGCTGGAAGT CAGCACAAAT GGTGAAGATT 1680
 GGATGGTCTA CCGGCATGGC AAAAAACCACA AGATATTCCA AGCGAACAAAT GATGCGACCG 1740
 35 AGGTGGTGCT AAACAAGCTC CACATGCCAC TGCTGACTCG GTTCATCAGG ATCCGCCCGC 1800
 AGACGTGGCA TTTGGGCAAT GCCCTTCGCC TGGAGCTCTT TGGCTGCCGG GTCACAGATG 1860
 CACCTGCTC TGACACCCCT GAGATGCTCT CGGGCCTCAT TGCTGATACC CAGATCTCTG 1920
 CCTCCTCCAC CCGAGAGTAC CTCTGGAGCC CCAGTGTGTC CCGCCTGGTT AGTAGCCGCT 1980
 CTGGCTGGTT TCCTCGGAAC CCTCAAGCCC AGCCAGGTGA AGAATGGCTT CAGGTAGACC 2040
 40 TGGGGACACC CAAGACAGTG AAAGGGGTCA TCATCCAGGG AGCCCGAGGA GGAGACAGCA 2100
 TCACTGCCGT GGAAGCCAGG GCGTTGTAT GCAAGTTCAA AGTCTCTAC AGCCTAAATG 2160
 GCAAGGACTG GGAATATATC CAGGACCCCA GGAATCAGCA GACAAAGCTG TTTGAAGGGA 2220
 ACATGCACTA TGACACCCCT GACATCCGAA GGTTTCGATC TGTTCCAGCG CAGTATGTGC 2280
 GGGTGTACCC AGAGAGGTGG TCGCCAGCAG GCATCCGGAT GAGGCTGGAG GTGCTGGGCT 2340
 45 GTGACTGGAC AGACTCAAAG CCCACAGTGG AGACGCTGGG ACCCACCGTG AAGAGTGAAG 2400
 AGACTACCAC CCCATATCCC ATGGATGAGG ATGCCACCGA GTGTGGGGAA AACTGCAGCT 2460
 TTGAGGATGA CAAAGATTTG CAACITCCTT CAGGATTCAA CTGCAACTTT GATTTTCCGG 2520
 AAGAGACCTG TGTTGGGTG TACGACCATG CCAAGTGGCT CCGGAGCAGG TGGATCAGCA 2580
 GCGCTAACCC CAATGACAGA ACATTTCCAG ATGACAAGAA CTTCTTGAAA CTGCAGAGTG 2640
 50 ATGGCCGACG AGAGGGCCAG TACGGGCGGC TCATCAGCCC ACCGGTGAC CAGTCCCGAA 2700
 GCCCTGTGTG CATGGAGTTC CAGTACCAAG CCATGGGCGG CCACGGGGTG GCACTGCAGG 2760
 TGGTTCGGGA AGCCAGCCAG GAAAGCAAAC TCCTTTGGGT CATCCGTGAG GACCAGGGCA 2820
 GCGAGTGGA GCACGGGCGC ATTATCTGTC CCAGCTATGA CATGGAGTAT CAGATCGTGT 2880
 TCGAGGGAGT GATAGGGAAG GGACGATCGG GAGAGATTTC CGGCGATGAC ATTCGGATAA 2940
 55 GCACTGATGT CCCACTGGAG AACTGCATGG AACCATATC AGCTTTTGCA GATGAATATG 3000
 AAGGAGATTG GAGCAACTCT TCTTCTCTA CCTCAGGGG TGGTGACCCC TCATCTGGCA 3060

AAGAAAAGAG CTGGCTGTAC ACCCTAGATC CCATTCTGAT CACCATCATC GCCATGAGCT 3120
 CGCTGGGGGT CCTGCTGGGG GCCACCTGTG CGGGCCTCCT CCTTTACTGC ACCTGCTCCT 3180
 ATTCGGGTCT GAGTTCGAGG AGCTGCACCA CACTGGAGAA CTACAACCTT GAGCTCTACG 3240
 ATGGCCTCAA GCACAAGGTC AAGATCAATC ATCAGAAGTG CTGCTCGGAG GCATGACCGA 3300
 TTGTGTCTGG ATCGCTTCTG GCGTTTCATT CCAGTGAGAG GGGCTAGCGA AGATTACAGT 3360
 5 TTTGTTTTGT TTTGTTTTGT TTTCCCTTTG GAAACTGAAT GCCATAATCT GGATCAAAGT 3420
 GTTCCAGAAT ACTGAAGGTA TGGACAGGAC AGACAGGCCA GTCTAGGGAG AAAGGGAGAT 3480
 GCAGCTGTGA AGGGGATCGT TGCCACCCAG GACTGTGGTG GCCAAGTGAA TGCAGGAACC 3540
 GGGCCCGGAA TTCCGGCTCT CGGCTAAAT CTCAGCTGCC TCTGGAAAGG CTCAACCATA 3600
 CTCAGTGCCA ACTCAGACTC TGTGTCTGTG GTGTCAACAT GGATGGATCA TCTGTACCTT 3660
 10 GTATTTTGTAG CAGAATTCAT GCTCAGATT TTTGTTCTG AATCCTTGCT TTGTGCTAGA 3720
 CACAAAGCAT ACATGTCCTT CTAAAATTAA TATGATCACT ATAATCTCCT GTGTGCAGAA 3780
 TTCAGAAATA GACCTTTGAA ACCATTTGCA TTGTGAGTGC AGATCCATGA CTGGGGCTAG 3840
 TGCAGCAATG AAACAGAAAT CCAGAAACAG TGTGTTCTTT TTATTATGGG AAAATACAGA 3900
 TAAAAATGGC CACTGATGAA CATGAAAGTT AGCACTTTCC CAACACAGTG TACACTTGCA 3960
 15 ACCTTGTTTT GGATTTCTCA TACACCAAGA CTGTGAAACA CAAATTTCAA GAATGTGTTT 4020
 AAATGTGTGT GTGTGTGTGT GTGTGTGTGT GTGTGTGTGT GTATGTGTGT GTGTGTGTGT 4080
 GTGCTTGTGT GTTCTGTCTA GTGGTATGAG TGATATGTAT GCATGTGTGT ATGTATATGT 4140
 ATGTATGTAT GTATGTATGT ACGTACATAT GTATGTATGT ATGTATGTAT GTATGTATGT 4200
 ATATGTGTGT GTGTGTTTGT GTGTGTGTGT GTTGTGTGTGT GTGTGTGTGT TAAGTGTGGT 4260
 20 ATGTGTGTAT GCATTTGTCT ATATGTGTAT CTGTGTGTCT ATGTGTTTCT GTCAGTGGAA 4320
 TGAGTGGCAT GTGTGCATGT GTATGTATGT GGATATGTGT GTTGTGTTTA TGTGCTGTG 4380
 TATAAGAGGT AAGTGTGGTG TGTGTGCATG TGTCTCTGTG TGTGTTTGTG TGTGTACCTC 4440
 TTTGTATAAG TACCTGTGTT TGTATGTGGG AATATGTATA TTGAGGCATT GCTGTGTTAG 4500
 TATGTTTATA GAAAAGAAGA CAGTCTGAGA TGTCTTCTC AATACCTCTC CACTTATATC 4560
 25 TTGGATAGAC AAAAGTAATG ACAAAAAATT GCTGGTGTGT ATATGGAAAA GGGGGACACA 4620
 TATCCATGGA TGGTAGAAGT GTAAACTGTG CAGTCACTGT GGACATCAAT ATGCAGGTTT 4680
 TTCACAAATG TAGATATAAA GCTACTATAG TTATACCC 4718

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:10:

30 (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
 (A) LENGTH: 909 amino acids
 (B) TYPE: amino acid
 (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
 (D) TOPOLOGY: linear
 35 (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: peptide
 (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:10:
 Met Asp Met Phe Pro Leu Thr Trp Val Phe Leu Ala Leu Tyr Phe Ser
 1 5 10 15
 Gly His Glu Val Arg Ser Gln Gln Asp Pro Pro Cys Gly Gly Arg Pro
 20 25 30
 40 Asn Ser Lys Asp Ala Gly Tyr Ile Thr Ser Pro Gly Tyr Pro Gln Asp
 35 40 45
 Tyr Pro Ser His Gln Asn Cys Glu Trp Ile Val Tyr Ala Pro Glu Pro
 50 55 60
 45 Asn Gln Lys Ile Val Leu Asn Phe Asn Pro His Phe Glu Ile Glu Lys
 65 70 75 80
 His Asp Cys Lys Tyr Asp Phe Ile Glu Ile Arg Asp Gly Asp Ser Glu
 85 90 95
 Ser Ala Asp Leu Leu Gly Lys His Cys Gly Asn Ile Ala Pro Pro Thr
 100 105 110
 50 Ile Ile Ser Ser Gly Ser Val Leu Tyr Ile Lys Phe Thr Ser Asp Tyr
 115 120 125
 Ala Arg Gln Gly Ala Gly Phe Ser Leu Arg Tyr Glu Ile Phe Lys Thr
 130 135 140
 55 Gly Ser Glu Asp Cys Ser Lys Asn Phe Thr Ser Pro Asn Gly Thr Ile
 145 150 155 160

Glu Ser Pro Gly Phe Pro Glu Lys Tyr Pro His Asn Leu Asp Cys Thr
 165 170 175
 Phe Thr Ile Leu Ala Lys Pro Arg Met Glu Ile Ile Leu Gln Phe Leu
 180 185 190
 Thr Phe Asp Leu Glu His Asp Pro Leu Gln Val Gly Glu Gly Asp Cys
 195 200 205
 Lys Tyr Asp Trp Leu Asp Ile Trp Asp Gly Ile Pro His Val Gly Pro
 210 215 220
 Leu Ile Gly Lys Tyr Cys Gly Thr Lys Thr Pro Ser Lys Leu Arg Ser
 225 230 235 240
 Ser Thr Gly Ile Leu Ser Leu Thr Phe His Thr Asp Met Ala Val Ala
 245 250 255
 Lys Asp Gly Phe Ser Ala Arg Tyr Tyr Leu Ile His Gln Glu Pro Pro
 260 265 270
 Glu Asn Phe Gln Cys Asn Val Pro Leu Gly Met Glu Ser Gly Arg Ile
 275 280 285
 Ala Asn Glu Gln Ile Ser Ala Ser Ser Thr Phe Ser Asp Gly Arg Trp
 290 295 300
 Thr Pro Gln Gln Ser Arg Leu His Gly Asp Asp Asn Gly Trp Thr Pro
 305 310 315 320
 Asn Leu Asp Ser Asn Lys Glu Tyr Leu Gln Val Asp Leu Arg Phe Leu
 325 330 335
 Thr Met Leu Thr Ala Ile Ala Thr Gln Gly Ala Ile Ser Arg Glu Thr
 340 345 350
 Gln Lys Gly Tyr Tyr Val Lys Ser Tyr Lys Leu Glu Val Ser Thr Asn
 355 360 365
 Gly Glu Asp Trp Met Val Tyr Arg His Gly Lys Asn His Lys Ile Phe
 370 375 380
 Gln Ala Asn Asn Asp Ala Thr Glu Val Val Leu Asn Lys Leu His Met
 385 390 395 400
 Pro Leu Leu Thr Arg Phe Ile Arg Ile Arg Pro Gln Thr Trp His Leu
 405 410 415
 Gly Ile Ala Leu Arg Leu Glu Leu Phe Gly Cys Arg Val Thr Asp Ala
 420 425 430
 Pro Cys Ser Asn Met Leu Gly Met Leu Ser Gly Leu Ile Ala Asp Thr
 435 440 445
 Gln Ile Ser Ala Ser Ser Thr Arg Glu Tyr Leu Trp Ser Pro Ser Ala
 450 455 460
 Ala Arg Leu Val Ser Ser Arg Ser Gly Trp Phe Pro Arg Asn Pro Gln
 465 470 475 480
 Ala Gln Pro Gly Glu Glu Trp Leu Gln Val Asp Leu Gly Thr Pro Lys
 485 490 495
 Thr Val Lys Gly Val Ile Ile Gln Gly Ala Arg Gly Gly Asp Ser Ile
 500 505 510
 Thr Ala Val Glu Ala Arg Ala Phe Val Arg Lys Phe Lys Val Ser Tyr
 515 520 525
 Ser Leu Asn Gly Lys Asp Trp Glu Tyr Ile Gln Asp Pro Arg Thr Gln
 530 535 540
 Gln Thr Lys Leu Phe Glu Gly Asn Met His Tyr Asp Thr Pro Asp Ile
 545 550 555 560
 Arg Arg Phe Asp Pro Val Pro Ala Gln Tyr Val Arg Val Tyr Pro Glu
 565 570 575
 Arg Trp Ser Pro Ala Gly Ile Gly Met Arg Leu Glu Val Leu Gly Cys
 580 585 590
 Asp Trp Thr Asp Ser Lys Pro Thr Val Glu Thr Leu Gly Pro Thr Val
 595 600 605
 Lys Ser Glu Glu Thr Thr Thr Pro Tyr Pro Met Asp Glu Asp Ala Thr

610 615 620
 Glu Cys Gly Glu Asn Cys Ser Phe Glu Asp Asp Lys Asp Leu Gln Leu
 625 630 635 640
 Pro Ser Gly Phe Asn Cys Asn Phe Asp Phe Pro Glu Glu Thr Cys Gly
 645 650 655
 5 Trp Val Tyr Asp His Ala Lys Trp Leu Arg Ser Thr Trp Ile Ser Ser
 660 665 670
 Ala Asn Pro Asn Asp Arg Thr Phe Pro Asp Asp Lys Asn Phe Leu Lys
 675 680 685
 10 Leu Gln Ser Asp Gly Arg Arg Glu Gly Gln Tyr Gly Arg Leu Ile Ser
 690 695 700
 Pro Pro Val His Leu Pro Arg Ser Pro Val Cys Met Glu Phe Gln Tyr
 705 710 715 720
 Gln Ala Met Gly Gly His Gly Val Ala Leu Gln Val Val Arg Glu Ala
 725 730 735
 15 Ser Gln Glu Ser Lys Leu Leu Trp Val Ile Arg Glu Asp Gln Gly Ser
 740 745 750
 Glu Trp Lys His Gly Arg Ile Ile Leu Pro Ser Tyr Asp Met Glu Tyr
 755 760 765
 20 Gln Ile Val Phe Glu Gly Val Ile Gly Lys Gly Arg Ser Gly Glu Ile
 770 775 780
 Ser Gly Asp Asp Ile Arg Ile Ser Thr Asp Val Pro Leu Glu Asn Cys
 785 790 795 800
 Met Glu Pro Ile Ser Ala Phe Ala Asp Glu Tyr Glu Gly Asp Trp Ser
 805 810 815
 25 Asn Ser Ser Ser Ser Thr Ser Gly Ala Gly Asp Pro Ser Ser Gly Lys
 820 825 830
 Glu Lys Ser Trp Leu Tyr Thr Leu Asp Pro Ile Leu Ile Thr Ile Ile
 835 840 845
 30 Ala Met Ser Ser Leu Gly Val Leu Leu Gly Ala Thr Cys Ala Gly Leu
 850 855 860
 Leu Leu Tyr Cys Thr Cys Ser Tyr Ser Gly Leu Ser Ser Arg Ser Cys
 865 870 875 880
 Thr Thr Leu Glu Asn Tyr Asn Phe Glu Leu Tyr Asp Gly Leu Lys His
 885 890 895
 35 Lys Val Lys Ile Asn His Gln Lys Cys Cys Ser Glu Ala
 900 905

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:11:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 4733 base pairs
 (B) TYPE: nucleic acid
 (C) STRANDEDNESS: double
 (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: cDNA

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:11:

40 AAACGGGAGC TCCACCGCGG TGGCGGCCGC CCGGGCAGGT CTAGAATTCA GCGGCCGCTG 60
 AATTCTATCC AGCGGTCCGT GCCTCTGCCC GCGTGTGTGT CCCGGGTGCC GGGGGACCTG 120
 TGTCAGTTAG CGCTTCTGAG ATCACACAGC TGCCTAGGGG CCGTGTGATG CCCAGGGCAA 180
 TTCTTGGCTT TGATTTTAT TATTATTACT ATTATTTTGC GTTCAGCTTT CGGGAAACCC 240
 50 TCGTGATGTT GTAGGATAAA GGAAATGACA CTTTGAGGAA CTGGAGAGAA CATAACGCG 300
 TTTGGGTTTG AAGAGGAAAC CGGTCTCCGC TTCCTTAGCT TGCTCCCTCT TTGCTGATTT 360
 CAAGAGCTAT CTCCTATGAG GTGGAGATAT TCCAGCAAGA ATAAAGGTGA AGACAGACTG 420
 ACTCCAGGA CCCAGGAGGA AAACGTTGAT CGTTAGAGAC CTTTGAGAA GACACCACCA 480
 GGAGGAAAAT TAGAGAGGAA AAACACAAAG ACATAATTAT AGGAGATCCC ACAACCTAG 540
 55 CCCGGGAGAG AGCCTCTCTG TCAAAAATGG ATATGTTTCC TCTTACCTGG GTTTTCTTAG 600
 CTCTGTACTT TTCAGGACAC GAAGTGAGAA GCCAGCAAGA TCCACCCTGC GGAGTCCGGC 660

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	CGAATTCCAA	AGATGCTGGC	TACATCACTT	CCCCAGGCTA	CCCCCAGGAC	TATCCCTCCC	720
	ACCAGAACTG	TGAGTGGATT	GTCTACGCCC	CCGAACCCAA	CCAGAAGATT	GTTCTCAACT	780
	TCAACCCTCA	CTTTGAAATC	GAGAAACACG	ACTGCAAGTA	TGACTTCATT	GAGATTCTGGG	840
	ATGGGGACAG	TGAGTCAGCT	GACCTCCTGG	GCAAGCACTG	TGGGAACATC	GCCCCGCCCA	900
	CCATCATCTC	CTCAGGCTCC	GTGTTATACA	TCAAGTTTAC	CTCAGACTAC	GCCCGGCAGG	960
5	GGGCAGGTTT	CTCTCTACGC	TATGAGATCT	TCAAAACAGG	CTCTGAAGAT	TGTTCCAAGA	1020
	ACTTTACAAG	CCCCAATGGG	ACCATTGAAT	CTCCAGGGTT	TCCAGAGAAG	TATCCACACA	1080
	ATCTGGACTG	TACCTTCACC	ATCCTGGCCA	AACCCAGGAT	GGAGATCATC	CTACAGTTCC	1140
	TGACCTTTGA	CCTGGAGCAT	GACCTCTAC	AAGTGGGGGA	AGGAGACTGT	AAATATGACT	1200
	GGCTGGACAT	CTGGGATGGC	ATTCCACATG	TTGGACCTCT	GATTGGCAAG	TACTGTGGGA	1260
10	CGAAACACAC	CTCCAAATC	CGCTCGTCCA	CGGGGATCCT	CTCCTTGACC	TTTCACACGG	1320
	ACATGGCAGT	GGCCAAGGAT	GGCTTCTCCG	CACGTTACTA	TTTGATCCAC	CAGGAGCCAC	1380
	CTGAGAATTT	TCAGTGCAAT	GTCCCTTTGG	GAATGGAGTC	TGGCCGGATT	GCTAATGAAC	1440
	AGATCAGTGC	CTCCTCCACC	TTCTCTGATG	GGAGGTGGAC	TCCTCAACAG	AGCCGGCTCC	1500
	ATGGTGATGA	CAATGGCTGG	ACACCCAATT	TGGATTCCAA	CAAGGAGTAT	CTCCAGGTGG	1560
15	ACCTGCGCTT	CCTAACCATG	CTCACAGCCA	TTGCAACACA	GGGAGCCATT	TCCAGGGAAA	1620
	CCCAGAAAGG	CTACTACGTC	AAATCGTACA	AGCTGGAAGT	CAGCACAAAT	GGTGAAGATT	1680
	GGATGGTCTA	CCGGCATGGC	AAAAACCACA	AGATATTCCA	AGCGAACCAAT	GATGCGACCG	1740
	AGGTGGTGCT	AAACAAGCTC	CACATGCCAC	TGCTGACTCG	GTTTCATCAGG	ATCCGCCCCGC	1800
	AGACGTGGCA	TTTGGGCAIT	GCCCTTCGCC	TGGAGCTCTT	TGGCTGCCGG	GTCACAGATG	1860
20	CACCCTGCTC	CAACATGCTG	GGGATGCTCT	CGGGCCTCAT	TGCTGATACC	CAGATCTCTG	1920
	CCTCCTCCAC	CCGAGAGTAC	CTCTGGAGCC	CCAGTCTGTC	CCGCCTGCTT	AGTAGCCGCT	1980
	CTGGCTGGTT	TCCTCGGAAC	CCTCAAGCCC	AGCCAGGTGA	AGAATGGCTT	CAGGTAGACC	2040
	TGGGGACACC	CAAGACAGTG	AAAGGGGTCA	TCATCCAGGG	AGCCCCAGGA	GGAGACAGCA	2100
	TCAGTGCCGT	GGAAGCCAGG	GCGTTGTGAT	GCAAGTTCAA	AGTCTCTTAC	AGCCTAAATG	2160
25	GCAAGGACTG	GGAATATATC	CAGGACCCCA	GGACTCAGCA	GACAAAGCTG	TTTGAAGGGA	2220
	ACATGCACTA	TGACACCCCT	GACATCCGAA	GGTTCGATCC	TGTTCCAGCG	CAGTATGTGC	2280
	GGGTGTACCC	AGAGAGGTGG	TCCGACAGCAG	GCATCGGGAT	GAGGCTGGAG	GTGCTGGGCT	2340
	GTGACTGGAC	AGACTCAAAG	CCCACAGTGG	AGACGCTGGG	ACCCACCGTG	AAGAGTGAAG	2400
	AGACTACCAC	CCCATATCCC	ATGGATGGAG	ATGCCACCGA	GTGTGGGGAA	AACTGCAGCT	2460
30	TTGAGGATGA	CAAAAGATTG	CAACTTCCTT	CAGGATTCAA	CTGCAACTTT	GATTTTCCGG	2520
	AAGAGACCTG	TGGTTGGGTG	TACGACCATG	CCAAGTGGCT	CCGGAGCACG	TGGATCAGCA	2580
	GCGCTAACCC	CAATGACAGA	ACATTTCAG	ATGACAAGAA	CTTCTTGAAA	CTGCAGAGTG	2640
	ATGGCCGACG	AGAGGGCCAG	TACGGGCGGC	TCATCAGCCC	ACCGGTGCAC	CTGCCCCGAA	2700
	GCCCTGTGTG	CATGGAGTTC	CAGTACCAAG	CCATGGGCGG	CCACGGGGTG	GCACTGCAGG	2760
35	TGGTTCCGGG	AGCCAGCCAG	GAAAGCAAAC	TCCTTTGGGT	CATCCGTGAG	GACCAGGGCA	2820
	CGAGGTGGAA	GCACGGGCGC	ATTATCCTGC	CCAGCTATGA	CATGGAGTAT	CAGATCGTGT	2880
	TCGAGGGAGT	GATAGGGAAG	GGACGATCGG	GAGAGATTTT	CGGCGATGAC	ATTCCGGATA	2940
	GCACTGATGT	CCCACTGGAG	AACTGCATGG	AACCCATATC	AGCTTTTGCA	GGTGAGGATT	3000
	TTAAAGATGA	ATATGAAGGA	GATTGGAGCA	ACTCTTCTTC	CTCTACCTCA	GGGGCTGGTG	3060
40	ACCCCTCATC	TGGCAAAGAA	AAGAGCTGGC	TGTACACCCT	AGATCCCAT	CTGATCACCA	3120
	TCATCGCCAT	GAGCTCGCTG	GGGGTCTCTG	TGGGGGCCAC	CTGTGCGGGC	CTCCTCCTTT	3180
	ACTGCACTTG	CTCCTATTTC	GGTCTGAGTT	CGAGGAGCTG	CACCACACTG	GAGAACTACA	3240
	ACTTTGAGCT	CTACGATGGC	CTCAAGCACA	AGGTCAAGAT	CAATCATCAG	AAGTGCTGCT	3300
	CGGAGGCATG	ACCGATTGTG	TCTGGATCGC	TTCTGGCGTT	TCAITCCAGT	GAGAGGGGCT	3360
45	AGCGAAGATT	ACAGTTTTGT	TTTGTTTTGT	TTTGTTTTCC	CTTTGGAAAC	TGAATGCCAT	3420
	AATCTGGATC	AAAGTGTTC	AGAATACTGA	AGGTATGGAC	AGGACAGACA	GGCCAGTCTA	3480
	GGGAGAAAGG	GAGATGCAGC	TGTGAAGGGG	ATCGTTGCCC	ACCAGGACTG	TGGTGGCCAA	3540
	GTGAATGCAG	GAACCGGGCC	CGGAATTCCG	GCTCTCGGCT	AAAATCTCAG	CTGCCTCTGG	3600
	AAAGGCTCAA	CCATACTCAG	TGCCAATCA	GACTCTGTTG	CTGTGGTGTC	AACATGGATG	3660
50	GATCATCTGT	ACCTTGATAT	TTTAGCAGAA	TTTCATGCTCA	GATTTCTTTG	TTCTGAATCC	3720
	TTGCTTTGTG	CTAGACACAA	AGCATACATG	TCCTTCTAAA	ATTAATATGA	TCACTATAAT	3780
	CTCCTGTGTG	CAGAATTACG	AAATAGACCT	TTGAAACCAT	TTGCATTGTG	AGTGCAGATC	3840
	CATGACTGGG	GCTAGTGACG	CAATGAAACA	GAATTCCAGA	AACAGTGTGT	TCTTTTATT	3900
	ATGGGAAAAT	ACAGATAAAA	ATGGCCACTG	ATGAACATGA	AAGTTAGCAC	TTTCCCAACA	3960
55	CAGTGTACAC	TTGCAACCTT	GTTTTGGATT	TCTCATACAC	CAAGACTGTG	AAACACAAAT	4020
	TTCAAGAATG	TGTTCAAATG	TGTGTGTGTG	TGTGTGTGTG	TGTGTGTGTG	TGTGTGTATG	4080

TGTGTGTGTG TGTGTGTGCT TGTGTGTTTC TGTCAGTGGT ATGAGTGATA TGTATGCATG 4140
 TGTGTATGTA TATGTATGTA TGTATGTATG TATGTACGTA CATATGTATG TATGTATGTA 4200
 TGTATGTATG TATGTATATG TGTGTGTGTG TTTGTGTGTG TGTGTGTTTG TGTGTGTGTG 4260
 TGTGGTAAGT GTGGTATGTG TGTATGCATT TGTCTATATG TGTATCTGTG TGTCTATGTG 4320
 TTTCTGTCTAG TGGAAATGAGT GGCATGTGTG CATGTGTATG TATGTGGATA TGTGTGTTGT 4380
 5 GTTTATGTGC TTGTGTATAA GAGGTAAGTG TGGTGTGTGT GCATGTGTCT CTGTGTGTGT 4440
 TTGTCTGTGT ACCTCTTTGT ATAAGTACCT GTGTTTGTAT GTGGGAATAT GTATATTGAG 4500
 GCATTGCTGT GTTAGTATGT TTATAGAAAA GAAGACAGTC TGAGATGTCT TCCTCAATAC 4560
 CTCTCCACTT ATATCTTGGA TAGACAAAAG TAATGACAAA AAATTGCTGG TGTGTATATG 4620
 GAAAAGGGGG ACACATATCC ATGGATGGTA GAAAGTGTAAA CTGTGCAGTC ACTGTGGACA 4680
 10 TCAATATGCA GGTTCCTCAC AAATGTAGAT ATAAAGCTAC TATAGTTATA CCC 4733

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:12:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 914 amino acids
 (B) TYPE: amino acid
 (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
 (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: peptide

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:12:

20 Met Asp Met Phe Pro Leu Thr Trp Val Phe Leu Ala Leu Tyr Phe Ser
 1 5 10 15
 Gly His Glu Val Arg Ser Gln Gln Asp Pro Pro Cys Gly Gly Arg Pro
 20 25 30
 25 Asn Ser Lys Asp Ala Gly Tyr Ile Thr Ser Pro Gly Tyr Pro Gln Asp
 35 40 45
 Tyr Pro Ser His Gln Asn Cys Glu Trp Ile Val Tyr Ala Pro Glu Pro
 50 55 60
 Asn Gln Lys Ile Val Leu Asn Phe Asn Pro His Phe Glu Ile Glu Lys
 65 70 75 80
 30 His Asp Cys Lys Tyr Asp Phe Ile Glu Ile Arg Asp Gly Asp Ser Glu
 85 90 95
 Ser Ala Asp Leu Leu Gly Lys His Cys Gly Asn Ile Ala Pro Pro Thr
 100 105 110
 35 Ile Ile Ser Ser Gly Ser Val Leu Tyr Ile Lys Phe Thr Ser Asp Tyr
 115 120 125
 Ala Arg Gln Gly Ala Gly Phe Ser Leu Arg Tyr Glu Ile Phe Lys Thr
 130 135 140
 Gly Ser Glu Asp Cys Ser Lys Asn Phe Thr Ser Pro Asn Gly Thr Ile
 145 150 155 160
 40 Glu Ser Pro Gly Phe Pro Glu Lys Tyr Pro His Asn Leu Asp Cys Thr
 165 170 175
 Phe Thr Ile Leu Ala Lys Pro Arg Met Glu Ile Ile Leu Gln Phe Leu
 180 185 190
 Thr Phe Asp Leu Glu His Asp Pro Leu Gln Val Gly Glu Gly Asp Cys
 195 200 205
 45 Lys Tyr Asp Trp Leu Asp Ile Trp Asp Gly Ile Pro His Val Gly Pro
 210 215 220
 Leu Ile Gly Lys Tyr Cys Gly Thr Lys Thr Pro Ser Lys Leu Arg Ser
 225 230 235 240
 50 Ser Thr Gly Ile Leu Ser Leu Thr Phe His Thr Asp Met Ala Val Ala
 245 250 255
 Lys Asp Gly Phe Ser Ala Arg Tyr Tyr Leu Ile His Gln Glu Pro Pro
 260 265 270
 Glu Asn Phe Gln Cys Asn Val Pro Leu Gly Met Glu Ser Gly Arg Ile
 275 280 285
 55 Ala Asn Glu Gln Ile Ser Ala Ser Ser Thr Phe Ser Asp Gly Arg Trp

	290		295		300	
	Thr Pro Gln Gln Ser Arg Leu His Gly Asp Asp Asn Gly Trp Thr Pro					
	305		310		315	320
	Asn Leu Asp Ser Asn Lys Glu Tyr Leu Gln Val Asp Leu Arg Phe Leu					
		325		330		335
5	Thr Met Leu Thr Ala Ile Ala Thr Gln Gly Ala Ile Ser Arg Glu Thr					
		340		345		350
	Gln Lys Gly Tyr Tyr Val Lys Ser Tyr Lys Leu Glu Val Ser Thr Asn					
		355		360		365
10	Gly Glu Asp Trp Met Val Tyr Arg His Gly Lys Asn His Lys Ile Phe					
		370		375		380
	Gln Ala Asn Asn Asp Ala Thr Glu Val Val Leu Asn Lys Leu His Met					
	385		390		395	400
	Pro Leu Leu Thr Arg Phe Ile Arg Ile Arg Pro Gln Thr Trp His Leu					
		405		410		415
15	Gly Ile Ala Leu Arg Leu Glu Leu Phe Gly Cys Arg Val Thr Asp Ala					
		420		425		430
	Pro Cys Ser Asn Met Leu Gly Met Leu Ser Gly Leu Ile Ala Asp Thr					
		435		440		445
20	Gln Ile Ser Ala Ser Ser Thr Arg Glu Tyr Leu Trp Ser Pro Ser Ala					
		450		455		460
	Ala Arg Leu Val Ser Ser Arg Ser Gly Trp Phe Pro Arg Asn Pro Gln					
	465		470		475	480
	Ala Gln Pro Gly Glu Glu Trp Leu Gln Val Asp Leu Gly Thr Pro Lys					
		485		490		495
25	Thr Val Lys Gly Val Ile Ile Gln Gly Ala Arg Gly Gly Asp Ser Ile					
		500		505		510
	Thr Ala Val Glu Ala Arg Ala Phe Val Arg Lys Phe Lys Val Ser Tyr					
		515		520		525
30	Ser Leu Asn Gly Lys Asp Trp Glu Tyr Ile Gln Asp Pro Arg Thr Gln					
		530		535		540
	Gln Thr Lys Leu Phe Glu Gly Asn Met His Tyr Asp Thr Pro Asp Ile					
	545		550		555	560
	Arg Arg Phe Asp Pro Val Pro Ala Gln Tyr Val Arg Val Tyr Pro Glu					
		565		570		575
35	Arg Trp Ser Pro Ala Gly Ile Gly Met Arg Leu Glu Val Leu Gly Cys					
		580		585		590
	Asp Trp Thr Asp Ser Lys Pro Thr Val Glu Thr Leu Gly Pro Thr Val					
		595		600		605
40	Lys Ser Glu Glu Thr Thr Thr Pro Tyr Pro Met Asp Glu Asp Ala Thr					
		610		615		620
	Glu Cys Gly Glu Asn Cys Ser Phe Glu Asp Asp Lys Asp Leu Gln Leu					
	625		630		635	640
	Pro Ser Gly Phe Asn Cys Asn Phe Asp Phe Pro Glu Glu Thr Cys Gly					
		645		650		655
45	Trp Val Tyr Asp His Ala Lys Trp Leu Arg Ser Thr Trp Ile Ser Ser					
		660		665		670
	Ala Asn Pro Asn Asp Arg Thr Phe Pro Asp Asp Lys Asn Phe Leu Lys					
		675		680		685
50	Leu Gln Ser Asp Gly Arg Arg Glu Gly Gln Tyr Gly Arg Leu Ile Ser					
		690		695		700
	Pro Pro Val His Leu Pro Arg Ser Pro Val Cys Met Glu Phe Gln Tyr					
	705		710		715	720
	Gln Ala Met Gly Gly His Gly Val Ala Leu Gln Val Val Arg Glu Ala					
		725		730		735
55	Ser Gln Glu Ser Lys Leu Leu Trp Val Ile Arg Glu Asp Gln Gly Ser					
		740		745		750

Glu Trp Lys His Gly Arg Ile Ile Leu Pro Ser Tyr Asp Met Glu Tyr
 755 760 765
 Gln Ile Val Phe Glu Gly Val Ile Gly Lys Gly Arg Ser Gly Glu Ile
 770 775 780
 Ser Gly Asp Asp Ile Arg Ile Ser Thr Asp Val Pro Leu Glu Asn Cys
 785 790 795 800
 Met Glu Pro Ile Ser Ala Phe Ala Gly Glu Asp Phe Lys Asp Glu Tyr
 805 810 815
 Glu Gly Asp Trp Ser Asn Ser Ser Ser Thr Ser Gly Ala Gly Asp
 820 825 830
 Pro Ser Ser Gly Lys Glu Lys Ser Trp Leu Tyr Thr Leu Asp Pro Ile
 835 840 845
 Leu Ile Thr Ile Ile Ala Met Ser Ser Leu Gly Val Leu Leu Gly Ala
 850 855 860
 Thr Cys Ala Gly Leu Leu Leu Tyr Cys Thr Cys Ser Tyr Ser Gly Leu
 865 870 875 880
 Ser Ser Arg Ser Cys Thr Thr Leu Glu Asn Tyr Asn Phe Glu Leu Tyr
 885 890 895
 Asp Gly Leu Lys His Lys Val Lys Ile Asn His Gln Lys Cys Cys Ser
 900 905 910
 Glu Ala

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:13:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

(A) LENGTH: 4769 base pairs

(B) TYPE: nucleic acid

(C) STRANDEDNESS: single

(D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: cDNA

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:13:

30 AAATGGAGC TCCACCGCGG TGGCGGCCGC CCGGCAGGT CTAGAATTCA GCGGCCGCTG 60
 AATTCTATCC AGCGGTCGGT GCCTCTGCCC GCGTGTGTGT CCCGGGTGCC GGGGGACCTG 120
 TGTCAGTTAG CGCTTCTGAG ATCACACAGC TGCCTAGGGG CCGTGTGATG CCCAGGGCAA 180
 TTCTTGCTT TGATTTTAT TATTATTACT ATTATTTTGC GTTCAGCTTT CGGGAAACCC 240
 TCGTGATGTT GTAGGATAAA GGAATGACA CTTTGAGGAA CTGGAGAGAA CACACACGCG 300
 35 TTTGGGTTTG AAGAGGAAAC CGGTCTCCGC TTCCTTAGCT TGCTCCCTCT TTGCTGATTT 360
 CAAGAGCTAT CTCCTATGAG GTGGAGATAT TCCAGCAAGA ATAAAGGTGA AGACAGACTG 420
 ACTGCCAGGA CCCAGGAGGA AACGTTGAT CGTTAGAGAC CTTTGCAGAA GACACCACCA 480
 GGAGGAAAAT TAGAGAGGAA AACACAAAG ACATAATTAT AGGAGATCCC ACAACCTAG 540
 CCCGGGAGAG AGCTCTCTG TCAAAAATGG ATATGTTTCC TCTTACCTGG GTTTTCTTAG 600
 40 CTCTGTACTT TTCAGGACAC GAAGTGAGAA GCCAGCAAGA TCCACCCTGC GGAGGTCGGC 660
 CGAATTCCAA AGATGCTGGC TACATCACTT CCCCAGGCTA CCCCAGGAC TATCCCTCCC 720
 ACCAGAAGTG TGAGTGGATT GTCTACGCCC CCGAACCCAA CCAGAAGATT GTTCTCAACT 780
 TCAACCCCTCA CTTTGAAATC GAGAAACACG ACTGCAAGTA TGACTTCATT GAGATTGGGG 840
 ATGGGGACAG TGAGTCAGCT GACCTCCTGG GCAAGCACTG TGGGAACATC GCCCCGCCCA 900
 45 CCATCATCTC CTCAGGCTCC GTGTATACA TCAAGTTCAC CTCAGACTAC GCCCCGGCAGG 960
 GGGCAGGTTT CTCTCTACGC TATGAGATCT TCAAAACAGG CTCTGAAGAT TGTTCCAAGA 1020
 ACTTTACAAG CCCCAATGGG ACCATTGAAT CTCCAGGGTT TCCAGAGAAG TATCCACACA 1080
 ATCTGGACTG TACCTTCACC ATCCTGGCCA AACCCAGGAT GGAGATCATC CTACAGTTCC 1140
 TGACCTTTTG CCTGGAGCAT GACCTCTAC AAGTGGGGGA AGGAGACTGT AAATATGACT 1200
 50 GGCTGGACAT CTGGGATGGC ATTCCACATG TTGGACCTCT GATTGGCAAG TACTGTGGGA 1260
 CGAAAACACC CTCCAACTC CGCTCGTCCA CGGGGATCCT CTCCTTGACC TTTCACACGG 1320
 ACATGGCAGT GGCCAAGGAT GGCTTCTCCG CACGTTACTA TTTGATCCAC CAGGAGCCAC 1380
 CTGAGAAATTT TCAGTGCAAT GTCCCTTTGG GAATGGAGTC TGGCCGGATT GCTAATGAAC 1440
 AGATCAGTGC CTCCTCCACC TTCTCTGATG GGAGGTGGAC TCCTCAACAG AGCCGGCTCC 1500
 55 ATGGTGATGA CAATGGCTGG ACACCCAATT TGGATTCCAA CAAGGAGTAT CTCCAGGTGG 1560
 ACCTGCGCTT CTAACCATG CTCACAGCCA TTGCAACACA GGGAGCCATT TCCAGGGAAA 1620

none SR2(2) N
 522(2) N

	CCCAGAAAGG	CTACTACGTC	AAATCGTACA	AGCTGGAAGT	CAGCACAAAT	GGTGAAGATT	1680
	GGATGGTCTA	CCGGCATGGC	AAAAACCACA	AGATATTCCA	AGCGAACAAT	GATGCGACCG	1740
	AGGTGGTGCT	AAACAAGCTC	CACATGCCAC	TGCTGACTCG	GTTTCATCAGG	ATCCGCCCCG	1800
	AGACGTGGCA	TTTGGGCATT	GCCCTTCGCC	TGGAGCTCTT	TGGCTGCCCG	GTCACAGATG	1860
	CACCCTGCTC	CAACATGCTG	GGGATGCTCT	CGGGCCTCAT	TGCTGATACC	CAGATCTCTG	1920
5	CCTCCTCCAC	CCGAGAGTAC	CTCTGGAGCC	CCAGTGCTGC	CCGCCTGGTT	AGTAGCCGCT	1980
	CTGGCTGGTT	TCCTCGGAAC	CCTCAAGCCC	AGCCAGGTGA	AGAATGGCTT	CAGGTAGACC	2040
	TGGGGACACC	CAAGACAGTG	AAAGGGGTCA	TCATCCAGGG	AGCCCGAGGA	GGAGACAGCA	2100
	TCACTGCCGT	GGAAGCCAGG	GCGTTTGATC	GCAAGTTCAA	AGTCTCTTAC	AGCCTAAATG	2160
	CCAAGGACTG	GGAATATATC	CAGGACCCCA	GGACTCAGCA	GACAAAGCTG	TTTGAAGGGA	2220
10	ACATGCGACT	TGACACCCCT	GACATCCGAA	GGTTCGATCC	TGTTCCAGCG	CAGTATGTGC	2280
	GGGTGTACCC	AGAGAGGTGG	TCGCCAGCAG	GCATCGGGAT	GAGGCTGGAG	GTGCTGGGCT	2340
	GTGACTGGAC	AGACTCAAAG	CCCACAGTGG	AGACGCTGGG	ACCCACCGTG	AAGAGTGAAG	2400
	AGACTACCAC	CCCATATCCC	ATGGATGAGG	ATGCCACCGA	GTGTGGGGAA	AAGTGCAGCT	2460
	TTGAGGATGA	CAAAGATTTG	CAACTTCCTT	CAGGATTCAA	CTGCAACTTT	GATTTTCCGG	2520
15	AAGAGACCTG	TGGTTGGGTG	TACGACCATG	CCAAGTGGCT	CCGGAGCACG	TGGATCAGCA	2580
	GCGCTAACC	CAATGACAGA	ACATTTCAG	ATGACAAGAA	CTTCTTGAAA	CTGCAGAGTG	2640
	ATGGCCGACG	AGAGGGCCAG	TACGGGCGGC	TCATCAGCCC	ACCGGTGCAC	CTGCCCCGAA	2700
	GCCCTGTGTG	CATGGAGTTC	CAGTACCAAG	CCATGGGCGG	CCACGGGGTG	GCACTGCAGG	2760
	TGGTTCGGGA	AGCCAGCCAG	GAAAGCAAAC	TCCTTTGGGT	CATCCGTGAG	GACCAGGGCA	2820
20	GCGAGTGGAA	GCACGGGCGC	ATTATCCTGC	CCAGCTATGA	CATGGAGTAT	CAGATCGTGT	2880
	TCGAGGGAGT	GATAGGGAAG	GGACGATCGG	GAGAGATTTT	CGGCGATGAC	ATTCGGGATA	2940
	GCACTGATGT	CCCACTGGAG	AACTGCATGG	AACCCATATC	AGCTTTTGCA	GTGGACATCC	3000
	CAGAAACCCA	TGGGGGAGAG	GGCTATGAAG	ATGAGATTGA	TGATGAATAT	GAAGGAGATT	3060
	GGAGCAACTC	TTCTTCCTCT	ACCTCAGGGG	CTGTGACCCC	CTCATCTGGC	AAAGAAAAGA	3120
25	GCTGGCTGTA	CACCCTAGAT	CCCATTCTGA	TCACCATCAT	CGCCATGAGC	TCGCTGGGGG	3180
	TCCTGCTGGG	GGCCACCTGT	GCGGGCCTCC	TCCTTTACTG	CACCTGCTCC	TATTCGGGTC	3240
	TGAGTTCGAG	GAGCTGCACC	ACACTGGAGA	ACTCAACTTT	TGAGCTCTAC	GATGGCTCTA	3300
	AGCACAAGGT	CAAGATCAAT	CATCAGAAGT	GCTGCTCGGA	GGCATGACCG	ATTGTGTCTG	3360
	GATCGCTTTC	GGCGTTTCAT	TCCAGTGAGA	GGGGCTAGCG	AAGATTACAG	TTTTGTTTTG	3420
30	TTTTGTTTTG	TTTTCCCTTT	GGAAACTGAA	TGCCATAATC	TGGATCAAAG	TGTTCCAGAA	3480
	TACTGAAGGT	ATGGACAGGA	CAGACAGGCC	AGTCTAGGGA	GAAAGGGAGA	TGCAGCTGTG	3540
	AAGGGGATCG	TTGCCCACCA	GGACTGTGGT	GGCCAAGTGA	ATGCAGGAAC	CGGGCCCGGA	3600
	ATTCCGGCTC	TCGGCTAAAA	TCTCAGCTGC	CTCTGGAAAAG	GCTCAACCAT	ACTCAGTGCC	3660
	AACTCAGACT	CTGTTGCTGT	GGTGTCAACA	TGGATGGATC	ATCTGTACCT	TGTATTTTTA	3720
35	GCAGAATTCA	TGCTCAGATT	TCTTTGTCTT	GAATCCTTGC	TTTGTGCTAG	ACACAAAGCA	3780
	TACATGTCCT	TCTAAAATTA	ATATGATCAC	TATAATCTCC	TGTGTGCAGA	ATTGAGAAAT	3840
	AGACCTTTGA	AACCATTTGC	ATTGTGAGTG	CAGATCCATG	ACTGGGGCTA	GTGCAGCAAT	3900
	GAAACAGAAT	TCCAGAAACA	GTGTGTTCTT	TTTATTATGG	GAAAATACAG	ATAAAAATGG	3960
	CCACTGATGA	ACATGAAAGT	TAGCACTTTC	CCAACACAGT	GTACACTTGC	AACCTGTGTT	4020
40	TGGATTTCTC	ATACACCAAG	ACTGTGAAAC	ACAAATTTCA	AGAATGTGTT	CAAAATGTGTG	4080
	TGTGTGTGTG	TGTGTGTGTG	TGTGTGTGTG	TGTGTGTGTG	TGTGTGTGTG	TGTGCTTGTG	4140
	TGTTTCTGTC	AGTGGTATGA	GTGATATGTA	TGCATGTGTG	TATGTATATG	TATGTATGTA	4200
	TGTATGTATG	TACGTACATA	TGTATGTATG	TATGTATGTA	TGTATGTATG	TATATGTGTG	4260
	TGTGTGTTTG	TGTGTGTGTG	TGTTTGTGTG	TGTGTGTGTG	GTAAGTGTGG	TATGTGTGTA	4320
45	TGCATTTGTC	TATATGTGTA	TCTGTGTGTC	TATGTGTTTC	TGTCAGTGGA	ATGAGTGGCA	4380
	TGTGTGCATG	TGTATGTATG	TGGATATGTG	TGTTGTGTTT	ATGTGCTTGT	GTATAAGAGG	4440
	TAAGTGTGGT	GTGTGTGCAT	GTGTCTCTGT	GTGTGTTTGT	CTGTGTACCT	CTTTGTATAA	4500
	GTACCTGTGT	TTGTATGTGG	GAATATGTAT	ATTGAGGCAT	TGCTGTGTTA	GTATGTTTAT	4560
	AGAAAAGAAG	ACAGTCTGAG	ATGTCCTCCT	CAATACCTCT	CCACTTATAT	CTTGGATAGA	4620
50	CAAAAGTAAT	GACAAAAAAT	TGCTGGTGTG	TATATGGAAA	AGGGGGACAC	ATATCCATGG	4680
	ATGGTAGAAG	TGTAAACTGT	GCAGTCACTG	TGGACATCAA	TATGCAGGTT	CTTCACAAAT	4740
	GTAGATATAA	AGCTACTATA	GTTATACCC				4769

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:14:

55 (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

(A) LENGTH: 926 amino acids

(B) TYPE: amino acid
 (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
 (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: peptide

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:14:

5	Met	Asp	Met	Phe	Pro	Leu	Thr	Trp	Val	Phe	Leu	Ala	Leu	Tyr	Phe	Ser
	1			5						10					15	
	Gly	His	Glu	Val	Arg	Ser	Gln	Gln	Asp	Pro	Pro	Cys	Gly	Gly	Arg	Pro
				20					25						30	
	Asn	Ser	Lys	Asp	Ala	Gly	Tyr	Ile	Thr	Ser	Pro	Gly	Tyr	Pro	Gln	Asp
10			35					40					45			
	Tyr	Pro	Ser	His	Gln	Asn	Cys	Glu	Trp	Ile	Val	Tyr	Ala	Pro	Glu	Pro
		50					55					60				
	Asn	Gln	Lys	Ile	Val	Leu	Asn	Phe	Asn	Pro	His	Phe	Glu	Ile	Glu	Lys
	65				70						75					80
15	His	Asp	Cys	Lys	Tyr	Asp	Phe	Ile	Glu	Ile	Arg	Asp	Gly	Asp	Ser	Glu
				85						90					95	
	Ser	Ala	Asp	Leu	Leu	Gly	Lys	His	Cys	Gly	Asn	Ile	Ala	Pro	Pro	Thr
				100					105					110		
	Ile	Ile	Ser	Ser	Gly	Ser	Val	Leu	Tyr	Ile	Lys	Phe	Thr	Ser	Asp	Tyr
20				115					120				125			
	Ala	Arg	Gln	Gly	Ala	Gly	Phe	Ser	Leu	Arg	Tyr	Glu	Ile	Phe	Lys	Thr
		130					135					140				
	Gly	Ser	Glu	Asp	Cys	Ser	Lys	Asn	Phe	Thr	Ser	Pro	Asn	Gly	Thr	Ile
	145					150					155					160
25	Glu	Ser	Pro	Gly	Phe	Pro	Glu	Lys	Tyr	Pro	His	Asn	Leu	Asp	Cys	Thr
				165						170					175	
	Phe	Thr	Ile	Leu	Ala	Lys	Pro	Arg	Met	Glu	Ile	Ile	Leu	Gln	Phe	Leu
				180					185					190		
	Thr	Phe	Asp	Leu	Glu	His	Asp	Pro	Leu	Gln	Val	Gly	Glu	Gly	Asp	Cys
30				195				200					205			
	Lys	Tyr	Asp	Trp	Leu	Asp	Ile	Trp	Asp	Gly	Ile	Pro	His	Val	Gly	Pro
		210					215					220				
	Leu	Ile	Gly	Lys	Tyr	Cys	Gly	Thr	Lys	Thr	Pro	Ser	Lys	Leu	Arg	Ser
	225					230					235				240	
35	Ser	Thr	Gly	Ile	Leu	Ser	Leu	Thr	Phe	His	Thr	Asp	Met	Ala	Val	Ala
				245						250					255	
	Lys	Asp	Gly	Phe	Ser	Ala	Arg	Tyr	Tyr	Leu	Ile	His	Gln	Glu	Pro	Pro
				260					265					270		
	Glu	Asn	Phe	Gln	Cys	Asn	Val	Pro	Leu	Gly	Met	Glu	Ser	Gly	Arg	Ile
40				275					280					285		
	Ala	Asn	Glu	Gln	Ile	Ser	Ala	Ser	Ser	Thr	Phe	Ser	Asp	Gly	Arg	Trp
		290					295						300			
	Thr	Pro	Gln	Gln	Ser	Arg	Leu	His	Gly	Asp	Asp	Asn	Gly	Trp	Thr	Pro
	305					310					315				320	
45	Asn	Leu	Asp	Ser	Asn	Lys	Glu	Tyr	Leu	Gln	Val	Asp	Leu	Arg	Phe	Leu
				325							330				335	
	Thr	Met	Leu	Thr	Ala	Ile	Ala	Thr	Gln	Gly	Ala	Ile	Ser	Arg	Glu	Thr
				340					345					350		
	Gln	Lys	Gly	Tyr	Tyr	Val	Lys	Ser	Tyr	Lys	Leu	Glu	Val	Ser	Thr	Asn
50				355					360				365			
	Gly	Glu	Asp	Trp	Met	Val	Tyr	Arg	His	Gly	Lys	Asn	His	Lys	Ile	Phe
		370					375					380				
	Gln	Ala	Asn	Asn	Asp	Ala	Thr	Glu	Val	Val	Leu	Asn	Lys	Leu	His	Met
	385					390					395				400	
55	Pro	Leu	Leu	Thr	Arg	Phe	Ile	Arg	Ile	Arg	Pro	Gln	Thr	Trp	His	Leu
				405						410					415	

Gly Ile Ala Leu Arg Leu Glu Leu Phe Gly Cys Arg Val Thr Asp Ala
 420 425 430
 Pro Cys Ser Asn Met Leu Gly Met Leu Ser Gly Leu Ile Ala Asp Thr
 435 440 445
 5 Gln Ile Ser Ala Ser Ser Thr Arg Glu Tyr Leu Trp Ser Pro Ser Ala
 450 455 460
 Ala Arg Leu Val Ser Ser Arg Ser Gly Trp Phe Pro Arg Asn Pro Gln
 465 470 475 480
 Ala Gln Pro Gly Glu Glu Trp Leu Gln Val Asp Leu Gly Thr Pro Lys
 485 490 495
 10 Thr Val Lys Gly Val Ile Ile Gln Gly Ala Arg Gly Gly Asp Ser Ile
 500 505 510
 Thr Ala Val Glu Ala Arg Ala Phe Val Arg Lys Phe Lys Val Ser Tyr
 515 520 525
 15 Ser Leu Asn Gly Lys Asp Trp Glu Tyr Ile Gln Asp Pro Arg Thr Gln
 530 535 540
 Gln Thr Lys Leu Phe Glu Gly Asn Met His Tyr Asp Thr Pro Asp Ile
 545 550 555 560
 Arg Arg Phe Asp Pro Val Pro Ala Gln Tyr Val Arg Val Tyr Pro Glu
 565 570 575
 20 Arg Trp Ser Pro Ala Gly Ile Gly Met Arg Leu Glu Val Leu Gly Cys
 580 585 590
 Asp Trp Thr Asp Ser Lys Pro Thr Val Glu Thr Leu Gly Pro Thr Val
 595 600 605
 25 Lys Ser Glu Glu Thr Thr Thr Pro Tyr Pro Met Asp Glu Asp Ala Thr
 610 615 620
 Glu Cys Gly Glu Asn Cys Ser Phe Glu Asp Asp Lys Asp Leu Gln Leu
 625 630 635 640
 Pro Ser Gly Phe Asn Cys Asn Phe Asp Phe Pro Glu Glu Thr Cys Gly
 645 650 655
 30 Trp Val Tyr Asp His Ala Lys Trp Leu Arg Ser Thr Trp Ile Ser Ser
 660 665 670
 Ala Asn Pro Asn Asp Arg Thr Phe Pro Asp Asp Lys Asn Phe Leu Lys
 675 680 685
 35 Leu Gln Ser Asp Gly Arg Arg Glu Gly Gln Tyr Gly Arg Leu Ile Ser
 690 695 700
 Pro Pro Val His Leu Pro Arg Ser Pro Val Cys Met Glu Phe Gln Tyr
 705 710 715 720
 Gln Ala Met Gly Gly His Gly Val Ala Leu Gln Val Val Arg Glu Ala
 725 730 735
 40 Ser Gln Glu Ser Lys Leu Leu Trp Val Ile Arg Glu Asp Gln Gly Ser
 740 745 750
 Glu Trp Lys His Gly Arg Ile Ile Leu Pro Ser Tyr Asp Met Glu Tyr
 755 760 765
 45 Gln Ile Val Phe Glu Gly Val Ile Gly Lys Gly Arg Ser Gly Glu Ile
 770 775 780
 Ser Gly Asp Asp Ile Arg Ile Ser Thr Asp Val Pro Leu Glu Asn Cys
 785 790 795 800
 Met Glu Pro Ile Ser Ala Phe Ala Val Asp Ile Pro Glu Thr His Gly
 805 810 815
 50 Gly Glu Gly Tyr Glu Asp Glu Ile Asp Asp Glu Tyr Glu Gly Asp Trp
 820 825 830
 Ser Asn Ser Ser Ser Ser Thr Ser Gly Ala Gly Asp Pro Ser Ser Gly
 835 840 845
 55 Lys Glu Lys Ser Trp Leu Tyr Thr Leu Asp Pro Ile Leu Ile Thr Ile
 850 855 860
 Ile Ala Met Ser Ser Leu Gly Val Leu Leu Gly Ala Thr Cys Ala Gly

865 870 875 880
 Leu Leu Leu Tyr Cys Thr Cys Ser Tyr Ser Gly Leu Ser Ser Arg Ser
 885 890 895
 Cys Thr Thr Leu Glu Asn Tyr Asn Phe Glu Leu Tyr Asp Gly Leu Lys
 900 905 910
 5 His Lys Val Lys Ile Asn His Gln Lys Cys Cys Ser Glu Ala
 915 920 925

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:15:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 4784 base pairs
 (B) TYPE: nucleic acid
 (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
 (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: cDNA

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:15:

15 AACTGGAGC TCCACGCGG TGGCGGCCG CCGGGCAGGT CTAGAATTCA GCGGCCGCTG 60
 AATTCTATCC AGCGGTCGGT GCCTCTGCCC GCGTGTGTGT CCCGGGTGCC GGGGGACCTG 120
 TGTCAGTTAG CGCTTCTGAG ATCACACAGC TGCCTAGGGG CCGTGTGATG CCCAGGGCAA 180
 20 TTCTTGGCTT TGATTTTAT TATTATTACT ATTATTTTGC GTTCAGCTTT CGGGAAACCC 240
 TCGTGATGTT GTAGGATAAA GGAATGACA CTTTGAGGAA CTGGAGAGAA CATAACGCG 300
 TTTGGGTTTG AAGAGGAAAC CGGTCTCCGC TTCCTTAGCT TGCTCCCTCT TTGCTGATTT 360
 CAAGAGCTAT CTCCTATGAG GTGGAGATAT TCCAGCAAGA ATAAAGGTGA AGACAGACTG 420
 ACTGCCAGGA CCCAGGAGGA AAACGTTGAT CGTTAGAGAC CTTTGCAGAA GACACCACCA 480
 GGAGGAAAAT TAGAGAGGAA AAACACAAAG ACATAATTAT AGGAGATCCC ACAAACCTAG 540
 25 CCCGGGAGAG AGCCTCTCTG TCAAAAATGG ATATGTTTCC TCTTACCTGG GTTTTCTTAG 600
 CTCTGTAATT TTCAGGACAC GAAGTGAGAA GCCAGCAAGA TCCACCCTGC GGAGGTCGGC 660
 CGAATTCCAA AGATGCTGGC TACATCACTT CCCCAGGCTA CCCCAGGAC TATCCCTCCC 720
 ACCAGAAGTC TGAGTGGATT GTCTACGCCC CCGAACCCAA CCAGAAGATT GTTCTCACT 780
 TCAACCCCTCA CTTTGAAATC GAGAAACACG ACTGCAAGTA TGACTTCATT GAGATTCGGG 840
 30 ATGGGGACAG TGAGTCAGCT GACCTCCTGG GCAAGCACTG TGGGAACATC GCCCGGCCCA 900
 CCATCATCTC CTCAGGCTCC GTGTTATACA TCAAGTTCAC CTCAGACTAC GCCCGGCAGG 960
 GGGCAGGTTT CTCTCTACGC TATGAGATCT TCAAAACAGG CTCTGAAGAT TGTTCCAAGA 1020
 ACTTTACAAG CCCCAATGGG ACCATTGAAT CTCCAGGGTT TCCAGAGAAG TATCCACACA 1080
 ATCTGGACTG TACCTTCACC ATCCTGGCCA AACCAGGAT GGAGATCATC CTACAGTTCC 1140
 35 TGACCTTTGA CTTGGAGCAT GACCTCTAC AAGTGGGGGA AGGAGACTGT AAATATGACT 1200
 GGCTGGACAT CTGGGATGGC ATTCCACATG TTGGACCTCT GATTGGCAAG TACTGTGGGA 1260
 CGAAAACACC CTCCAACTC CGCTCGTCCA CGGGGATCCT CTCCTTGACC TTTCACACGG 1320
 ACATGGCAGT GGCCAAGGAT GGCTTCTCCG CACGTTACTA TTTGATCCAC CAGGAGCCAC 1380
 CTGAGAATTT TCAGTGCAAT GTCCCTTTGG GAATGGAGTC TGGCCGGATT GCTAATGAAC 1440
 40 AGATCAGTGC CTCCTCCACC TTCTCTGATG GGAGGTGGAC TCCTCAACAG AGCCGGCTCC 1500
 ATGGTGATGA CAATGGCTGG ACACCCAATT TGGATTCCAA CAAGGAGTAT CTCCAGGTGG 1560
 ACCTGCGCTT CCTAACCATG CTCACAGCCA TTGCAACACA GGGAGCCATT TCCAGGGAAA 1620
 CCCAGAAAGG CTACTACGTC AAATCGTACA AGCTGGAAGT CAGCACAAAT GGTGAAGATT 1680
 GGATGGTCTA CCGGCATGGC AAAAACCACA AGATATTCCA AGCGAACAAAT GATGCGACCG 1740
 45 AGGTGGTGCT AAACAAGCTC CACATGCCAC TGCTGACTCG GTTCATCAGG ATCCGCCCGC 1800
 AGACGTGGCA TTTGGGCATT GCCCTTCGCC TGGAGCTCTT TGGCTGCCGG GTCACAGATG 1860
 CACCCTGCTC CAACATGCTG GGGATGCTCT CCGGCCTCAT TGCTGATACC CAGATCTCTG 1920
 CCTCTCCAC CCGAGAGTAC CTCTGGAGCC CAGTGTCTGC CCGCTGGTT AGTAGCCGCT 1980
 CTGGCTGGTT TCCTCGGAAC CCTCAAGCCC AGCCAGGTGA AGAATGGCTT CAGGTAGACC 2040
 50 TGGGGACACC CAAGACAGTG AAAGGGGTCA TCATCCAGGG AGCCCGAGGA GGAGACAGCA 2100
 TCACTGCCGT GGAAGCCAGG GCGTTTGATC GCAAGTTCAA AGTCTCTAC AGCCTAAATG 2160
 GCAAGGACTG GGAATATATC CAGGACCCCA GGACTCAGCA GACAAAGCTG TTTGAAGGGA 2220
 ACATGCACTA TGACACCCCT GACATCCGAA GGTTCGATCC TGTTCACGCG CAGTATGTGC 2280
 GGGTGTACCC AGAGAGGTGG TCGCCAGCAG GCATCGGGAT GAGGCTGGAG GTGCTGGGCT 2340
 55 GTGACTGGAC AGACTCAAAG CCCACAGTGG AGACGCTGGG ACCCACCGTG AAGAGTGAAG 2400
 AGACTACCAC CCCATATCCC ATGGATGAGG ATGCCACCGA GTGTGGGGAA AACTGCAGCT 2460

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TTGAGGATGA CAAAGATTG CAACTTCCTT CAGGATTCAA CTGCAACTTT GATTTTCCGG 2520
 AAGAGACCTG TGGTTGGGTG TACGACCATG CCAAGTGGCT CCGGAGCACG TGGATCAGCA 2580
 GCGCTAACC CCAATGACAGA ACATTTCCAG ATGACAAGAA CTTCTTGAAA CTGCAGAGTG 2640
 ATGGCCGACG AGAGGGCCAG TACGGGCGGC TCATCAGCCC ACCGGTGAC CTGCCCCGAA 2700
 GCCCTGTGTG CATGGAGTTC CAGTACCAAG CCATGGGCGG CCACGGGGTG GCACTGCAGG 2760
 5 TGGTTCCGGA AGCCAGCCAG GAAAGCAAAC TCCTTTGGGT CATCCGTGAG GACCAGGGCA 2820
 GCGAGTGGA GCACGGGCGC ATTATCCTGC CCAGCTATGA CATGGAGTAT CAGATCGTGT 2880
 TCGAGGGAGT GATAGGGAAG GGACGATCGG GAGAGATTTC CGGCGATGAC ATTCCGATAA 2940
 GCACTGATGT CCCACTGGAG AACTGCATGG AACCCATATC AGCTTTTGCA GGTGAGGATT 3000
 TTAAGTGGA CATCCAGAA ACCCATGGGG GAGAGGGCTA TGAAGATGAG ATTGATGATG 3060
 10 AATATGAAG AGATTGGAGC AACTCTTCTT CCTCTACCTC AGGGGCTGGT GACCCCTCAT 3120
 TTGCAAAGA AAAGAGCTGG CTGTACCCC TAGATCCCAT TCTGATCACC ATCATCGCCA 3180
 TGAGCTCGCT GGGGGTCCTG CTGGGGGCCA CCTGTGCGGG CCTCCTCCTT TACTGCACCT 3240
 GCTCCTATTG GGGTCTGAGT TCGAGGAGCT GCACCACACT GGAGAACTAC AACTTTGAGC 3300
 TCTACGATGG CCTCAAGCAC AAGGTCAAGA TCAATCATCA GAAGTGCTGC TCGGAGGCAT 3360
 15 GACCGATTGT GTCTGGATCG CTTCTGGCGT TTCATTCCAG TGAGAGGGGC TAGCGAAGAT 3420
 TACAGTTTTG TTTTGTTTTG TTTTGTTTTC CCTTTGAAA CTGAATGCCA TAATCTGGAT 3480
 CAAAGTGTTT CAGAATACTG AAGGTATGGA CAGGACAGAC AGGCCAGTCT AGGGAGAAAG 3540
 GGAGATGCAG CTGTGAAGGG GATCGTTGCC CACCAGGACT GTGGTGGCCA AGTGAATGCA 3600
 GGAACCGGGC CCGGAATTCC GGCTCTCGGC TAAAATCTCA GCTGCCTCTG GAAAGGCTCA 3660
 20 ACCATACTCA GTGCCAACTC AGACTCTGTT GCTGTGGTGT CAACATGGAT GGATCATCTG 3720
 TACCTGTAT TTTTAGCAGA ATTATGCTC AGATTTCTTT GTTCTGAATC CTTGCTTTGT 3780
 GCTAGACACA AAGCATACAT GTCCTTCTAA AATTAATATG ATCACTATAA TCTCCTGTGT 3840
 GCAGAATTCA GAAATAGACC TTTGAAACCA TTTGCATTGT GAGTGCAGAT CCATGACTGG 3900
 GGCTAGTGCA GCAATGAAAC AGAATTCCAG AAACAGTGTG TTCTTTTAT TATGGGAAAA 3960
 25 TACAGATAAA ATGGCCACT GATGAACATG AAAGTTAGCA CTTTCCCAAC ACAGTGTACA 4020
 CTTGCAACCT TGTTTTGGAT TTCTCATACA CCAAGACTGT GAAACACAAA TTCAAGAAAT 4080
 GTGTTCAAAT GTGTGTGTGT GTGTGTGTGT GTGTGTGTGT GTGTGTGTAT GTGTGTGTGT 4140
 GTGTGTGTGC TTGTGTGTTT CTGTCACTGG TATGAGTGAT ATGTATGCAT GTGTGTATGT 4200
 ATATGTATGT ATGTATGTAT GTATGTACGT ACATATGTAT GTATGTATGT ATGTATGTAT 4260
 30 GTATGTATAT GTGTGTGTGT GTTTGTGTGT GTGTGTGTTT GTGTGTGTGT GTGTGGTAAG 4320
 TGTGGTATGT GTGTATGCAT TTGTCTATAT GTGTATCTGT GTGTCTATGT GTTCTGTCA 4380
 GTGGAATGAG TGGCATGTGT GCATGTGTAT GTATGTGGAT ATGTGTGTTG TGTTTATGTG 4440
 CTTGTGTATA AGAGGTAAGT GTGGTGTGTG TGCATGTGTC TCTGTGTGTG TTTGTCTGTG 4500
 TACCTCTTTG TATAAGTACC TGTGTTTGTA TGTGGGAATA TGTATATTGA GGCATTGCTG 4560
 35 TGTTAGTATG TTTATAGAAA AGAAGACAGT CTGAGATGTC TTCCTCAATA CCTCTCCACT 4620
 TATATCTTGG ATAGACAAAA GTAATGACAA AAAATTGCTG GTGTGTATAT GGAAAAGGGG 4680
 GACACATATC CATGGATGGT AGAAGTGTA ACTGTGCAGT CACTGTGGAC ATCAATATGC 4740
 AGGTTCTTCA CAAATGTAGA TATAAAGCTA CTATAGTTAT ACCC 4784

40 (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:16:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

(A) LENGTH: 931 amino acids

(B) TYPE: amino acid

(C) STRANDEDNESS: single

45 (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: peptide

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:16:

Met Asp Met Phe Pro Leu Thr Trp Val Phe Leu Ala Leu Tyr Phe Ser
 1 5 10 15
 50 Gly His Glu Val Arg Ser Gln Gln Asp Pro Pro Cys Gly Gly Arg Pro
 20 25 30
 Asn Ser Lys Asp Ala Gly Tyr Ile Thr Ser Pro Gly Tyr Pro Gln Asp
 35 40 45
 Tyr Pro Ser His Gln Asn Cys Glu Trp Ile Val Tyr Ala Pro Glu Pro
 50 55 60
 Asn Gln Lys Ile Val Leu Asn Phe Asn Pro His Phe Glu Ile Glu Lys

73

Ser Leu Asn Gly Lys Asp Trp Glu Tyr Ile Gln Asp Pro Arg Thr Gln
 530 535 540
 Gln Thr Lys Leu Phe Glu Gly Asn Met His Tyr Asp Thr Pro Asp Ile
 545 550 555 560
 Arg Arg Phe Asp Pro Val Pro Ala Gln Tyr Val Arg Val Tyr Pro Glu
 565 570 575
 Arg Trp Ser Pro Ala Gly Ile Gly Met Arg Leu Glu Val Leu Gly Cys
 580 585 590
 Asp Trp Thr Asp Ser Lys Pro Thr Val Glu Thr Leu Gly Pro Thr Val
 595 600 605
 Lys Ser Glu Glu Thr Thr Thr Pro Tyr Pro Met Asp Glu Asp Ala Thr
 610 615 620
 Glu Cys Gly Glu Asn Cys Ser Phe Glu Asp Asp Lys Asp Leu Gln Leu
 625 630 635 640
 Pro Ser Gly Phe Asn Cys Asn Phe Asp Phe Pro Glu Glu Thr Cys Gly
 645 650 655
 Trp Val Tyr Asp His Ala Lys Trp Leu Arg Ser Thr Trp Ile Ser Ser
 660 665 670
 Ala Asn Pro Asn Asp Arg Thr Phe Pro Asp Asp Lys Asn Phe Leu Lys
 675 680 685
 Leu Gln Ser Asp Gly Arg Arg Glu Gly Gln Tyr Gly Arg Leu Ile Ser
 690 695 700
 Pro Pro Val His Leu Pro Arg Ser Pro Val Cys Met Glu Phe Gln Tyr
 705 710 715 720
 Gln Ala Met Gly Gly His Gly Val Ala Leu Gln Val Val Arg Glu Ala
 725 730 735
 Ser Gln Glu Ser Lys Leu Leu Trp Val Ile Arg Glu Asp Gln Gly Ser
 740 745 750
 Glu Trp Lys His Gly Arg Ile Ile Leu Pro Ser Tyr Asp Met Glu Tyr
 755 760 765
 Gln Ile Val Phe Glu Gly Val Ile Gly Lys Gly Arg Ser Gly Glu Ile
 770 775 780
 Ser Gly Asp Asp Ile Arg Ile Ser Thr Asp Val Pro Leu Glu Asn Cys
 785 790 795 800
 Met Glu Pro Ile Ser Ala Phe Ala Gly Glu Asp Phe Lys Val Asp Ile
 805 810 815
 Pro Glu Thr His Gly Gly Glu Gly Tyr Glu Asp Glu Ile Asp Asp Glu
 820 825 830
 Tyr Glu Gly Asp Trp Ser Asn Ser Ser Ser Ser Thr Ser Gly Ala Gly
 835 840 845
 Asp Pro Ser Ser Gly Lys Glu Lys Ser Trp Leu Tyr Thr Leu Asp Pro
 850 855 860
 Ile Leu Ile Thr Ile Ile Ala Met Ser Ser Leu Gly Val Leu Leu Gly
 865 870 875 880
 Ala Thr Cys Ala Gly Leu Leu Leu Tyr Cys Thr Cys Ser Tyr Ser Gly
 885 890 895
 Leu Ser Ser Arg Ser Cys Thr Thr Leu Glu Asn Tyr Asn Phe Glu Leu
 900 905 910
 Tyr Asp Gly Leu Lys His Lys Val Lys Ile Asn His Gln Lys Cys Cys
 915 920 925
 Ser Glu Ala
 930

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:17:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

(A) LENGTH: 2730 base pairs

(B) TYPE: nucleic acid

human SR2(a)0

(C) STRANDEDNESS: double

(D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: cDNA

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:17:

	ATGGATATGT	TTCCTCTCAC	CTGGGTTTTTC	TTAGCCCTCT	ACTTTTCAAG	ACACCAAGTG	60
5	AGAGGCCAAC	CAGACCCACC	GTGCGGAGGT	CGTTTGAATT	CCAAAGATGC	TGGCTATATC	120
	ACCTCTCCCG	GTTACCCCCA	GGACTACCCC	TCCCACCAGA	ACTGCGAGTG	GATTGTTTAC	180
	GCCCCGAAC	CCAACCAGAA	GATTGTCTCT	AACTTCAACC	CTCACTTTGA	AATCGAGAAG	240
	CACGACTGCA	AGTATGACTT	TATCGAGATT	CGGGATGGGG	ACAGTGAATC	CGCAGACCTC	300
	CTGGGCAAAAC	ACTGTGGGAA	CATCGCCCCG	CCCACCATCA	TCTCCTCGGG	CTCCATGCTC	360
10	TACATCAAGT	TCACCTCCGA	CTACGCCCCG	CAGGGGGCAG	GCTTCTCTCT	GCGCTACGAG	420
	ATCTTCAAGA	CAGGCTCTGA	AGATTGCTCA	AAAAACTTCA	CAAGCCCCAA	CGGGACCATC	480
	GAATCTCCTG	GGTTTCTCTG	GAAGTATCCA	CACAACCTGG	ACTGCACCTT	TACCATCCTG	540
	GCCAAACCCA	AGATGGAGAT	CATCCTGCAG	TTCCTGATCT	TTGACCTGGA	GCATGACCCT	600
	TTGCAGGTGG	GAGAGGGGGA	CTGCAAGTAC	GATTGGCTGG	ACATCTGGGA	TGGCATTCCA	660
15	CATGTTGGCG	CCCTGATTGG	CAAGTACTGT	GGGACCAAAA	CACCTCTCTG	ACTTCGTTCA	720
	TTCGACGGGA	TCCTCTCCCT	GACCTTTTCA	ACGGACATGG	CGGTGGCCAA	GGATGGCTTC	780
	TCTGCGCGTT	ACTACCTGGT	CCACCAAGAG	CCACTAGAGA	ACTTTCAGTG	CAATGTTTCT	840
	CTGGGCATGG	AGTCTGGCCG	GATTGCTAAT	GAACAGATCA	GTGCCTCATC	TACCTACTCT	900
	GATGGGAGGT	GGACCCCTCA	ACAAAGCCGG	CTCCATGGTG	ATGACAATGG	CTGGACCCCC	960
20	AACTTGGATT	CCAACAAGGA	GTATCTCCAG	GTGGACCTGC	GCTTTTAAAC	CATGCTCAGC	1020
	GCCATCGCAA	CACAGGGAGC	GATTTCAGG	GAAACACAGA	ATGGCTACTA	CGTCAAATCC	1080
	TACAAGCTGG	AAGTCAGCAC	TAATGGAGAG	GACTGGATGG	TGTACCGGCA	TGGCAAAAAC	1140
	CACAAGGTAT	TTCAAGCCAA	CAACGATGCA	ACTGAGGTGG	TTCTGAACAA	GCTCCACGCT	1200
	CCACTGCTGA	CAAGGTTTGT	TAGAATCCGC	CCTCAGACCT	GGCACTCAGG	TATCGCCCTC	1260
25	CGGCTGGAGC	TCTTCGGCTG	CCGGGTGACA	GATGCTCCCT	GCTCCAACAT	GCTGGGGATG	1320
	CTCTCAGGCC	TCATTGCAGA	CTCCCAGATC	TCCGCTCTT	CCACCCAGGA	ATACCTCTGG	1380
	AGCCCCAGTG	CAGCCCGCCT	GGTCAGCAGC	CGCTCGGGCT	GGTTCCTCG	AATCCCTCAG	1440
	GCCCAGCCCG	GTGAGGAGTG	GCTTCAGGTA	GATCTGGGAA	CACCCAAGAC	AGTGAAAGGT	1500
	GTCAATCATCC	AGGGAGCCCG	CGGAGGAGAC	AGTATCACTG	CTGTGGAAGC	CAGAGCATT	1560
30	GTGCGCAAGT	TCAAAGTCTC	CTACAGCCTA	AACGGCAAGG	ACTGGGAATA	CATTGAGGAC	1620
	CCCAGGACCC	AGCAGCCAAA	GCTGTTGCGA	GGGAACATGC	ACTATGACAC	CCCTGACATC	1680
	CGAAGGTTTG	ACCCCATTTCC	GGCACAGTAT	GTGCGGGTAT	ACCCGGAGAG	GTGGTCGCCG	1740
	GCGGGGATTG	GGATGCGGCT	GGAGGTGCTG	GGCTGTGACT	GGACAGACTC	CAAGCCCACG	1800
	GTAAAAACGC	TGGGACCCAC	TGTGAAGAGC	GAAGAGACAA	CCACCCCTTA	CCCCACCGAA	1860
35	GAGGAGGCCA	CAGAGTGTGG	GGAGAACTGC	AGCTTTGAGG	ATGACAAAGA	TTTGCACTC	1920
	CCTTCGGGAT	TCAATTGCAA	CTTCGATTTC	CTCGAGGAGC	CCTGTGGTTG	GATGTATGAC	1980
	CATGCCAAGT	GGCTCCGGAC	CACCTGGGCC	AGCAGCTCCA	GCCCAAACGA	CCGGACGTTT	2040
	CCAGATGACA	GGAAATTCTT	GCGGCTGCAG	AGTGACAGCC	AGAGAGAGGG	CCAGTATGCC	2100
	CGGCTCATCA	GCCCCCTGT	CCACCTGCCC	CGAAGCCCGG	TGTGCATGGA	GTTCCAGTAC	2160
40	CAGGCCACGG	GCGGCCGCGG	GSTGGCGCTG	CAGGTGGTGC	GGGAAGCCAG	CCAGGAGAGC	2220
	AAGTTGCTGT	GGGTCAATCCG	TGAGGACCAG	GGCGGCGAGT	GGAAGCACGG	GCGGATCATC	2280
	CTGCCCCAGCT	ACGACATGGA	GTACCAGATT	GTGTTGAGG	GAGTGATAGG	GAAAGGACGT	2340
	TCCGGAGAGA	TTGCCATTGA	TGACATTCCG	ATAAGCACTG	ATGTCCCACT	GGAGAACTGC	2400
	ATGGAACCCA	TCTCGGCTTT	TGCAGATGAA	TACGAGGTGG	ACTGGAGCAA	TTCTTCTTCT	2460
45	GCAACCTCAG	GGTCTGGCGC	CCCCTCGACC	GACAAAGAAA	AGAGCTGGCT	GTACACCCTG	2520
	GATCCCATCC	TCATCACCAT	CATCGCCATG	AGCTCACTGG	GCGTCCTCCT	GGGGGCCACC	2580
	TGTGCAGGCC	TCCTGCTCTA	CTGCACCTGT	TCCTACTCGG	GCCTGAGCTC	CCGAAGCTGC	2640
	ACCACACTGG	AGAACTACAA	CTTCGAGCTC	TACGATGGCC	TTAAGCACAA	GGTCAAGATG	2700
50	AACCACCAAA	AGTGCTGCTC	CGAGGCATGA				2730

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:18:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

(A) LENGTH: 909 amino acids

(B) TYPE: amino acid

(C) STRANDEDNESS: single

(D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: peptide

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:18:

1 Met Asp Met Phe Pro Leu Thr Trp Val Phe Leu Ala Leu Tyr Phe Ser
 5 Arg His Gln Val Arg Gly Gln Pro Asp Pro Pro Cys Gly Gly Arg Leu
 10 Asn Ser Lys Asp Ala Gly Tyr Ile Thr Ser Pro Gly Tyr Pro Gln Asp
 15 Tyr Pro Ser His Gln Asn Cys Glu Trp Ile Val Tyr Ala Pro Glu Pro
 20 Asn Gln Lys Ile Val Leu Asn Phe Asn Pro His Phe Glu Ile Glu Lys
 25 His Asp Cys Lys Tyr Asp Phe Ile Glu Ile Arg Asp Gly Asp Ser Glu
 30 Ser Ala Asp Leu Leu Gly Lys His Cys Gly Asn Ile Ala Pro Pro Thr
 35 Ile Ile Ser Ser Gly Ser Met Leu Tyr Ile Lys Phe Thr Ser Asp Tyr
 40 Ala Arg Gln Gly Ala Gly Phe Ser Leu Arg Tyr Glu Ile Phe Lys Thr
 45 Gly Ser Glu Asp Cys Ser Lys Asn Phe Thr Ser Pro Asn Gly Thr Ile
 50 Glu Ser Pro Gly Phe Pro Glu Lys Tyr Pro His Asn Leu Asp Cys Thr
 55 Phe Thr Ile Leu Ala Lys Pro Lys Met Glu Ile Ile Leu Gln Phe Leu
 60 Ile Phe Asp Leu Glu His Asp Pro Leu Gln Val Gly Glu Gly Asp Cys
 65 Lys Tyr Asp Trp Leu Asp Ile Trp Asp Gly Ile Pro His Val Gly Pro
 70 Leu Ile Gly Lys Tyr Cys Gly Thr Lys Thr Pro Ser Glu Leu Arg Ser
 75 Ser Thr Gly Ile Leu Ser Leu Thr Phe His Thr Asp Met Ala Val Ala
 80 Lys Asp Gly Phe Ser Ala Arg Tyr Tyr Leu Val His Gln Glu Pro Leu
 85 Glu Asn Phe Gln Cys Asn Val Pro Leu Gly Met Glu Ser Gly Arg Ile
 90 Ala Asn Glu Gln Ile Ser Ala Ser Ser Thr Tyr Ser Asp Gly Arg Trp
 95 Thr Pro Gln Gln Ser Arg Leu His Gly Asp Asp Asn Gly Trp Thr Pro
 100 Asn Leu Asp Ser Asn Lys Glu Tyr Leu Gln Val Asp Leu Arg Phe Leu
 105 Thr Met Leu Thr Ala Ile Ala Thr Gln Gly Ala Ile Ser Arg Glu Thr
 110 Gln Asn Gly Tyr Tyr Val Lys Ser Tyr Lys Leu Glu Val Ser Thr Asn
 115 Gly Glu Asp Trp Met Val Tyr Arg His Gly Lys Asn His Lys Val Phe
 120 Gln Ala Asn Asn Asp Ala Thr Glu Val Val Leu Asn Lys Leu His Ala
 125 Pro Leu Leu Thr Arg Phe Val Arg Ile Arg Pro Gln Thr Trp His Ser
 130 Gly Ile Ala Leu Arg Leu Glu Leu Phe Gly Cys Arg Val Thr Asp Ala
 135 Pro Cys Ser Asn Met Leu Gly Met Leu Ser Gly Leu Ile Ala Asp Ser

		435			440			445						
		Gln	Ile	Ser	Ala	Ser	Ser	Thr	Gln	Glu	Tyr	Leu	Trp	Ser
		450						455					460	
		Ala	Arg	Leu	Val	Ser	Ser	Arg	Ser	Gly	Trp	Phe	Pro	Arg
		465						470				475		480
5		Ala	Gln	Pro	Gly	Glu	Glu	Trp	Leu	Gln	Val	Asp	Leu	Gly
												490		495
		Thr	Val	Lys	Gly	Val	Ile	Ile	Gln	Gly	Ala	Arg	Gly	Gly
														510
		Thr	Ala	Val	Glu	Ala	Arg	Ala	Phe	Val	Arg	Lys	Phe	Lys
10														525
		Ser	Leu	Asn	Gly	Lys	Asp	Trp	Glu	Tyr	Ile	Gln	Asp	Pro
		530						535					540	
		Gln	Pro	Lys	Leu	Phe	Glu	Gly	Asn	Met	His	Tyr	Asp	Thr
		545						550				555		560
15		Arg	Arg	Phe	Asp	Pro	Ile	Pro	Ala	Gln	Tyr	Val	Arg	Val
														575
		Arg	Trp	Ser	Pro	Ala	Gly	Ile	Gly	Met	Arg	Leu	Glu	Val
														590
		Asp	Trp	Thr	Asp	Ser	Lys	Pro	Thr	Val	Lys	Thr	Leu	Gly
20														605
		Lys	Ser	Glu	Glu	Thr	Thr	Thr	Pro	Tyr	Pro	Thr	Glu	Glu
		610												620
		Glu	Cys	Gly	Glu	Asn	Cys	Ser	Phe	Glu	Asp	Asp	Lys	Asp
		625												635
25		Pro	Ser	Gly	Phe	Asn	Cys	Asn	Phe	Asp	Phe	Leu	Glu	Glu
														655
		Trp	Met	Tyr	Asp	His	Ala	Lys	Trp	Leu	Arg	Thr	Thr	Trp
														670
		Ser	Ser	Pro	Asn	Asp	Arg	Thr	Phe	Pro	Asp	Asp	Arg	Asn
30														685
		Leu	Gln	Ser	Asp	Ser	Gln	Arg	Glu	Gly	Gln	Tyr	Ala	Arg
		690												700
		Pro	Pro	Val	His	Leu	Pro	Arg	Ser	Pro	Val	Cys	Met	Glu
		705												715
35		Gln	Ala	Thr	Gly	Gly	Arg	Gly	Val	Ala	Leu	Gln	Val	Val
														735
		Ser	Gln	Glu	Ser	Lys	Leu	Leu	Trp	Val	Ile	Arg	Glu	Asp
														750
		Glu	Trp	Lys	His	Gly	Arg	Ile	Ile	Leu	Pro	Ser	Tyr	Asp
40														765
		Gln	Ile	Val	Phe	Glu	Gly	Val	Ile	Gly	Lys	Gly	Arg	Ser
		770												780
		Ala	Ile	Asp	Asp	Ile	Arg	Ile	Ser	Thr	Asp	Val	Pro	Leu
		785												800
45		Met	Glu	Pro	Ile	Ser	Ala	Phe	Ala	Asp	Glu	Tyr	Glu	Val
														815
		Asn	Ser	Ser	Ser	Ala	Thr	Ser	Gly	Ser	Gly	Ala	Pro	Ser
														830
		Glu	Lys	Ser	Trp	Leu	Tyr	Thr	Leu	Asp	Pro	Ile	Leu	Ile
50														845
		Ala	Met	Ser	Ser	Leu	Gly	Val	Leu	Leu	Gly	Ala	Thr	Cys
		850												860
		Leu	Leu	Tyr	Cys	Thr	Cys	Ser	Tyr	Ser	Gly	Leu	Ser	Ser
		865												880
55		Thr	Thr	Leu	Glu	Asn	Tyr	Asn	Phe	Glu	Leu	Tyr	Asp	Gly
														895

Lys Val Lys Met Asn His Gln Lys Cys Cys Ser Glu Ala
 900 905

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:19:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 2781 base pairs
 (B) TYPE: nucleic acid
 (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
 (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: cDNA

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:19:

ATGGATATGT TTCCTCTCAC CTGGGTTTTT TTAGCCCTCT ACTTTTCAAG ACACCAAGTG 60
 AGAGGCCAAC CAGACCCACC GTGCGGAGGT CGTTTGAATT CCAAAGATGC TGGCTATATC 120
 ACCTCTCCCG GTTACCCCCA GGACTACCCC TCCCACCAGA ACTGCGAGTG GATTGTTTAC 180
 GCCCCGAAC CCAACCAGAA GATTGTCTCT AACTTCAACC CTCACCTTGA AATCGAGAAG 240
 CACGACTGCA AGTATGACTT TATCGAGATT CGGGATGGGG ACAGTGAATC CGCAGACCTC 300
 CTGGGCAAAC ACTGTGGGAA CATCGCCCCG CCCACCATCA TCTCCTCGGG CTCCATGCTC 360
 TACATCAAGT TCACCTCCGA CTACGCCCGG CAGGGGGCAG GCTTCTCTCT GCGCTACGAG 420
 ATCTTCAAGA CAGGCTCTGA AGATTGCTCA AAAAAGTCA CAAGCCCCAA CGGGACCATC 480
 GAATCTCCTG GGTTCCTGTA GAAGTATCCA CACAAGTGG ACTGCACCTT TACCATCCTG 540
 GCCAAACCCA AGATGGAGAT CATCCTGCAG TTCTGATCT TTGACCTGGA GCATGACCCT 600
 TTGCAGGTGG GAGAGGGGGA CTGCAAGTAC GATTGGCTGG ACATCTGGGA TGGCATTCCA 660
 CATGTTGGCC CCCTGATTGG CAAGTACTGT GGGACCAAAA CACCCTCTGA ACTTCGTTCA 720
 TCGACGGGGA TCCTCTCCCT GACCTTTCAC ACGGACATGG CGGTGGCCAA GGATGGCTTC 780
 TCTGCGCGTT ACTACCTGGT CCACCAAGAG CCACTAGAGA ACTTTCAGTG CAATGTTTCT 840
 CTGGGCATGG AGTCTGGCCG GATTGCTAAT GAACAGATCA GTGCCTCATC TACCTACTCT 900
 GATGGGAGGT GGACCCCTCA ACAAAGCCGG CTCCATGGTG ATGACAATGG CTGGACCCCC 960
 AACTTGGATT CCAACAAGGA GTATCTCCAG GTGGACCTGC GCTTTTTAAC CATGCTCAGC 1020
 GCCATCGCAA CACAGGGAGC GATTTCAGG GAAACACAGA ATGGCTACTA CGTCAAATCC 1080
 TACAAGCTGG AAGTCAGCAC TAATGGAGAG GACTGGATGG TGTACCGGCA TGGCAAAAAC 1140
 CACAAGGTAT TTCAAGCCAA CAACGATGCA ACTGAGGTGG TTCTGAACAA GCTCCACGCT 1200
 CCACTGCTGA CAAGGTTTGT TAGAATCCGC CCTCAGACCT GGCACCTCAGG TATCGCCCTC 1260
 CGGCTGGAGC TCTTCGGCTG CCGGGTCACA GATGCTCCCT GCTCCAACAT GCTGGGGATG 1320
 CTCTCAGGCC TCATTGCAGA CTCCCAGATC TCCGCCTCTT CCACCCAGGA ATACCTCTGG 1380
 AGCCCCAGTG CAGCCCGCCT GGTACAGCAG CGCTCGGGCT GGTTCCTCTG AATCCCTCAG 1440
 GCCCCAGCCG GTGAGGAGTG GCTTCAGGTA GATCTGGGAA CACCAAGAC AGTGAAAGGT 1500
 GTCATCATCC AGGGAGCCCG CGGAGGAGAC AGTATCACTG CTGTGGAAGC CAGAGCATTT 1560
 GTGCGCAAGT TCAAAGTCTC CTACAGCCTA AACGGCAAGG ACTGGGAATA CATTACAGGAC 1620
 CCCAGGACCC AGCAGCCAAA GCTGTTGCAA GGAACATGC ACTATGACAC CCCTGACATC 1680
 CGAAGGTTTG ACCCCATTCC GGCACAGTAT GTGCGGGTAT ACCCGGAGAG GTGGTCGCGG 1740
 GCGGGGATTG GGATGCGGCT GGAGGTGCTG GGCTGTGACT GGACAGACTC CAAGCCCACG 1800
 GTAAAAACGC TGGGACCCAC TGTGAAGAGC GAAGAGACAA CCACCCCTTA CCCACCGGAA 1860
 GAGGAGGCCA CAGAGTGTGG GGAGAACTGC AGCTTTGAGG ATGACAAAGA TTTGCAGCTC 1920
 CCTTCGGGAT TCAATTGCAA CTTTCGATTTT CTCGAGGAGC CTTGTGGTTG GATGTATGAC 1980
 CATGCCAAGT GGCTCGGGAC CACCTGGGCC AGCAGCTCCA GCCCAAACGA CCGGACGTTT 2040
 CCAGATGACA GGAATTTCTT GCGCTGCAG AGTGACAGCC AGAGAGAGGG CCAGTATGCC 2100
 CGGCTCATCA GCCCCCTGT CCACCTGCCC CGAAGCCCGG TGTGCATGGA GTTCCAGTAC 2160
 CAGGCCACGG GCGGCCGCGG GGTGGCGCTG CAGGTGGTGC GGAAGCCAG CCAGGAGAGC 2220
 AAGTTGCTGT GGGTCATCCG TGAGGACCAG GCGGCGAGT GGAAGCACGG GCGGATCATC 2280
 CTGCCAGCT ACGACATGGA GTACCAATT GTGTTGAGG GAGTGATAGG GAAAGGACGT 2340
 TCCGGAGAGA TTGCCATTGA TGACATTCGG ATAAGCACTG ATGTCCACT GGAGAACTGC 2400
 ATGGAACCCA TCTCGGCTTT TGCAGTGGAC ATCCAGAAA TACATGAGAG AGAAGGATAT 2460
 GAAGATGAAA TTGATGATGA ATACGAGGTG GACTGGAGCA ATTCTTCTT TCACAACCTCA 2520
 GGGTCTGGCG CCCCCTCGAC CGACAAAGAA AAGAGCTGGC TGTACACCTT GGATCCCATC 2580
 CTCATCACCA TCATCGCCAT GAGCTCACTG GCGTCTCTCC TGGGGGCCAC CTGTGCAGGC 2640
 CTCCTGCTCT ACTGCACCTG TTCCTACTCG GGCCTGAGCT CCCGAAGCTG CACCACACTG 2700
 GAGAACTACA ACTTCGAGCT CTACGATGGC CTTAAGCACA AGGTCAAGAT GAACCACCAA 2760

AAGTGCTGCT CCGAGGCATG A

2781

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:20:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

(A) LENGTH: 926 amino acids

(B) TYPE: amino acid

(C) STRANDEDNESS: single

(D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: peptide

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:20:

5 Met Asp Met Phe Pro Leu Thr Trp Val Phe Leu Ala Leu Tyr Phe Ser
 1 5 10 15
 Arg His Gln Val Arg Gly Gln Pro Asp Pro Pro Cys Gly Gly Arg Leu
 20 25 30
 15 Asn Ser Lys Asp Ala Gly Tyr Ile Thr Ser Pro Gly Tyr Pro Gln Asp
 35 40 45
 Tyr Pro Ser His Gln Asn Cys Glu Trp Ile Val Tyr Ala Pro Glu Pro
 50 55 60
 Asn Gln Lys Ile Val Leu Asn Phe Asn Pro His Phe Glu Ile Glu Lys
 65 70 75 80
 20 His Asp Cys Lys Tyr Asp Phe Ile Glu Ile Arg Asp Gly Asp Ser Glu
 85 90 95
 Ser Ala Asp Leu Leu Gly Lys His Cys Gly Asn Ile Ala Pro Pro Thr
 100 105 110
 25 Ile Ile Ser Ser Gly Ser Met Leu Tyr Ile Lys Phe Thr Ser Asp Tyr
 115 120 125
 Ala Arg Gln Gly Ala Gly Phe Ser Leu Arg Tyr Glu Ile Phe Lys Thr
 130 135 140
 Gly Ser Glu Asp Cys Ser Lys Asn Phe Thr Ser Pro Asn Gly Thr Ile
 145 150 155 160
 30 Glu Ser Pro Gly Phe Pro Glu Lys Tyr Pro His Asn Leu Asp Cys Thr
 165 170 175
 Phe Thr Ile Leu Ala Lys Pro Lys Met Glu Ile Ile Leu Gln Phe Leu
 180 185 190
 35 Ile Phe Asp Leu Glu His Asp Pro Leu Gln Val Gly Glu Gly Asp Cys
 195 200 205
 Lys Tyr Asp Trp Leu Asp Ile Trp Asp Gly Ile Pro His Val Gly Pro
 210 215 220
 Leu Ile Gly Lys Tyr Cys Gly Thr Lys Thr Pro Ser Glu Leu Arg Ser
 225 230 235 240
 40 Ser Thr Gly Ile Leu Ser Leu Thr Phe His Thr Asp Met Ala Val Ala
 245 250 255
 Lys Asp Gly Phe Ser Ala Arg Tyr Tyr Leu Val His Gln Glu Pro Leu
 260 265 270
 45 Glu Asn Phe Gln Cys Asn Val Pro Leu Gly Met Glu Ser Gly Arg Ile
 275 280 285
 Ala Asn Glu Gln Ile Ser Ala Ser Ser Thr Tyr Ser Asp Gly Arg Trp
 290 295 300
 Thr Pro Gln Gln Ser Arg Leu His Gly Asp Asp Asn Gly Trp Thr Pro
 305 310 315 320
 50 Asn Leu Asp Ser Asn Lys Glu Tyr Leu Gln Val Asp Leu Arg Phe Leu
 325 330 335
 Thr Met Leu Thr Ala Ile Ala Thr Gln Gly Ala Ile Ser Arg Glu Thr
 340 345 350
 Gln Asn Gly Tyr Tyr Val Lys Ser Tyr Lys Leu Glu Val Ser Thr Asn
 355 360 365
 55 Gly Glu Asp Trp Met Val Tyr Arg His Gly Lys Asn His Lys Val Phe

370 375 380
 Gln Ala Asn Asn Asp Ala Thr Glu Val Val Leu Asn Lys Leu His Ala
 385 390 395 400
 Pro Leu Leu Thr Arg Phe Val Arg Ile Arg Pro Gln Thr Trp His Ser
 405 410 415
 5 Gly Ile Ala Leu Arg Leu Glu Leu Phe Gly Cys Arg Val Thr Asp Ala
 420 425 430
 Pro Cys Ser Asn Met Leu Gly Met Leu Ser Gly Leu Ile Ala Asp Ser
 435 440 445
 10 Gln Ile Ser Ala Ser Ser Thr Gln Glu Tyr Leu Trp Ser Pro Ser Ala
 450 455 460
 Ala Arg Leu Val Ser Ser Arg Ser Gly Trp Phe Pro Arg Ile Pro Gln
 465 470 475 480
 Ala Gln Pro Gly Glu Glu Trp Leu Gln Val Asp Leu Gly Thr Pro Lys
 485 490 495
 15 Thr Val Lys Gly Val Ile Ile Gln Gly Ala Arg Gly Gly Asp Ser Ile
 500 505 510
 Thr Ala Val Glu Ala Arg Ala Phe Val Arg Lys Phe Lys Val Ser Tyr
 515 520 525
 20 Ser Leu Asn Gly Lys Asp Trp Glu Tyr Ile Gln Asp Pro Arg Thr Gln
 530 535 540
 Gln Pro Lys Leu Phe Glu Gly Asn Met His Tyr Asp Thr Pro Asp Ile
 545 550 555 560
 Arg Arg Phe Asp Pro Ile Pro Ala Gln Tyr Val Arg Val Tyr Pro Glu
 565 570 575
 25 Arg Trp Ser Pro Ala Gly Ile Gly Met Arg Leu Glu Val Leu Gly Cys
 580 585 590
 Asp Trp Thr Asp Ser Lys Pro Thr Val Lys Thr Leu Gly Pro Thr Val
 595 600 605
 30 Lys Ser Glu Glu Thr Thr Thr Pro Tyr Pro Thr Glu Glu Ala Thr
 610 615 620
 Glu Cys Gly Glu Asn Cys Ser Phe Glu Asp Asp Lys Asp Leu Gln Leu
 625 630 635 640
 Pro Ser Gly Phe Asn Cys Asn Phe Asp Phe Leu Glu Glu Pro Cys Gly
 645 650 655
 35 Trp Met Tyr Asp His Ala Lys Trp Leu Arg Thr Thr Trp Ala Ser Ser
 660 665 670
 Ser Ser Pro Asn Asp Arg Thr Phe Pro Asp Asp Arg Asn Phe Leu Arg
 675 680 685
 40 Leu Gln Ser Asp Ser Gln Arg Glu Gly Gln Tyr Ala Arg Leu Ile Ser
 690 695 700
 Pro Pro Val His Leu Pro Arg Ser Pro Val Cys Met Glu Phe Gln Tyr
 705 710 715 720
 Gln Ala Thr Gly Gly Arg Gly Val Ala Leu Gln Val Val Arg Glu Ala
 725 730 735
 45 Ser Gln Glu Ser Lys Leu Leu Trp Val Ile Arg Glu Asp Gln Gly Gly
 740 745 750
 Glu Trp Lys His Gly Arg Ile Ile Leu Pro Ser Tyr Asp Met Glu Tyr
 755 760 765
 50 Gln Ile Val Phe Glu Gly Val Ile Gly Lys Gly Arg Ser Gly Glu Ile
 770 775 780
 Ala Ile Asp Asp Ile Arg Ile Ser Thr Asp Val Pro Leu Glu Asn Cys
 785 790 795 800
 Met Glu Pro Ile Ser Ala Phe Ala Val Asp Ile Pro Glu Ile His Glu
 805 810 815
 55 Arg Glu Gly Tyr Glu Asp Glu Ile Asp Asp Glu Tyr Glu Val Asp Trp
 820 825 830

Ser Asn Ser Ser Ser Ala Thr Ser Gly Ser Gly Ala Pro Ser Thr Asp
 835 840 845
 Lys Glu Lys Ser Trp Leu Tyr Thr Leu Asp Pro Ile Leu Ile Thr Ile
 850 855 860
 Ile Ala Met Ser Ser Leu Gly Val Leu Leu Gly Ala Thr Cys Ala Gly
 865 870 875 880
 Leu Leu Leu Tyr Cys Thr Cys Ser Tyr Ser Gly Leu Ser Ser Arg Ser
 885 890 895
 Cys Thr Thr Leu Glu Asn Tyr Asn Phe Glu Leu Tyr Asp Gly Leu Lys
 900 905 910
 His Lys Val Lys Met Asn His Gln Lys Cys Cys Ser Glu Ala
 915 920 925

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:21:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 4765 base pairs
 (B) TYPE: nucleic acid
 (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
 (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: cDNA

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:21:

AACTGGAGC TCCACCGCGG TGGCGGCCCG CCGGGCAGGT CTAGAATTCA GCGGCCGCTG 60
 AATTCTATCC AGCGGTCGGT GCCTCTGCCC GCGTGTGTGT CCCGGGTGCC GGGGGACCTG 120
 TGTCAGTTAG CGCTTCTGAG ATCACACAGC TGCCTAGGGG CCGTGTGATG CCCAGGGCAA 180
 TTCTTGGCTT TGATTTTAT TATTATTACT ATTATTTGC GTTCAGCTTT CGGGAAACCC 240
 TCGTGATGTT GTAGGATAAA GGAAATGACA CTTTGAGGAA CTGGAGAGAA CATAACGCG 300
 TTTGGGTTTG AAGAGGAAAC CGGTCTCCGC TTCCTTAGCT TGCTCCCTCT TTGCTGATT 360
 CAAGAGCTAT CTCCTATGAG GTGGAGATAT TCCAGCAAGA ATAAAGGTGA AGACAGACTG 420
 ACTGCCAGGA CCCAGGAGGA AAACGTTGAT CGTTAGAGAC CTTTGCAGAA GACACCACCA 480
 GGAGGAAAAT TAGAGAGGAA AAACACAAAG ACATAATTAT AGGAGATCCC ACAAACTAG 540
 CCCGGGAGAG AGCCTCTCTG TCAAAAATGG ATATGTTTCC TCTTACCTGG GTTTTCTTAG 600
 CTCGTACTT TTCAGGACAC GAAGTGAGAA GCCAGCAAGA TCCACCCTGC GGAGGTCGGC 660
 CGAATTCCAA AGATGCTGGC TACATCACTT CCCCAGGCTA CCCCAGGAC TATCCCTCCC 720
 ACCAGAAGTG TGAGTGGATT GTCTACGCCC CCGAACCCAA CCAGAAGATT GTTCTCAACT 780
 TCAACCCTCA CTTTGAAATC GAGAAACACG ACTGCAAGTA TGAATTCAAT GAGATTCGGG 840
 ATGGGGACAG TGAGTCAGCT GACCTCCTGG GCAAGCACTG TGGGAACATC GCCCCGCCCA 900
 CCATCATCTC CTCAGGCTCC GTGTTATACA TCAAGTTCAC CTCAGACTAC GCCCGGCAGG 960
 GGGCAGGTTT CTCTCTACGC TATGAGATCT TCAAAAACAGG CTCTGAAGAT TGTTCGAAGA 1020
 ACTTTACAAG CCCCAATGGG ACCATTGAAT CTCCAGGGTT TCCAGAGAAG TATCCACACA 1080
 ATCTGGACTG TACCTTCACC ATCCTGGCCA AACCAGGAT GGAGATCATC CTACAGTTCC 1140
 TGACCTTTGA CCTGGAGCAT GACCCTCTAC AAGTGGGGGA AGGAGACTGT AAATATGACT 1200
 GGTGGGACAT CTGGGATGGC ATTCCACATG TTGGACCTCT GATTGGCAAG TACTGTGGGA 1260
 CGAAAACACC CTCCAACTC CGCTCGTCCA CGGGGATCCT CTCCTTGACC TTTACACGG 1320
 ACATGGCAGT GGCCAAGGAT GGCTTCTCCG CACGTTACTA TTGATCCAC CAGGAGCCAC 1380
 CTGAGAATTT TCAGTGCAAT GTCCCTTTGG GAATGGAGTC TGGCCGGATT GCTAATGAAC 1440
 AGATCAGTGC CTCCTCCACC TTCTCTGATG GGAGGTGGAC TCCTCAACAG AGCCGGCTCC 1500
 ATGGTGATGA CAATGGCTGG ACACCCAATT TGGATTCCAA CAAGGAGTAT CTCCAGGTGG 1560
 ACCTGCGCTT CCTAACCATG CTCACAGCCA TTGCAACACA GGGAGCCATT TCCAGGGAAA 1620
 CCCAGAAAGG CTACTACGTC AAATCGTACA AGCTGGAAGT CAGCACAAAT GGTGAAGATT 1680
 GGATGGTCTA CCGGCATGGC AAAAACCACA AGATATTCCA AGCGAACAAAT GATGCGACCG 1740
 AGGTGGTGCT AAACAAGCTC CACATGCCAC TGCTGACTCG GTTCATCAGG ATCCGCCCCG 1800
 AGACGTGGCA TTTGGGCATT GCCCTTCGCC TGGAGCTCTT TGGCTGCCGG GTACAGATG 1860
 CACCCTGCTC CAACATGCTG GGGATGCTCT CGGGCCTCAT TGCTGATACC CAGATCTCTG 1920
 CCTCTCCAC CCGAGAGTAC CTCTGGAGCC CCAGTGCTGC CCGCCTGGTT AGTAGCCGCT 1980
 CTGCTGGTTC TCCTCGGAAC CCTCAAGCCC AGCCAGGTGA AGAATGGCTT CAGGTAGACC 2040
 TGGGGACACC CAAGACAGTG AAAGGGGTCA TCATCCAGGG AGCCCGAGGA GGAGACAGCA 2100
 TCACTGCCGT GGAAGCCAGG GCGTTTGATC GCAAGTTCAA AGTCTCCTAC AGCCTAAATG 2160

GCAAGGACTG GGAATATATC CAGGACCCCA GGACTCAGCA GACAAAGCTG TTTGAAGGGA 2220
 ACATGCACTA TGACACCCCT GACATCCGAA GGTTCGATCC TGTTCAGCG CAGTATGTGC 2280
 GGGTGTACCC AGAGAGGTGG TCGCCAGCAG GCATCGGGAT GAGGCTGGAG GTGCTGGGCT 2340
 GTGACTGGAC AGACTCAAAG CCCACAGTGG AGACGCTGGG ACCCACCCTG AAGAGTGAAG 2400
 5 AGACTACCAC CCCATATCCC ATGGATGAGG ATGCCACCGA GTGTGGGGAA AACTGCAGCT 2460
 TTGAGGATGA CAAAGATTG CAAC TTCCTT CAGGATTCAA CTGCAACTTT GATTTTCCGG 2520
 AAGAGACCTG TGGTTGGGTG TACGACCATG CCAAGTGGCT CCGGAGCAGC TGGATCAGCA 2580
 GCGCTAACCC CAATGACAGA ACATTTCAG ATGACAAGAA CTTCCTTGAAA CTGCAGAGTG 2640
 ATGGCCGACG AGAGGGCCAG TACGGGCGGC TCATCAGCCC ACCGGTGCAC CTGCCCCGAA 2700
 10 GCCCTGTGTG CATGGAGTTC CAGTACCAAG CCATGGGCGG CCACGGGGTG GCACTGCAGG 2760
 TGGTTCGGGA AGCCAGCCAG GAAAGCAAAC TCCTTTGGGT CATCCGTGAG GACCAGGGCA 2820
 GCGAGTGGAA GCACGGGCGC ATTATCCTGC CCAGCTATGA CATGGAGTAT CAGATCGTGT 2880
 TCGAGGGAGT GATAGGGAAG GGACGATCGG GAGAGATTTC CATCGATGAC ATTCCGGATAA 2940
 GCACTGATGT CCCACTGGAG AACTGCATGG AACCCTATC AGCTTTTGCA GGGGGCACCC 3000
 TCCCGCCAGG GACCGAGCCC ACAGTGGACA CGGTGCCCGT GCAGCCCATC CCAGCCTACT 3060
 15 GGTATTACGT TATGGCGGCC GGGGGCGCCG TGCTGGTGCT GGCCTCCGTC GTCCTGGCCC 3120
 TGGTGTCCA CTACCACCGG TTCCGCTATG CGGCCAAGAA GACCGATCAC TCCATCACCT 3180
 ACAAACCTC CCACTACACC AACGGGGCCC CTCTGGCGGT CGAGCCCAAC CTAACCATTA 3240
 AGCTAGAGCA AGAGCGGGGC TCGCACTGCT GAGGGCCGAA GCAGGAACAG CGCCCCCACA 3300
 AAAAAAACCC AAGAAAGACT GCAAACACGT TGCCTCGATT TTGCACTTTT TTTCTCCTCG 3360
 20 CCTAGTCTCT GTGTGAACCC TCAGACATCT CTCTCCAGGG TCCCAACCC TGAGCGCTCT 3420
 CATGTACCCC ACACCATTCT CTGTGGTTCT TGGTTCGGT TTCTCTTGC TCTGATATTG 3480
 TTTGTTTATA ATCATTATTT TTTTTCCTTT TCTCTTTCC TTTTAATCTT CTCTCTTTTA 3540
 TTCCTTTCTC CCTTCCCCGC CCCGCTTTT TCTAATGATT TTAAACCAAC TCTAATGCTG 3600
 CATCTGGAAT CCCAGAAGAG ACCCGCCCCCT AAGCACTTCA CAACCCAAGG CTCTGTTGGT 3660
 25 TTTGTTCCAG AGACAGGCC TGTGTTTTT TCCCTTGCC TTATCCCATC CCTCCTCTCC 3720
 TGGGCAGGCT GCCAGGTGTC TTGAGGGGAG CCGTGTCTCT TATGTATGTA CACAGTACAC 3780
 TCCCATGTGA AGAGGTGTGT GTGTGTGTGT GTGTGTGTGT GTATTTTCGA GGGAGAGACT 3840
 GATTCACTGT GGAAGGGGGG GAGTGTGGGT GTGTGTAGAG AGGGGCCCCCT TCCCTCTTAT 3900
 GTTGCTTCTT CTGGGGTACT TTTCAAGAAA ATAATATACT GTACACATTT TGTTTACTTG 3960
 30 GAGAAGAGAT TGGAGCTTTT TTGTTGCCCT ATCTAGCTCT GGCTGGGTTT CTGTTGGCTG 4020
 TCATTGTCTAT CTCCAGGTAC CTAGACAAAT AGAGACCATT GGGGAATGCAA TGTGGCTTCA 4080
 CCCATCTTA TCCCATCCC AAGCCACCCA AGACTATGGT TCCTCCAGTG CACTCAGACA 4140
 TGACCCCTTT TGTATGTTT CCGGTGTCT TTGAAGTCAC AAGATAACAG CCATTGGGTG 4200
 CATGGAGTCA TTTCTACTTC CAGCCCTGAA GCAAATGTGT CTCATGTTGC CTTATAAAAA 4260
 35 AAACCGGAAT TCCTGTAGTT GAAGAGTAAG ATTTGTACG GTACATTTT AATGACAGCT 4320
 TGGATATTGG AATACTCAAC TTTGTTGTA GCCAATGAGA GGGATATGCC ACTAATGGTA 4380
 TCTAAATCAT ACAGTACGTA CTTTAGGATG GGGACAAAA TCACAACGAT TTATTTATTT 4440
 ATTTACTTAG TGTATGTGAG TGCACTGTTG GTGTCTTCAG ACACACCAGA AGATGACTTC 4500
 AGATCCGATT ACATATGGGT TGTGAGCCAC CATGTGGTTG CTGGGATTTG AACTCTGGAC 4560
 40 CTCTGGAAGA GCAGTCAGTG CTTGTAATC TGAGCCATCT TTCTAGCCCC CCCCCCCCCC 4620
 CCGCTATCTT TTAGAAATGT AATTTGCCAT ACTTTAGCA ATGTTCTTGA TGTCAATTAGG 4680
 ATATTTTACA GATAACTTCA CTTAAGATAA TTAGAGCAAA AAAAAAAAAA AAAAAAAAAA 4740
 AAAAAAAAAA AAAAAAAAAA AAAAA 4765

45 (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:22:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

(A) LENGTH: 901 amino acids

(B) TYPE: amino acid

(C) STRANDEDNESS: single

(D) TOPOLOGY: linear

50

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: peptide

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:22:

Met Asp Met Phe Pro Leu Thr Trp Val Phe Leu Ala Leu Tyr Phe Ser

1 5 10 15

55

Gly His Glu Val Arg Ser Gln Gln Asp Pro Pro Cys Gly Gly Arg Pro

20

25

30

	Asn	Ser	Lys	Asp	Ala	Gly	Tyr	Ile	Thr	Ser	Pro	Gly	Tyr	Pro	Gln	Asp
		35					40					45				
	Tyr	Pro	Ser	His	Gln	Asn	Cys	Glu	Trp	Ile	Val	Tyr	Ala	Pro	Glu	Pro
	50					55					60					
5	Asn	Gln	Lys	Ile	Val	Leu	Asn	Phe	Asn	Pro	His	Phe	Glu	Ile	Glu	Lys
	65				70					75					80	
	His	Asp	Cys	Lys	Tyr	Asp	Phe	Ile	Glu	Ile	Arg	Asp	Gly	Asp	Ser	Glu
			85						90					95		
	Ser	Ala	Asp	Leu	Leu	Gly	Lys	His	Cys	Gly	Asn	Ile	Ala	Pro	Pro	Thr
		100						105					110			
10	Ile	Ile	Ser	Ser	Gly	Ser	Val	Leu	Tyr	Ile	Lys	Phe	Thr	Ser	Asp	Tyr
		115					120					125				
	Ala	Arg	Gln	Gly	Ala	Gly	Phe	Ser	Leu	Arg	Tyr	Glu	Ile	Phe	Lys	Thr
	130					135					140					
15	Gly	Ser	Glu	Asp	Cys	Ser	Lys	Asn	Phe	Thr	Ser	Pro	Asn	Gly	Thr	Ile
	145				150					155					160	
	Glu	Ser	Pro	Gly	Phe	Pro	Glu	Lys	Tyr	Pro	His	Asn	Leu	Asp	Cys	Thr
				165					170					175		
	Phe	Thr	Ile	Leu	Ala	Lys	Pro	Arg	Met	Glu	Ile	Ile	Leu	Gln	Phe	Leu
		180						185					190			
20	Thr	Phe	Asp	Leu	Glu	His	Asp	Pro	Leu	Gln	Val	Gly	Glu	Gly	Asp	Cys
	195						200					205				
	Lys	Tyr	Asp	Trp	Leu	Asp	Ile	Trp	Asp	Gly	Ile	Pro	His	Val	Gly	Pro
	210					215					220					
25	Leu	Ile	Gly	Lys	Tyr	Cys	Gly	Thr	Lys	Thr	Pro	Ser	Lys	Leu	Arg	Ser
	225				230					235					240	
	Ser	Thr	Gly	Ile	Leu	Ser	Leu	Thr	Phe	His	Thr	Asp	Met	Ala	Val	Ala
				245					250					255		
	Lys	Asp	Gly	Phe	Ser	Ala	Arg	Tyr	Tyr	Leu	Ile	His	Gln	Glu	Pro	Pro
		260						265					270			
30	Glu	Asn	Phe	Gln	Cys	Asn	Val	Pro	Leu	Gly	Met	Glu	Ser	Gly	Arg	Ile
		275					280					285				
	Ala	Asn	Glu	Gln	Ile	Ser	Ala	Ser	Ser	Thr	Phe	Ser	Asp	Gly	Arg	Trp
	290					295					300					
35	Thr	Pro	Gln	Gln	Ser	Arg	Leu	His	Gly	Asp	Asp	Asn	Gly	Trp	Thr	Pro
	305				310					315					320	
	Asn	Leu	Asp	Ser	Asn	Lys	Glu	Tyr	Leu	Gln	Val	Asp	Leu	Arg	Phe	Leu
				325					330					335		
	Thr	Met	Leu	Thr	Ala	Ile	Ala	Thr	Gln	Gly	Ala	Ile	Ser	Arg	Glu	Thr
		340					345						350			
40	Gln	Lys	Gly	Tyr	Tyr	Val	Lys	Ser	Tyr	Lys	Leu	Glu	Val	Ser	Thr	Asn
	355						360					365				
	Gly	Glu	Asp	Trp	Met	Val	Tyr	Arg	His	Gly	Lys	Asn	His	Lys	Ile	Phe
	370					375					380					
45	Gln	Ala	Asn	Asn	Asp	Ala	Thr	Glu	Val	Val	Leu	Asn	Lys	Leu	His	Met
	385				390					395					400	
	Pro	Leu	Leu	Thr	Arg	Phe	Ile	Arg	Ile	Arg	Pro	Gln	Thr	Trp	His	Leu
				405					410					415		
	Gly	Ile	Ala	Leu	Arg	Leu	Glu	Leu	Phe	Gly	Cys	Arg	Val	Thr	Asp	Ala
		420						425					430			
50	Pro	Cys	Ser	Asn	Met	Leu	Gly	Met	Leu	Ser	Gly	Leu	Ile	Ala	Asp	Thr
		435					440					445				
	Gln	Ile	Ser	Ala	Ser	Ser	Thr	Arg	Glu	Tyr	Leu	Trp	Ser	Pro	Ser	Ala
	450					455					460					
55	Ala	Arg	Leu	Val	Ser	Ser	Arg	Ser	Gly	Trp	Phe	Pro	Arg	Asn	Pro	Gln
	465					470				475					480	
	Ala	Gln	Pro	Gly	Glu	Glu	Trp	Leu	Gln	Val	Asp	Leu	Gly	Thr	Pro	Lys

485 490 495
 Thr Val Lys Gly Val Ile Ile Gln Gly Ala Arg Gly Gly Asp Ser Ile
 500 505 510
 Thr Ala Val Glu Ala Arg Ala Phe Val Arg Lys Phe Lys Val Ser Tyr
 515 520 525
 5 Ser Leu Asn Gly Lys Asp Trp Glu Tyr Ile Gln Asp Pro Arg Thr Gln
 530 535 540
 Gln Thr Lys Leu Phe Glu Gly Asn Met His Tyr Asp Thr Pro Asp Ile
 545 550 555 560
 10 Arg Arg Phe Asp Pro Val Pro Ala Gln Tyr Val Arg Val Tyr Pro Glu
 565 570 575
 Arg Trp Ser Pro Ala Gly Ile Gly Met Arg Leu Glu Val Leu Gly Cys
 580 585 590
 Asp Trp Thr Asp Ser Lys Pro Thr Val Glu Thr Leu Gly Pro Thr Val
 595 600 605
 15 Lys Ser Glu Glu Thr Thr Thr Pro Tyr Pro Met Asp Glu Asp Ala Thr
 610 615 620
 Glu Cys Gly Glu Asn Cys Ser Phe Glu Asp Asp Lys Asp Leu Gln Leu
 625 630 635 640
 20 Pro Ser Gly Phe Asn Cys Asn Phe Asp Phe Pro Glu Glu Thr Cys Gly
 645 650 655
 Trp Val Tyr Asp His Ala Lys Trp Leu Arg Ser Thr Trp Ile Ser Ser
 660 665 670
 Ala Asn Pro Asn Asp Arg Thr Phe Pro Asp Asp Lys Asn Phe Leu Lys
 675 680 685
 25 Leu Gln Ser Asp Gly Arg Arg Glu Gly Gln Tyr Gly Arg Leu Ile Ser
 690 695 700
 Pro Pro Val His Leu Pro Arg Ser Pro Val Cys Met Glu Phe Gln Tyr
 705 710 715 720
 30 Gln Ala Met Gly Gly His Gly Val Ala Leu Gln Val Val Arg Glu Ala
 725 730 735
 Ser Gln Glu Ser Lys Leu Leu Trp Val Ile Arg Glu Asp Gln Gly Ser
 740 745 750
 Glu Trp Lys His Gly Arg Ile Ile Leu Pro Ser Tyr Asp Met Glu Tyr
 755 760 765
 35 Gln Ile Val Phe Glu Gly Val Ile Gly Lys Gly Arg Ser Gly Glu Ile
 770 775 780
 Ser Ile Asp Asp Ile Arg Ile Ser Thr Asp Val Pro Leu Glu Asn Cys
 785 790 795 800
 40 Met Glu Pro Ile Ser Ala Phe Ala Gly Gly Thr Leu Pro Pro Gly Thr
 805 810 815
 Glu Pro Thr Val Asp Thr Val Pro Val Gln Pro Ile Pro Ala Tyr Trp
 820 825 830
 Tyr Tyr Val Met Ala Ala Gly Gly Ala Val Leu Val Leu Ala Ser Val
 835 840 845
 45 Val Leu Ala Leu Val Leu His Tyr His Arg Phe Arg Tyr Ala Ala Lys
 850 855 860
 Lys Thr Asp His Ser Ile Thr Tyr Lys Thr Ser His Tyr Thr Asn Gly
 865 870 875 880
 50 Ala Pro Leu Ala Val Glu Pro Thr Leu Thr Ile Lys Leu Glu Gln Glu
 885 890 895
 Arg Gly Ser His Cys
 900

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:23:

55

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

(A) LENGTH: 4780 base pairs

(B) TYPE: nucleic acid
(C) STRANDEDNESS: single
(D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: cDNA

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:23:

5 AAACCTGGAGC TCCACCGCGG TGGCGGCCGC CCGGGCAGGT CTAGAATTCA GCGGCCGCTG 60
AATTCTATCC AGCGGTCGGT GCCTCTGCCC GCGTGTGTGT CCCGGGTGCC GGGGGACCTG 120
TGTCAGTTAG CGCTTCTGAG ATCACACAGC TGCCTAGGGG CCGTGTGATG CCCAGGGCAA 180
TTCTTGGCTT TGATTTTAT TATTATTACT ATTATTTTGC GTTCAGCTTT CGGGAACCC 240
TCGTGATGTT GTAGGATAAA GGAAATGACA CTTTGAGGAA CTGGAGAGAA CATAACGCG 300
10 TTTGGGTTG AAGAGGAAAC CGGTCTCCGC TTCCTTAGCT TGCTCCCTCT TTGCTGATTT 360
CAAGAGCTAT CTCCTATGAG GTGGAGATAT TCCAGCAAGA ATAAAGGTGA AGACAGACTG 420
ACTGCCAGGA CCCAGGAGGA AAACGTTGAT CGTTAGAGAC CTTTGCAGAA GACACCACCA 480
GGAGGAAAT TAGAGAGGAA AAACACAAAG ACATAATTAT AGGAGATCCC ACAAACCTAG 540
CCCGGGAGAG AGCCTCTCTG TCAAAAATGG ATATGTTTCC TCTTACCTGG GTTTTCTTAG 600
15 CTCTGTACTT TTCAGGACAC GAAGTGAGAA GCCAGCAAGA TCCACCCTGC GGAGGTCGGC 660
CGAATTCCAA AGATGCTGSC TACATCACIT CCCCAGGCTA CCCCAGGAC TATCCCTCCC 720
ACCAGAAGTG TGAGTGGATT GTCTACGCCC CCGAACCCAA CCAGAAGATT GTTCTCAACT 780
TCAACCCTCA CTTTGAATC GAGAAACAG ACTGCAAGTA TGACTTCATT GAGATTCGGG 840
ATGGGGACAG TGAGTCAGCT GACCTCCTGG GCAAGCACTG TGGGAACATC GCCCCGCCCA 900
20 CCATCATCTC CTCAGGCTCC GTGTTATACA TCAAGTTCAC CTCAGACTAC GCCCCGCGAG 960
GGGCAGGTTT CTCTCTACGC TATGAGATCT TCAAACAGG CTCTGAAGAT TGTTCCAAGA 1020
ACTTTACAAG CCCCAATGGG ACCATTGAAT CTCAGGGT TCCAGAGAAG TATCCACACA 1080
ATCTGGACTG TACCTTCACC ATCTGGCCA AACCAGGAT GGAGATCATC CTACAGTTCC 1140
TGACCTTTGA CCTGGAGCAT GACCTCTAC AAGTGGGGA AGGAGACTGT AAATATGACT 1200
25 GGCTGGACAT CTGGGATGGC ATTCCACATG TTGGACCTCT GATTGGCAAG TACTGTGGGA 1260
CGAAAACACC CTCCAAATC CGCTCGTCCA CCGGGATCCT CTCCTTGACC TTTCACACGG 1320
ACATGGCAGT GGCCAAGGAT GGCTTCTCCG CACGTTACTA TTTGATCCAC CAGGAGCCAC 1380
CTGAGAATTG TCAGTGCAAT TCCCTTTGG GAATGGAGT TGGCCGGATT GCTAATGAAC 1440
AGATCAGTGC TCCTCCACC TTCTCTGAT GGAGGTGGAC TCCTCAACAG AGCCGGCTCC 1500
30 ATGGTGATGA CAATGGCTGG ACACCCAATT TGGATTCAA CAAGGAGTAT CTCCAGGTGG 1560
ACCTGCGCTT CCTAACCATG CTCACAGCCA TTGCAACACA GGGAGCCATT TCCAGGAAA 1620
CCCAGAAAGG CTACTACGTC AAATCGTACA AGCTGGAAGT CAGCACAAAT GGTGAAGATT 1680
GGATGGTCTA CCGGCATGGC AAAAACCACA AGATATTCCA AGCGAACAAT GATGCGACCG 1740
AGGTGGTGCT AAACAAGCTC CACATGCCAC TGCTGACTCG GTTCATCAGG ATCCGCCCGC 1800
35 AGACGTGGCA TTTGGGCATT GCCCTTCGCC TGGAGCTCTT TGGCTGCCGG GTACAGATG 1860
CACCTGCTC CAACATGCTG GGGATGCTCT CGGGCCTCAT TGCTGATACC CAGATCTCTG 1920
CCTCTCCAC CCGAGAGTAC CTCTGGAGCC CCAGTGCTGC CCGCTGGTT AGTAGCCGCT 1980
CTGGCTGGTT TCCTCGGAAC CCTCAAGCCC AGCCAGGTGA AGAATGGCTT CAGGTAGACC 2040
TGGGGACACC CAAGACAGTG AAAGGGGTCA TCATCCAGGG AGCCCAGGGA GGAGACAGCA 2100
40 TCACTGCCGT GGAAGCCAGG GCGTTTGTAC GCAAGTTCAA AGTCTCTAC AGCCTAAATG 2160
GCAAGGACTG GGAATATATC CAGGACCCCA GGACTCAGCA GACAAAGCTG TTTGAAGGGA 2220
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45 AGACTACCAC CCCATATCCC ATGGATGAGG ATGCCACCGA GTGTGGGGAA AACTGCAGCT 2460
TTGAGGATGA CAAAGATTG CAACTTCCTT CAGGATTCAA CTGCAACTTT GATTTTCCGG 2520
AAGAGACCTG TGGTTGGGTG TACGACCATG CCAAGTGGCT CCGGAGCAGG TGATCAGCA 2580
GCGCTAACCC CAATGACAGA ACATTTCCAG ATGACAAGAA CTTCTTGAAA CTGCAGAGTG 2640
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50 GCCCTGTGTG CATGGAGTTC CAGTACCAAG CCATGGGCGG CCACGGGGTG GCACTGCAGG 2760
TGGTTCCGGA AGCCAGCCAG GAAAGCAAAC TCCTTTGGGT CATCCGTGAG GACCAGGGCA 2820
GCGAGTGGAA GCACGGGCGC ATTATCCTGC CCAGCTATGA CATGGAGTAT CAGATCGTGT 2880
TCGAGGGAGT GATAGGGAAG GGACGATCGG GAGAGATTTC CATCGATGAC ATTCCGATAA 2940
GCACTGATGT CCCACTGGAG AACTGCATGG AACCCATATC AGCTTTTGCA GGTGAGGATT 3000
55 TTAAAGGGG CACCTCCCG CCAGGGACCG AGCCACAGT GGACACGGTG CCCGTGCAGC 3060
CCATCCCAGC CTACTGGTAT TACGTTATGG CGGCCGGGGG CGCCGTGCTG GTGCTGGCCT 3120

none
SR2(b)5

CCGTCGTCCT GGCCCTGGTG CTCCACTACC ACCGGTTCGG CTATGCGGCC AAGAAGACCG 3180
 ATCACTCCAT CACCTACAAA ACCTCCCACT ACACCAACGG GGCCCTCTG GCGGTGAGC 3240
 CCACCCTAAC CATTAAAGCTA GAGCAAGAGC GGGGCTCGCA CTGCTGAGGG CCGAAGCAGG 3300
 AACAGCGCCC CCCCCAAAAA AACCCAAGAA AGACTGCAAA CACGTGCGCT CGATTTTGCA 3360
 CTTTTTTTCT CCTCGCCTAG TCTCTGTGTG AACCCCTAGA CATCTCTCTC CAGGGTCCCC 3420
 5 AACCCCTGAGC GCTCTCATGT ACCCCACACC ATTCTCTGTG GTTCTTGTTT CCGGTTTCTC 3480
 TTTGCTCTGA TATTGTTTGT TTTTAAATCAT TATTTTTTTT CCTTTTCTTC TTTCTTTTAA 3540
 ATCTTCTCTC TTTTATTCCT TTCTCCCTC CCCGCCCCGC CTTTTTCTAA TGATTTTAAA 3600
 CCAACTCTAA TGCTGCATCT GGAATCCAG AAGAGACCCG CCCCTAAGCA CTTCAACAAC 3660
 CAAGGCTCTG TTGGTTTTGT TCCAGAGACA GGCCCTGTTG TTTTCTCCCC TTGCCTTATC 3720
 10 CCATCCCTCC TCTCCTGGGC AGGCTGCCAG GTGTCTTGAG GGGAGCCTGG TCCTGTATGT 3780
 ATGTACACAG TACACTCCCA TGTGAAGAGG TGTGTGTGTG TGTGTGTGTG TGTGTGTATT 3840
 TTCGAGGGAG AGACTGATTG ACTGTGGAAG GGGGGGAGTG TGGGTGTGTG TAGAGAGGGG 3900
 CCCCTTCCCT CTTATGTTGC TTCTTCTGGG GTACTTTTCA AGAAAATAAT ATACTGTACA 3960
 CATTTTGTTT ACTTGGAGAA GAGATGAGG CTTTTTGTG GCCTTATCTA GCTCTGGCTG 4020
 15 GGTTTCTGTT GGCTGTCATT GTCATCTCCA GGTACCTAGA CAAATAGAGA CCATTGGGAA 4080
 TGCAATGTGG CTTCAACCAT CCTTATCCCC ATCCCAAGCC ACCCAAGACT ATGGTTCCTC 4140
 CAGTGCACTC AGACATGACC CCTTTTGTGA TGTTCCTGG TGTCTTTGAA GTCACAAGAT 4200
 AACAGCCATT GGGTGCATGG AGTCATTTCT ACTTCCAGCC CTGAAGCAAA TGTGTCTCAT 4260
 GTTGCCTTAT AAAAAAACC GGAATTCCTG TAGTTGAAGA GTAAGATTTT GTACGGTACA 4320
 20 TTTTTAATGA CAGCTTGGAT ATTGGAATAC TCAACTTTTG TTGTAGCCAA TGAGAGGGAT 4380
 ATGCCACTAA TGGTATCTAA ATCATACAGT ACGTACTTTA GGATGGGGAC AAAAAATCACA 4440
 ACGATTTATT TATTTATTTA CTTAGTGTAT GTGAGTGAC TGTGTGTGTC TTCAGACACA 4500
 CCAGAAGATG ACTTCAGATC CGATTACATA TGGGTTGTGA GCCACCATGT GGTGCTGGG 4560
 ATTTGAACTC TGGACCTCTG GAAGAGCAGT CAGTGCTTGT AACTCTGAGC CATCTTTCTA 4620
 25 GCCCCCCCCC CCCCCCGCT ATCTTTTAGA AATGTAATTT GCCATACTTT GAGCAATGTT 4680
 CTTGATGTCA TTAGGATATT TCACAGATAA CTTCACTTAA GATAATTAGA GCAAAAAAAA 4740
 AAAAAA AAAA AAAA AAAA AAAA AAAA AAAA AAAA AAAA AAAA AAAA AAAA AAAA AAAA AAAA 4780

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:24:

30 (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
 (A) LENGTH: 906 amino acids
 (B) TYPE: amino acid
 (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
 (D) TOPOLOGY: linear
 35 (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: peptide
 (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:24:
 Met Asp Met Phe Pro Leu Thr Trp Val Phe Leu Ala Leu Tyr Phe Ser
 1 5 10 15
 Gly His Glu Val Arg Ser Gln Gln Asp Pro Pro Cys Gly Gly Arg Pro
 20 25 30
 40 Asn Ser Lys Asp Ala Gly Tyr Ile Thr Ser Pro Gly Tyr Pro Gln Asp
 35 40 45
 Tyr Pro Ser His Gln Asn Cys Glu Trp Ile Val Tyr Ala Pro Glu Pro
 50 55 60
 45 Asn Gln Lys Ile Val Leu Asn Phe Asn Pro His Phe Glu Ile Glu Lys
 65 70 75 80
 His Asp Cys Lys Tyr Asp Phe Ile Glu Ile Arg Asp Gly Asp Ser Glu
 85 90 95
 Ser Ala Asp Leu Leu Gly Lys His Cys Gly Asn Ile Ala Pro Pro Thr
 100 105 110
 50 Ile Ile Ser Ser Gly Ser Val Leu Tyr Ile Lys Phe Thr Ser Asp Tyr
 115 120 125
 Ala Arg Gln Gly Ala Gly Phe Ser Leu Arg Tyr Glu Ile Phe Lys Thr
 130 135 140
 55 Gly Ser Glu Asp Cys Ser Lys Asn Phe Thr Ser Pro Asn Gly Thr Ile
 145 150 155 160

	Glu	Ser	Pro	Gly	Phe	Pro	Glu	Lys	Tyr	Pro	His	Asn	Leu	Asp	Cys	Thr
					165					170					175	
	Phe	Thr	Ile	Leu	Ala	Lys	Pro	Arg	Met	Glu	Ile	Ile	Leu	Gln	Phe	Leu
				180					185					190		
5	Thr	Phe	Asp	Leu	Glu	His	Asp	Pro	Leu	Gln	Val	Gly	Glu	Gly	Asp	Cys
			195					200					205			
	Lys	Tyr	Asp	Trp	Leu	Asp	Ile	Trp	Asp	Gly	Ile	Pro	His	Val	Gly	Pro
		210					215					220				
	Leu	Ile	Gly	Lys	Tyr	Cys	Gly	Thr	Lys	Thr	Pro	Ser	Lys	Leu	Arg	Ser
	225					230					235				240	
10	Ser	Thr	Gly	Ile	Leu	Ser	Leu	Thr	Phe	His	Thr	Asp	Met	Ala	Val	Ala
				245						250				255		
	Lys	Asp	Gly	Phe	Ser	Ala	Arg	Tyr	Tyr	Leu	Ile	His	Gln	Glu	Pro	Pro
			260					265						270		
15	Glu	Asn	Phe	Gln	Cys	Asn	Val	Pro	Leu	Gly	Met	Glu	Ser	Gly	Arg	Ile
		275						280					285			
	Ala	Asn	Glu	Gln	Ile	Ser	Ala	Ser	Ser	Thr	Phe	Ser	Asp	Gly	Arg	Trp
		290					295					300				
	Thr	Pro	Gln	Gln	Ser	Arg	Leu	His	Gly	Asp	Asp	Asn	Gly	Trp	Thr	Pro
	305					310					315				320	
20	Asn	Leu	Asp	Ser	Asn	Lys	Glu	Tyr	Leu	Gln	Val	Asp	Leu	Arg	Phe	Leu
				325						330					335	
	Thr	Met	Leu	Thr	Ala	Ile	Ala	Thr	Gln	Gly	Ala	Ile	Ser	Arg	Glu	Thr
			340					345						350		
25	Gln	Lys	Gly	Tyr	Tyr	Val	Lys	Ser	Tyr	Lys	Leu	Glu	Val	Ser	Thr	Asn
		355					360					365				
	Gly	Glu	Asp	Trp	Met	Val	Tyr	Arg	His	Gly	Lys	Asn	His	Lys	Ile	Phe
		370					375					380				
	Gln	Ala	Asn	Asn	Asp	Ala	Thr	Glu	Val	Val	Leu	Asn	Lys	Leu	His	Met
	385					390					395				400	
30	Pro	Leu	Leu	Thr	Arg	Phe	Ile	Arg	Ile	Arg	Pro	Gln	Thr	Trp	His	Leu
				405						410					415	
	Gly	Ile	Ala	Leu	Arg	Leu	Glu	Leu	Phe	Gly	Cys	Arg	Val	Thr	Asp	Ala
			420						425					430		
	Pro	Cys	Ser	Asn	Met	Leu	Gly	Met	Leu	Ser	Gly	Leu	Ile	Ala	Asp	Thr
35			435					440					445			
	Gln	Ile	Ser	Ala	Ser	Ser	Thr	Arg	Glu	Tyr	Leu	Trp	Ser	Pro	Ser	Ala
		450					455					460				
	Ala	Arg	Leu	Val	Ser	Ser	Arg	Ser	Gly	Trp	Phe	Pro	Arg	Asn	Pro	Gln
	465					470				475					480	
40	Ala	Gln	Pro	Gly	Glu	Glu	Trp	Leu	Gln	Val	Asp	Leu	Gly	Thr	Pro	Lys
				485						490					495	
	Thr	Val	Lys	Gly	Val	Ile	Ile	Gln	Gly	Ala	Arg	Gly	Gly	Asp	Ser	Ile
			500						505					510		
45	Thr	Ala	Val	Glu	Ala	Arg	Ala	Phe	Val	Arg	Lys	Phe	Lys	Val	Ser	Tyr
		515						520					525			
	Ser	Leu	Asn	Gly	Lys	Asp	Trp	Glu	Tyr	Ile	Gln	Asp	Pro	Arg	Thr	Gln
		530					535					540				
	Gln	Thr	Lys	Leu	Phe	Glu	Gly	Asn	Met	His	Tyr	Asp	Thr	Pro	Asp	Ile
	545					550					555				560	
50	Arg	Arg	Phe	Asp	Pro	Val	Pro	Ala	Gln	Tyr	Val	Arg	Val	Tyr	Pro	Glu
				565						570					575	
	Arg	Trp	Ser	Pro	Ala	Gly	Ile	Gly	Met	Arg	Leu	Glu	Val	Leu	Gly	Cys
			580						585					590		
	Asp	Trp	Thr	Asp	Ser	Lys	Pro	Thr	Val	Glu	Thr	Leu	Gly	Pro	Thr	Val
55			595					600					605			
	Lys	Ser	Glu	Glu	Thr	Thr	Thr	Pro	Tyr	Pro	Met	Asp	Glu	Asp	Ala	Thr

610 615 620
 Glu Cys Gly Glu Asn Cys Ser Phe Glu Asp Asp Lys Asp Leu Gln Leu
 625 630 635 640
 Pro Ser Gly Phe Asn Cys Asn Phe Asp Phe Pro Glu Glu Thr Cys Gly
 645 650 655
 5 Trp Val Tyr Asp His Ala Lys Trp Leu Arg Ser Thr Trp Ile Ser Ser
 660 665 670
 Ala Asn Pro Asn Asp Arg Thr Phe Pro Asp Asp Lys Asn Phe Leu Lys
 675 680 685
 10 Leu Gln Ser Asp Gly Arg Arg Glu Gly Gln Tyr Gly Arg Leu Ile Ser
 690 695 700
 Pro Pro Val His Leu Pro Arg Ser Pro Val Cys Met Glu Phe Gln Tyr
 705 710 715 720
 Gln Ala Met Gly Gly His Gly Val Ala Leu Gln Val Val Arg Glu Ala
 725 730 735
 15 Ser Gln Glu Ser Lys Leu Leu Trp Val Ile Arg Glu Asp Gln Gly Ser
 740 745 750
 Glu Trp Lys His Gly Arg Ile Ile Leu Pro Ser Tyr Asp Met Glu Tyr
 755 760 765
 20 Gln Ile Val Phe Glu Gly Val Ile Gly Lys Gly Arg Ser Gly Glu Ile
 770 775 780
 Ser Ile Asp Asp Ile Arg Ile Ser Thr Asp Val Pro Leu Glu Asn Cys
 785 790 795 800
 Met Glu Pro Ile Ser Ala Phe Ala Gly Glu Asp Phe Lys Gly Gly Thr
 805 810 815
 25 Leu Pro Pro Gly Thr Glu Pro Thr Val Asp Thr Val Pro Val Gln Pro
 820 825 830
 Ile Pro Ala Tyr Trp Tyr Tyr Val Met Ala Ala Gly Gly Ala Val Leu
 835 840 845
 30 Val Leu Ala Ser Val Val Leu Ala Leu Val Leu His Tyr His Arg Phe
 850 855 860
 Arg Tyr Ala Ala Lys Lys Thr Asp His Ser Ile Thr Tyr Lys Thr Ser
 865 870 875 880
 His Tyr Thr Asn Gly Ala Pro Leu Ala Val Glu Pro Thr Leu Thr Ile
 885 890 895
 35 Lys Leu Glu Gln Glu Arg Gly Ser His Cys
 900 905

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:25:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- 40 (A) LENGTH: 195 base pairs
 (B) TYPE: nucleic acid
 (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
 (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: cDNA

45 (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:25:

TTCGAGGGGAG TGATAGGGAA AGGACGTTCC GGAGAGATTG CCATTGATGA CATTCCGATA 60
 AGCACTGATG TCCCACTGGA GAACTGCATG GAACCCATCT CGGCTTTTGC AGGGGGCACC 120
 CTCCTGCCAG GGACCGAGCC CACAGTGGAC ACGGTGCCCA TGCAGCCCAT CCCAGCCTAC 180
 TGGTATTACG TAATG 195

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:26:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- 55 (A) LENGTH: 65 amino acids
 (B) TYPE: amino acid
 (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
 (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: peptide

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:26:

5 Phe Glu Gly Val Ile Gly Lys Gly Arg Ser Gly Glu Ile Ala Ile Asp
1 5 10 15
Asp Ile Arg Ile Ser Thr Asp Val Pro Leu Glu Asn Cys Met Glu Pro
20 25 30
Ile Ser Ala Phe Ala Gly Gly Thr Leu Leu Pro Gly Thr Glu Pro Thr
35 40 45
10 Val Asp Thr Val Pro Met Gln Pro Ile Pro Ala Tyr Trp Tyr Tyr Val
50 55 60
Met
65

WHAT IS CLAIMED IS:

1. An isolated polypeptide comprising the amino acid sequence of SEQ ID NO:2, 4, 8, 10, 12, 14, 16, 18, 20, 22 or 24, or a deletion mutant thereof comprising at least an 8 residue domain thereof found in neither mouse, chick nor drosophila neuropilin-1 cDNA nor SEQ ID NO:26, wherein said polypeptide has an activity selected from at least one of:
5 a semaphorin binding or binding inhibitory activity, a neuron modulating or modulating inhibitory activity and a semaphorin receptor specific antigenicity or immunogenicity.
2. The isolated polypeptide of claim 1, comprising the amino acid sequence of SEQ ID NO:2, 18 or 20 or a deletion mutant thereof, wherein said domain comprises a human
10 specific SR sequence.
3. An isolated or recombinant first nucleic acid comprising a strand of SEQ ID NO:1, 3, 7, 9, 11, 13, 15, 17, 19, 21 or 23 or at least 24 consecutive bases of SEQ ID NO:1, 3, 7, 9, 11, 13, 15, 17, 19, 21 or 23 and sufficient to specifically hybridize with a
15 second nucleic acid comprising SEQ ID NO:1, 3, 7, 9, 11, 13, 15, 17, 19, 21 or 23, respectively, in the presence of mouse, chick and drosophila neuropilin-1 cDNA.
4. A recombinant nucleic acid encoding a polypeptide according to claim 1.
- 20 5. A cell comprising a nucleic acid according to claim 4.
6. An antibody which specifically binds a polypeptide according to claim 1.
7. A method of making an SR polypeptide said method comprising steps:
25 introducing a nucleic acid according to claim 4 into a host cell or cellular extract, incubating said host cell or extract under conditions whereby said nucleic acid is expressed as a transcript and said transcript is expressed as a translation product comprising said polypeptide, and isolating said translation product.
- 30 8. A method of modulating a cell comprising at least one of a SR polypeptide and a semaphorin, said method comprising the step of modulating the interaction of the SR

polypeptide and the semaphorin by contacting the cell with an effective amount of a composition comprising an inhibitor of the interaction, where by a characteristic of the cell is modulated, wherein said cell is a neuron, said characteristic is axon outgrowth and/or guidance and said inhibitor is a polypeptide according to claim 1.

- 5 9. A method of screening for an agent which modulates the interaction of a SR polypeptide to a binding target, said method comprising the steps of:
- incubating a mixture comprising:
- an isolated polypeptide according to claim 1,
- a binding target of said polypeptide, and
- 10 a candidate agent;
- under conditions whereby, but for the presence of said agent, said polypeptide specifically binds said binding target at a reference affinity;
- detecting the binding affinity of said polypeptide to said binding target to determine an agent-biased affinity,
- 15 wherein a difference between the agent-biased affinity and the reference affinity indicates that said agent modulates the binding of said polypeptide to said binding target.
10. A method according to claim 9, wherein said binding target is a semaphorin polypeptide.

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FIG. 1A2

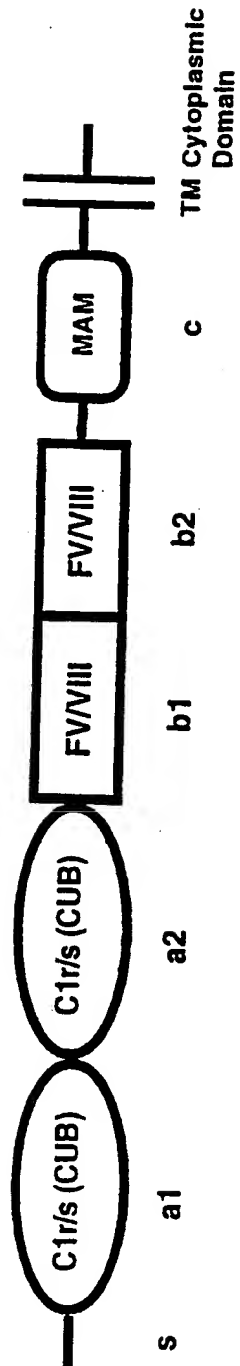


FIG. 1B

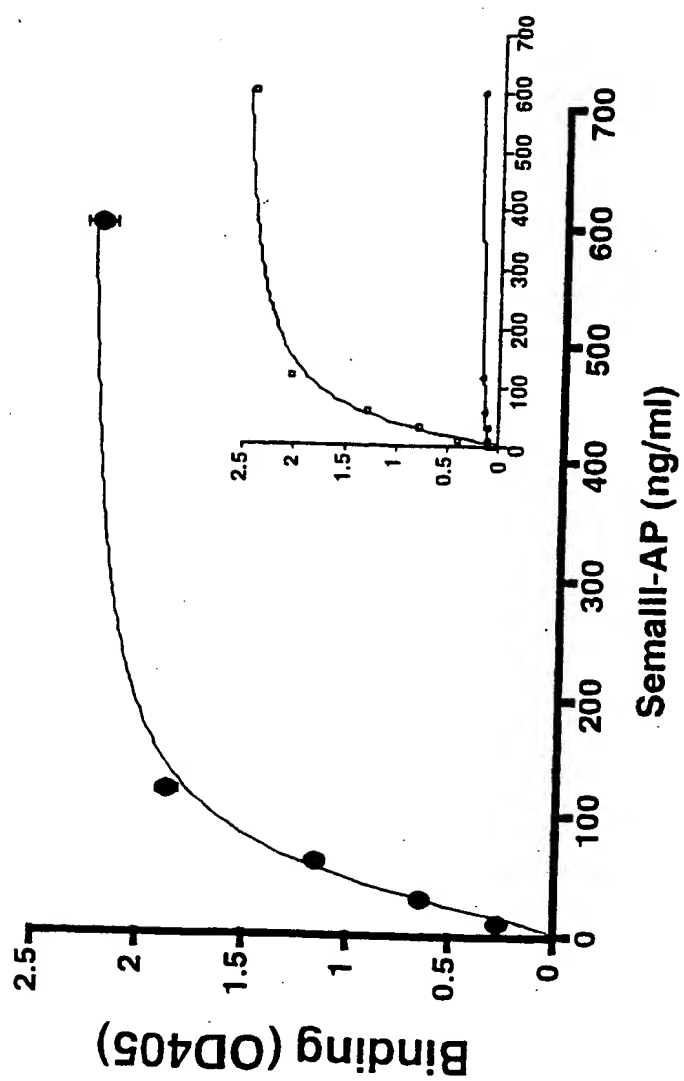


FIG. 2A

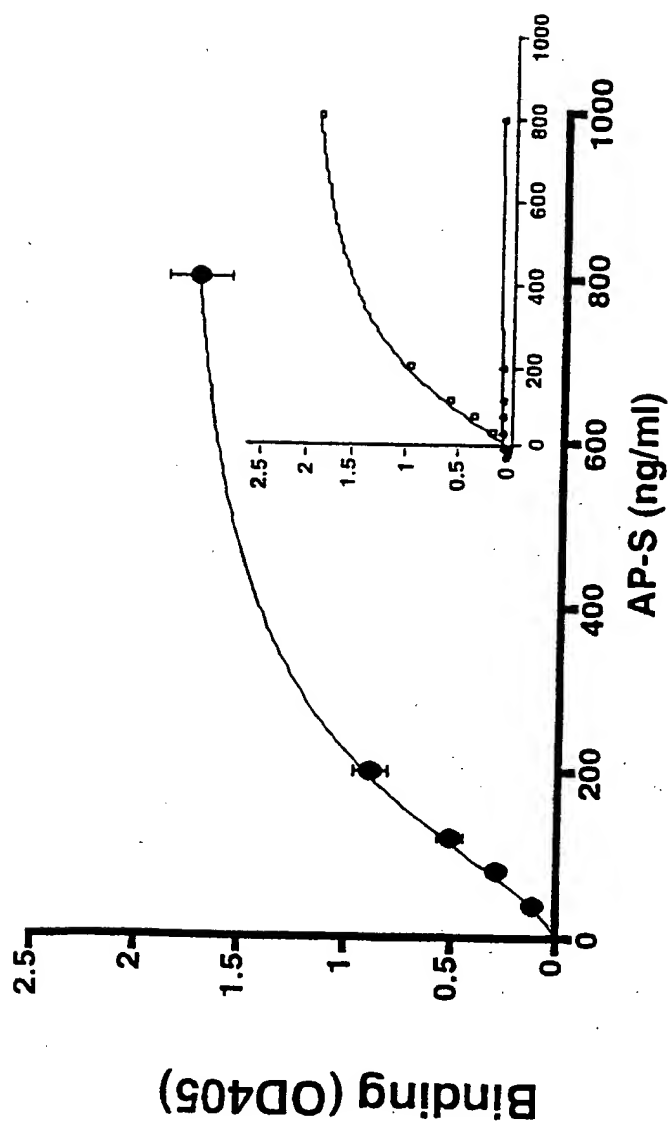


FIG. 2B

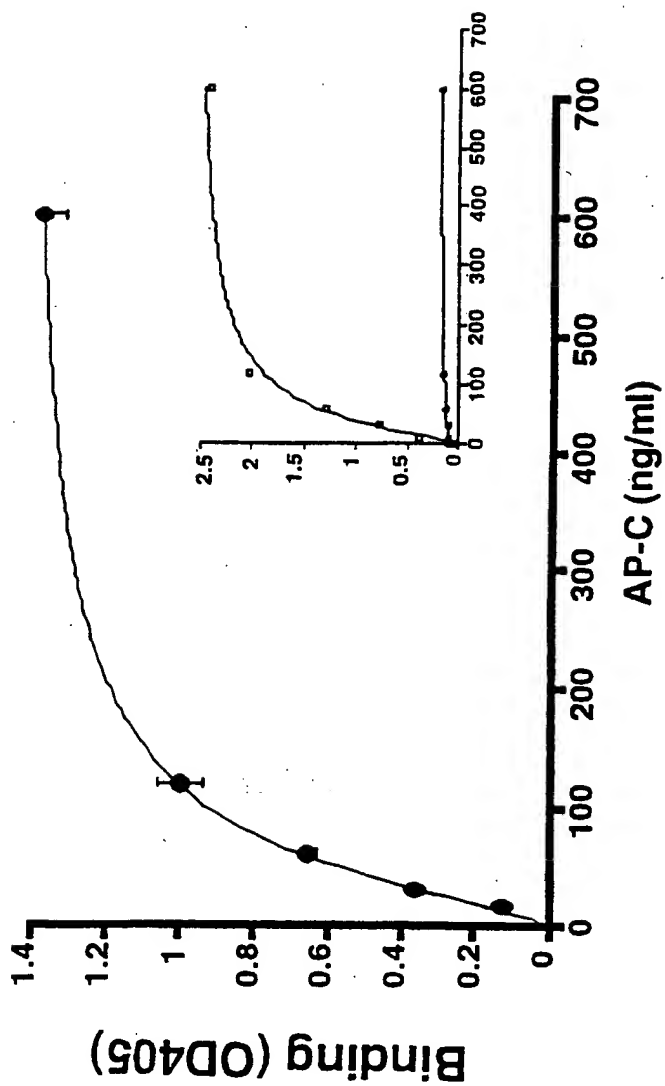


FIG. 2C

signal sequence		a1	
m-npn-1	1	HERGLPLLCATLALALAGAF	RSK--CGGTIKIEMPGYLTSPGYPHSYHPSEKCEWLIQAPEPYQRI
m-npn-2	1	HDM-FPLTWFLALYFS-CH	EVRSQDDPPCCGGRPHSKDAGYITSPGYPDYPSHQNCCEWIVYAPEPHQKI
h-npn-2	1	HDM-FPLTWFLALYFS-RH	WROQPPDPPCCGGRPHSKDAGYITSPGYPDYPSHQNCCEWIVYAPEPHQKI
a2			
m-npn-1	68	IINFNPHFDEDRDCKYDI	VEVIDGLEMGGRLMGKTCGKIAPSPVSSGPP/LIKFVSDYETHGAGFSIR
m-npn-2	69	VLNFPHFIEIEKHDCKYDF	IEIRGDSEADLLGKHCGNIAPTIISSGSVLYIKFTSDYARQGAGFSLR
h-npn-2	69	VLNFPHFIEIEKHDCKYDF	IEIRGDSEADLLGKHCGNIAPTIISSGSVLYIKFTSDYARQGAGFSLR
a2			
m-npn-1	138	YEIFKRGPE-CSQMTAPT	GVIKSPGFEKYPHCLCTYITAPKMSIILLEFESFDLEQDSNPPGGMFC
m-npn-2	139	YEIFKTGSEDCSKNFT	SPNGTIESPGFPEKYPHNLDCCTFTILAKPRNEIILQFLTFDLEHDPLOVGEADC
h-npn-2	139	YEIFKTGSEDCSKNFT	SPNGTIESPGFPEKYPHNLDCCTFTILAKPRNEIILQFLTFDLEHDPLOVGEADC
b1			
m-npn-1	207	RYDRLLIWDGFP	PEVGPPIGRYCGQKTPCQIRISSGVLGMVFTDSALAKLGFSAMYSVLQSSIS
m-npn-2	209	KYDWLDDIWDGIPHV	GPLIGKYCGTKTPSKLRSSSTGILSLTFHTDHAVALKDGFSARYYLT
h-npn-2	209	KYDWLDDIWDGIPHV	GPLIGKYCGTKTPSKLRSSSTGILSLTFHTDHAVALKDGFSARYYLT
b1			
m-npn-1	277	EALGHESGEIHSDQIT	ASSQYQTN-MSEVERSRLLMYPEHGWTPGEDSYKEMIQVDLGLLRFYTAVGTQGA
m-npn-2	279	VPLGHESGRIANEQ	ISASSTFSDGRWTPQQSRHLGDDNGWTPNLDNKEYLQVDLRLTLTAIATQGA
h-npn-2	279	VPLGHESGRIANEQ	ISASSTFSDGRWTPQQSRHLGDDNGWTPNLDNKEYLQVDLRLTLTAIATQGA
b2			
m-npn-1	346	SKETKKKYVVKTY	RVDISENGEDWISLKEGNKAIIFQOQNTMPTDVVLGVFSKPLITREFVRIKPVSMETGI
m-npn-2	349	SRETQKGYVVKSY	KLEVSTNGEDWVYRHGKHKKIFQANNDATEVVLNKLHMLLTREFIRIRPQTWHLGI
h-npn-2	349	SRETQKGYVVKSY	KLEVSTNGEDWVYRHGKHKKIFQANNDATEVVLNKLHMLLTREFVRIKPVSMETGI
b2			
m-npn-1	416	SMREFVYGCCKITD	YPCSQHNLGMLVSGLIBDSQITASMQADRNMMPENIRLVTSTRTGWALPPSPHPYTN
m-npn-2	419	ALRLELFGCRVTD	APCSNHLGMLSLIADTQISASSTRYELWSPSAARLVSSRSGW-FPRMPQAQPGEEW
h-npn-2	419	ALRLELFGCRVTD	APCSNHLGMLSLIADTQISASSTRYELWSPSAARLVSSRSGW-FPRMPQAQPGEEW

FIG. 3A